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The attached document has been made available to you in electronic form. You are reminded that documents or information transmitted via this medium may be altered or changed during the process of transmission and consequently none of GLL IHT Pte. Ltd., GuocoLand Limited, DBS Bank Ltd., Standard Chartered Bank, any other Dealer(s) or any person who controls any of them nor any of their respective directors, officers, employees, representatives or affiliates accepts any liability or responsibility whatsoever in respect of any discrepancies between the document distributed to you in electronic format and the hard copy version. **A hard copy version will be provided to you upon request.**

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Except with respect to eligible investors in jurisdictions where such offer is permitted by law, nothing in this electronic transmission constitutes an offer or an invitation by or on behalf of GLL IHT Pte. Ltd., GuocoLand Limited, DBS Bank Ltd., Standard Chartered Bank or any other Dealer(s) to subscribe for or purchase any of the securities described therein, and access has been limited so that it shall not constitute in the United States or elsewhere a general solicitation or general advertising (as those terms are used in Regulation D under the Securities Act) or directed selling efforts (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act).

The attached information memorandum or any materials relating to the offering do not constitute, and may not be used in connection with, an offer or solicitation in any place where offers or solicitations are not permitted by law. If a jurisdiction requires that the offering be made by a licensed broker or dealer and the dealers or any affiliate of the dealers is a licensed broker or dealer in that jurisdiction, the offering shall be deemed to be made by the dealers or such affiliate on behalf of GLL IHT Pte. Ltd. in such jurisdiction. The attached information memorandum may only be communicated to persons in the United Kingdom in circumstances where section 21(1) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 does not apply.

You are reminded that you have accessed the attached information memorandum on the basis that you are a person into whose possession this information memorandum may be lawfully delivered in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction in which you are located and you may not nor are you authorised to deliver this document, electronically or otherwise, to any other person. **If you have gained access to this transmission contrary to the foregoing restrictions, you will be unable to purchase any of the securities described therein.**

Actions that You May Not Take: If you receive this document by e-mail, you should not reply by e-mail to this document, and you may not purchase any securities by doing so. Any reply e-mail communications, including those you generate by using the “Reply” function on your e-mail software, will be ignored or rejected.

YOU ARE NOT AUTHORISED AND YOU MAY NOT FORWARD OR DELIVER THE ATTACHED INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, ELECTRONICALLY OR OTHERWISE, TO ANY OTHER PERSON OR REPRODUCE SUCH INFORMATION MEMORANDUM IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER. ANY FORWARDING, DISTRIBUTION OR REPRODUCTION OF THIS DOCUMENT AND THE ATTACHED INFORMATION MEMORANDUM IN WHOLE OR IN PART IS UNAUTHORISED. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS DIRECTIVE MAY RESULT IN A VIOLATION OF THE SECURITIES ACT OR THE APPLICABLE LAWS OF OTHER JURISDICTIONS.

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GLL IHT PTE. LTD.

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore on 24 February 1987)
(UEN/Company Registration No. 198700473D)

\$S\$3,000,000,000 **Multicurrency Medium Term Note Programme** **(the “Programme”)**

Unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by



GuocoLand Limited

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore on 31 March 1976)
(UEN/Company Registration No. 197600660W)

This Information Memorandum has not been and will not be registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this Information Memorandum and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of notes (the “Notes”) and perpetual securities (the “Perpetual Securities”) and, together with the Notes, the “Securities”) to be issued from time to time by GLL IHT Pte. Ltd. (the “Issuer”) pursuant to the Programme may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the Securities be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the “SFA”), (ii) to a relevant person pursuant to Section 275(1), or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275, of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where the Securities are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is:

- (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor,

securities (as defined in Section 239(1) of the SFA) of that corporation or the beneficiaries’ rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the Securities pursuant to an offer made under Section 275 of the SFA except:

- (1) to an institutional investor or to a relevant person defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA, or to any person arising from an offer referred to in Section 275(1A) or Section 276(4)(i)(B) of the SFA;
- (2) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer;
- (3) where the transfer is by operation of law;
- (4) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA; or
- (5) as specified in Regulation 32 of the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Shares and Debentures) Regulations 2005 of Singapore.

All sums payable in respect of the Securities are unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by GuocoLand Limited (the “Guarantor”).

Application has been made to the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the “SGX-ST”) for permission to deal in and the listing and quotation of any Securities which are agreed at the time of issue thereof to be so listed on the SGX-ST. Such permission will be granted when such Securities have been admitted to the Official List of the SGX-ST. The SGX-ST assumes no responsibility for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed or reports contained herein. Approval in principle from, admission to the Official List of and the listing and quotation of any Securities on the SGX-ST is not to be taken as an indication of the merits of the Issuer, the Guarantor, their respective subsidiaries (if any), their respective associated companies (if any), the Programme or such Securities.

Potential investors should pay attention to the risk factors and considerations set out in the section “Risk Factors”.

Arrangers



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NOTICE

DBS Bank Ltd. and Standard Chartered Bank (together, the **“Arrangers”**) have been appointed by GLL IHT Pte. Ltd. (the **“Issuer”**) to arrange the S\$3,000,000,000 Multicurrency Medium Term Note Programme (the **“Programme”**) described herein. Under the Programme, the Issuer may, subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, from time to time issue notes (the **“Notes”**) and perpetual securities (the **“Perpetual Securities”** and, together with the Notes, the **“Securities”**) denominated in Singapore Dollars (as defined herein) and/or any other currencies. The payment of all amounts payable in respect of the Securities will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by GuocoLand Limited (the **“Guarantor”**).

This Information Memorandum contains information with regard to the Issuer, the Guarantor, their respective subsidiaries (if any), the Securities and the Guarantee (as defined herein). Each of the Issuer and the Guarantor, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirms that this Information Memorandum contains all information with respect to the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Group, the Securities and the Guarantee which is material in the context of the Programme and the issue and offering of the Securities and the giving of the Guarantee, that the information contained herein is true and accurate in all material respects, that the opinions, expectations and intentions expressed in this Information Memorandum have been carefully considered, and that there are no other material facts the omission of which in the context of the Programme, the issue and offering of the Securities and the giving of the Guarantee would make any such information or expressions of opinion, expectation or intention misleading in any material respect. Where information not relating to the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or the Group (as defined herein) is extracted from published or otherwise publicly available sources, the sole responsibility of each of the Issuer and the Guarantor has been to ensure that such information has been accurately and correctly extracted from these sources.

Notes may be issued in series having one or more issue dates and the same maturity date, and on identical terms (including as to listing) except (in the case of Notes other than variable rate notes (as described under “Summary of the Programme”)) for the issue dates, issue prices and/or the dates of the first payment of interest, or (in the case of variable rate notes) for the issue prices and rates of interest. Each series may be issued in one or more tranches on the same or different issue dates. The Notes will be issued in bearer form or registered form and may be listed on a stock exchange. The Notes will initially be represented by either a Temporary Global Security (as defined herein) in bearer form or a Permanent Global Security (as defined herein) in bearer form or a registered Global Certificate (as defined herein) which will be deposited on the issue date with or registered in the name of, or in the name of a nominee of, either CDP (as defined herein) or a common depositary for Euroclear Bank SA/NV (**“Euroclear”**) and Clearstream Banking S.A. (**“Clearstream, Luxembourg”**) or otherwise as agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) (as defined herein). Subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, the Notes may have maturities of such tenor as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) and may be subject to redemption or purchase in whole or in part. The Notes may bear interest at a fixed, floating, variable or hybrid rate or may not bear interest or may be such other notes as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s). The Notes will be repayable at par, at a specified amount above or below par or at an amount determined by reference to a formula, in each case with terms as specified in the Pricing Supplement (as defined herein) issued in relation to each series or tranche of Notes. Details applicable to each series or tranche of Notes will be specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement which is to be read in conjunction with this Information Memorandum.

Perpetual Securities may be issued in series having one or more issue dates and on identical terms (including as to listing) except for the issue dates, issue prices and/or the dates of the first payment of distribution. Each series may be issued in one or more tranches on the same or different issue dates. The Perpetual Securities will be issued in bearer form or registered form and may be listed on a stock exchange. The Perpetual Securities will initially be represented by either a Temporary Global Security in bearer form or a Permanent Global Security in bearer form or a registered Global Certificate which will be deposited on the issue date with or registered in the name of, or in the name of a nominee of, either CDP or a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg or otherwise as agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s). Subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, the Perpetual Securities may be subject to redemption in whole or in part. The Perpetual Securities may confer a right to receive distributions at a fixed or floating rate. Details applicable to each series or tranche of Perpetual Securities will be specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement which is to be read in conjunction with this Information Memorandum.

The maximum aggregate principal amount of the Securities to be issued, when added to the aggregate principal amount of all Securities outstanding (as defined in the Trust Deed referred to below) shall be S\$3,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in any other currencies) or such increased amount in accordance with the terms of the Programme Agreement (as defined herein). On 15 September 2011, the maximum aggregate principal amount of all Notes which may be issued from time to time pursuant to the Programme and which remain outstanding was increased from S\$800,000,000 to S\$1,500,000,000. On 8 March 2013, the maximum aggregate principal amount of all Securities which may be issued from time to time pursuant to the Programme and which remain outstanding was increased from S\$1,500,000,000 to S\$3,000,000,000.

No person has been authorised by the Issuer, the Guarantor, either of the Arrangers, any of the Dealers, the Trustee or any other person to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this Information Memorandum in connection with the Programme and the issuer, offer or sale of the Securities, and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Guarantor, either of the Arrangers, any of the Dealers or the Trustee. The delivery or dissemination of this Information Memorandum at any time after the date of this Information Memorandum does not imply that the information contained in this Information Memorandum or any part of this Information Memorandum is correct at any time after such date. Save as expressly stated in this Information Memorandum, nothing contained herein is, or may be relied upon as, a promise or representation as to the future performance or policies of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries (if any) or associated companies (if any). Neither this Information Memorandum nor any other document or information (or any part thereof) delivered or supplied under or in relation to the Programme and the issue of the Securities may be used for the purpose of, or in connection with, and does not constitute an offer of, or solicitation or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Guarantor, either of the Arrangers or any of the Dealers to subscribe for or purchase, any of the Securities in any jurisdiction or under any circumstances in which such offer, solicitation or invitation is unlawful, or not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or invitation. The distribution and publication of this Information Memorandum or any such other document or information (or any part thereof) and the offer of the Securities in certain jurisdictions may be prohibited or restricted by law. Persons who distribute or publish this Information Memorandum (or any part thereof) or any such other document or information or into whose possession this Information Memorandum (or any part thereof) or any such other document or information comes are required to inform themselves about and to observe any such prohibitions, restrictions and all applicable laws, orders, rules and regulations.

The Securities and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act (as defined herein) or with any securities regulatory authority of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States, and the Notes may include Bearer Notes that are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. Subject to certain exceptions, the Securities may not be offered or sold or, in the case of Bearer Notes, delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act (**“Regulation S”**)).

The Securities are being offered and sold outside the United States to non-U.S. persons in reliance on Regulation S. For a description of these and certain further restrictions on offers, sales and transfers of the Notes and distribution of this Information Memorandum see the section “Subscription, Purchase and Distribution” below.

Neither this Information Memorandum nor any other document or information (or any part thereof) delivered or supplied under or in relation to the Programme shall be deemed to constitute an offer of, or an invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Guarantor, either of the Arrangers or any of the Dealers to subscribe for or purchase, any of the Securities.

This Information Memorandum and any other documents or materials in relation to the issue, offering or sale of the Securities have been prepared solely for the purpose of the initial sale by the relevant Dealers of the Securities from time to time to be issued pursuant to the Programme. This Information Memorandum and such other documents or materials are made available to the recipients thereof solely on the basis that they are persons falling within the ambit of Section 274 and/or Section 275 of the SFA and may not be relied upon by any person other than persons to whom the Securities are sold or with whom they are placed by the relevant Dealers as aforesaid or for any other purpose. Recipients of this Information Memorandum shall not reissue, circulate or distribute this Information Memorandum or any part thereof (including copies thereof) in any manner whatsoever.

Neither the issue nor delivery of this Information Memorandum (or any part thereof) nor the issue, offering, purchase, subscription for or sale of the Securities shall, under any circumstances, constitute a representation, or give rise to any implication, that there has been no change in the business, financial position, prospects, results of operations or general affairs of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries (if any) or associated companies (if any), the Group’s Performance (as defined herein) or in the information herein since the date hereof or the date on which this Information Memorandum has been most recently amended or supplemented. Nothing herein is or may be relied upon as, a promise or representation of the Issuer’s, the Guarantor’s and/or the Group’s future performance or policies.

None of the Arrangers, the Dealers or the Trustee has separately verified the information contained in this Information Memorandum. None of the Arrangers, the Dealers, the Trustee or any of their respective officers or employees is making any representation or warranty expressed or implied as to the merits of the Securities or the subscription for, purchase or acquisition thereof, the creditworthiness or financial condition or otherwise of the Issuer, the Guarantor or their respective subsidiaries (if any) or associated companies (if any). Further, none of the Arrangers or the Dealers makes any representation or warranty as to the Issuer, the Guarantor, their respective subsidiaries (if any) or associated companies (if any) or as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of the information set out herein (including the legal and regulatory requirements pertaining to Sections 274, 275 and 276 or any other provisions of the SFA) and in the documents which are incorporated by reference in, and form part of, this Information Memorandum.

Neither this Information Memorandum nor any other document or information (or any part thereof) delivered or supplied under or in relation to the Programme or the issue of the Securities is intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation and should not be considered as a recommendation by the Issuer, the Guarantor, either of the Arrangers, any of the Dealers or the Trustee that any recipient of this Information Memorandum or such other document or information (or such part thereof) should subscribe for or purchase any of the Securities. A prospective purchaser shall make its own assessment of the foregoing and other relevant matters including the financial condition and affairs and the creditworthiness of the Issuer, the Guarantor and their respective subsidiaries (if any) and associated companies (if any), and obtain its own independent legal or other advice thereon, and its investment shall be deemed to be based on its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs and its appraisal of the creditworthiness of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries (if any) or associated companies (if any). Accordingly, notwithstanding anything herein, none of the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Arrangers, the Dealers, the Trustee or any of their respective officers, employees or agents shall be held responsible for any loss or damage suffered or incurred by the recipients of this Information Memorandum or such other document or information (or such part thereof) as a result of or arising from anything expressly or implicitly contained in or referred to in this Information Memorandum or such other document or information (or such part thereof) and the same shall not constitute a ground for rescission of any purchase, subscription or acquisition of any of the Securities by a recipient of this Information Memorandum or such other document or information (or such part thereof).

To the fullest extent permitted by law, none of the Dealers, the Arrangers or the Trustee accepts any responsibility for the contents of this Information Memorandum or for any other statement, made or purported to be made by an Arranger or a Dealer or on its behalf in connection with the Issuer, the Guarantor, or the issue and offering of the Securities. Each Arranger and each Dealer accordingly disclaims all and any liability whether arising in tort or contract or otherwise (save as referred to above) which it might otherwise have in respect of this Information Memorandum or any such statement.

The following documents published or issued from time to time after the date hereof shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference in, and to form part of, this Information Memorandum: (1) any annual reports, audited consolidated accounts or publicly announced financial results of the Issuer, the Guarantor and their respective subsidiaries (if any) and associated companies (if any), (2) any supplement or amendment to this Information Memorandum issued by the Issuer and (3) any announcements made by the Guarantor on the SGX-ST. This Information Memorandum is to be read in conjunction with all such documents which are incorporated by reference herein and, with respect to any series or tranche of Securities, any Pricing Supplement in respect of such series or tranche. Any statement contained in this Information Memorandum or in a document deemed to be incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for the purpose of this Information Memorandum to the extent that a statement contained in this Information Memorandum or in such subsequent document that is also deemed to be incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such earlier statement (whether expressly, by implication or otherwise). Any statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this Information Memorandum. Copies of all documents deemed incorporated by reference herein are available for inspection during usual office hours at the specified office of the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent (as defined herein).

Any purchase, subscription or acquisition of the Securities is in all respects conditional on the satisfaction of certain conditions set out in the Programme Agreement and the issue of the Securities by the Issuer pursuant to the Programme Agreement. Any offer, invitation to offer or agreement made in connection with the purchase, subscription or acquisition of the Securities

or pursuant to this Information Memorandum shall (without any liability or responsibility on the part of the Issuer, the Guarantor, either of the Arrangers or any of the Dealers) lapse and cease to have any effect if (for any other reason whatsoever) the Securities are not issued by the Issuer pursuant to the Programme Agreement.

Any discrepancies in the tables included herein between the listed amounts and totals thereof are due to rounding.

The distribution of this Information Memorandum and the offering of the Securities in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this Information Memorandum comes are required by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Arrangers and the Dealers to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions. The attention of recipients of this Information Memorandum is drawn to the restrictions on resale of the Securities and the distribution of this Information Memorandum set out under “Subscription, Purchase and Distribution” on page 151 of this Information Memorandum.

Any person(s) who is invited to purchase or subscribe for the Securities or to whom this Information Memorandum is sent shall not make any offer or sale, directly or indirectly, of any Securities or distribute or cause to be distributed any document or other material in connection therewith in any country or jurisdiction except in such manner and in such circumstances as will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations.

It is recommended that persons proposing to subscribe for or purchase any of the Securities consult their own legal, financial, tax and other advisers before purchasing, subscribing or acquiring the Securities.

Prospective purchasers of the Securities are advised to consult their own tax advisers concerning the tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership or disposition of the Securities.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

All statements contained in this Information Memorandum that are not statements of historical fact constitute “forward-looking statements”. Some of these statements can be identified by forward-looking terms such as “expect”, “believe”, “plan”, “intend”, “estimate”, “anticipate”, “may”, “will”, “would”, and “could” or similar words. However, these words are not the exclusive means of identifying forward-looking statements. All statements regarding the expected financial position, business strategy, plans and prospects of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or the Group (including statements as to the Issuer’s, the Guarantor’s and/or the Group’s revenue, profitability, prospects, future plans and other matters discussed in this Information Memorandum regarding matters that are not historical facts and including the financial forecasts, profit projections, statements as to the expansion plans of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or the Group, expected growth in the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or the Group and other related matters), if any, are forward-looking statements and accordingly, are only predictions. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or the Group to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors are discussed in greater detail in this Information Memorandum, in particular, but not limited to, discussion under the section “Risk Factors”.

Given the risks and uncertainties that may cause the actual future results, performance or achievements of the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group to be materially different from the results, performance or achievements expected, expressed or implied by the financial forecasts, profit projections and forward-looking statements in this Information Memorandum, undue reliance must not be placed on those forecasts, projections and statements. The Issuer, the Guarantor, the Arrangers and the Dealers do not represent or warrant that the actual future results, performance or achievements of the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group will be as discussed in those statements.

Neither the delivery of this Information Memorandum nor the issue of any Securities by the Issuer shall under any circumstances constitute a continuing representation or create any suggestion or implication that there has been no change in the prospects, results of operations or affairs of the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Group or any statement of fact or information contained in this Information Memorandum since the date of this Information Memorandum or the date on which this Information Memorandum has been most recently amended or supplemented.

Further, the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Arrangers and the Dealers disclaim any responsibility, and undertake no obligation, to update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect any changes in the expectations with respect thereto after the date of this Information Memorandum or to reflect any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statements are based.

DEFINITIONS

The following definitions have, where appropriate, been used in this Information Memorandum:

- “Agency Agreement”** : The Agency Agreement dated 23 April 2008 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) Citicorp Investment Bank (Singapore) Limited, as issuing and paying agent and agent bank, and (4) the Trustee, as trustee, as amended and restated by an amendment and restatement agreement dated 15 September 2011 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, as issuing and paying agent and agent bank, and (4) the Trustee, as trustee, and a second amendment and restatement agreement dated 8 March 2013 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, as issuing and paying agent, agent bank, transfer agent and registrar, and (4) the Trustee, as trustee, and a third amendment and restatement agreement dated 28 September 2017 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, as CDP issuing and paying agent, CDP transfer agent and CDP registrar, (4) The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch, as non-CDP issuing and paying agent and calculation agent, (5) The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch, as non-CDP transfer agent and non-CDP registrar, and (6) the Trustee, as trustee, and as further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time.
- “Arrangers”** : DBS Bank Ltd. and Standard Chartered Bank.
- “Bearer Securities”** : Securities in bearer form.
- “business day”** : In respect of each Security, (i) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or the Depository, as applicable, are operating, (ii) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore and the country of the Issuing and Paying Agent’s specified office and (iii) (if a payment is to be made on that day) (1) (in the case of Securities denominated in Singapore Dollars) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore, (2) (in the case of Securities denominated in Euros) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore and on which the TARGET System is open

for settlement in Euros and (3) (in the case of Securities denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars and Euros) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore and the principal financial centre for that currency.

“Calculation Agent”	: The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch, or its successors in that capacity.
“CBD”	: Central Business District.
“CDP” or the “Depository”	: The Central Depository (Pte) Limited.
“CDP Issuing and Paying Agent”	: The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, or its successors in that capacity.
“CDP Registrar”	: The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, or its successors in that capacity.
“CDP Transfer Agent”	: The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, or its successors in that capacity.
“Certificate”	: A registered certificate representing one or more Registered Securities of the same Series, and, save as provided in the Conditions of the Notes or the Conditions of the Perpetual Securities, comprising the entire holding by a holder of Registered Securities of that Series.
“Common Depository”	: In relation to a Series of the Securities, a depository common to Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.
“Companies Act”	: The Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore, as amended or modified from time to time.
“Conditions”	: (a) In relation to the Notes of any Series, the terms and conditions applicable thereto, which shall be substantially in the form set out in Part III of Schedule 1 of the Trust Deed, as modified, with respect to any Notes represented by a Global Security or a Global Certificate, by the provisions of such Global Security or Global Certificate, shall incorporate any additional provisions forming part of such terms and conditions set out in the Pricing Supplement(s) relating to the Notes of such Series and shall be endorsed on the Definitive Securities or, as the case may be, Certificates, subject to amendment and completion as referred to in the first paragraph appearing after the heading “ <i>Terms and Conditions of the Notes</i> ” as set out in Part III of Schedule 1 of the Trust Deed, and any reference to a particularly numbered Condition of the Notes shall be construed accordingly; and

- (b) in relation to the Perpetual Securities of any Series, the terms and conditions applicable thereto, which shall be substantially in the form set out in Part III of Schedule 5 of the Trust Deed, as modified, with respect to any Perpetual Securities represented by a Global Security or a Global Certificate, by the provisions of such Global Security or Global Certificate, shall incorporate any additional provisions forming part of such terms and conditions set out in the Pricing Supplement(s) relating to the Perpetual Securities of such Series and shall be endorsed on the Definitive Securities or, as the case may be, Certificates, subject to amendment and completion as referred to in the first paragraph appearing after the heading “*Terms and Conditions of the Perpetual Securities*” as set out in Part III of Schedule 5 of the Trust Deed, and any reference to a particularly numbered Condition of the Perpetual Securities shall be construed accordingly.

“Couponholders”	: The holders of the Coupons.
“Coupons”	: The bearer coupons appertaining to an interest or distribution bearing Bearer Security.
“Dealers”	: Persons appointed as dealers under the Programme.
“Definitive Security”	: A definitive Bearer Security being substantially in the form set out in Part I of Schedule 1 or, as the case may be, Part I of Schedule 5 to the Trust Deed and having, where appropriate, Coupons and/or a Talon attached on issue.
“Directors”	: The directors (including alternate directors, if any) of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor as at the date of this Information Memorandum.
“Euro”	: The lawful currency of the member states of the European Union that adopt the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended from time to time.
“FY”	: Financial year ended or ending 30 June.
“GLC”	: GuocoLand (China) Limited.
“Global Certificate”	: A Certificate representing Registered Securities of one or more Tranches of the same Series that are registered in the name of or in the name of a nominee of (i) CDP, (ii) the Common Depositary and/or (iii) any other clearing system.

“Global Security”	: A Global Security representing Bearer Securities of one or more Tranches of the same Series, being a Temporary Global Security and/or, as the context may require, a Permanent Global Security, in each case without Coupons or a Talon.
“Group”	: The Guarantor and its subsidiaries.
“Guarantee”	: The guarantee and indemnity of the Guarantor contained in the Trust Deed and shall, where the context so requires, mean either the Senior Guarantee or the Subordinated Guarantee.
“Guarantor” or “GLL”	: GuocoLand Limited.
“Issuer”	: GLL IHT Pte. Ltd.
“Issuing and Paying Agent”	: The CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent or such other or further institutions as may from time to time be appointed by the Issuer and the Guarantor as issuing and paying agent for the Securities and the Coupons.
“IRAS”	: The Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore
“ITA”	: Income Tax Act, Chapter 134 of Singapore, as amended or modified from time to time.
“Latest Practicable Date”	: 14 September 2017.
“MAS”	: The Monetary Authority of Singapore.
“Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent”	: The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch, or its successors in that capacity.
“Non-CDP Registrar”	: The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch, or its successors in that capacity.
“Non-CDP Transfer Agent”	: The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch, or its successors in that capacity.
“MRT”	: Mass Rapid Transit.
“Noteholders”	: The holders of the Notes.
“Notes”	: The notes to be issued by the Issuer under the Programme.
“Paying Agents”	: The CDP Issuing and Paying Agent and the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, each other Issuing and Paying Agent and such further or other paying agent as may be appointed from time to time under the Agency Agreement.

“Permanent Global Security”	: A Global Security representing Bearer Securities of one or more Tranches of the same Series, either on issue or upon exchange of interests in a Temporary Global Security, being substantially in the form set out in Schedule 3 or, as the case may be, Schedule 7 of the Trust Deed.
“Perpetual Securities”	: The perpetual securities to be issued by the Issuer under the Programme.
“Perpetual Securityholders”	: The holders of the Perpetual Securities.
“PRC” or “China”	: The People’s Republic of China.
“Pricing Supplement”	: In relation to a Series or Tranche, a pricing supplement, to be read in conjunction with this Information Memorandum, specifying the relevant issue details in relation to such Series or, as the case may be, such Tranche.
“Programme Agreement”	: The Programme Agreement dated 23 April 2008 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor and (3) Citicorp Investment Bank (Singapore) Limited, as arranger and dealer, as amended and restated by an amendment and restatement agreement dated 15 September 2011 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) Standard Chartered Bank, as arranger, and (4) DBS Bank Ltd., Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited, Standard Chartered Bank and United Overseas Bank Limited, as programme dealers, a second amendment and restatement agreement dated 8 March 2013 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) DBS Bank Ltd. and Standard Chartered Bank, as arrangers, and (4) CIMB Bank Berhad, DBS Bank Ltd., HL Bank, The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited, Standard Chartered Bank and United Overseas Bank Limited, as programme dealers, and a third amendment and restatement agreement dated 28 September 2017 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) DBS Bank Ltd. and Standard Chartered Bank, as arrangers, and (4) CIMB Bank Berhad, DBS Bank Ltd., HL Bank, The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited, Standard Chartered Bank and United Overseas Bank Limited, as programme dealers, and as further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time.
“RMB”	: Chinese Renminbi.
“Securities”	: The Notes and the Perpetual Securities.

“Securities Act”	: Securities Act of 1933 of the United States, as amended.
“Securityholders”	: The Noteholders and the Perpetual Securityholders.
“Senior Guarantee”	: The Guarantee by the Guarantor of the Notes, the Senior Perpetual Securities and the Coupons relating thereto on a senior basis.
“Senior Perpetual Securities”	: Perpetual Securities which are expressed to rank as senior obligations of the Issuer pursuant to Condition 3(a) of the Perpetual Securities.
“Series”	: (1) (In relation to Securities other than variable rate notes) a Tranche, together with any further Tranche or Tranches, which are (a) expressed to be consolidated and forming a single series and (b) identical in all respects (including as to listing) except for their respective issue dates, issue prices and/or dates of the first payment of interest, and (2) (in relation to variable rate notes) Notes which are identical in all respects (including as to listing) except for their respective issue prices and rates of interest.
“SFA”	: Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore, as amended or modified from time to time.
“SGX-ST”	: Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.
“Subordinated Guarantee”	: The Guarantee by the Guarantor of the Subordinated Perpetual Securities and the Coupons relating thereto on a subordinated basis.
“Subordinated Perpetual Securities”	: Perpetual Securities which are expressed to rank as subordinated obligations of the Issuer pursuant to Condition 3(b) of the Perpetual Securities.
“S\$”, “Singapore Dollars” or “\$” and “cents”	: Singapore dollars and cents respectively.
“Talons”	: Talons for further Coupons or, as the context may require, a specific number of them and includes any replacement Talons issued pursuant to the Conditions.
“TARGET System”	: The Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (known as TARGET 2) System which was launched on 19 November 2007 or any successor thereto.
“Temporary Global Security”	: A Global Security representing Bearer Securities of one or more Tranches of the same Series on issue, being substantially in the form set out in Schedule 2 or, as the case may be, Schedule 6 of the Trust Deed.
“Tranche”	: Securities which are identical in all respects (including as to listing).

“Trust Deed”	: The Trust Deed dated 23 April 2008 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, and (3) the Trustee, as trustee, as amended and restated by an amendment and restatement deed dated 15 September 2011, a second amendment and restatement deed dated 8 March 2013, in each case made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, and (3) the Trustee, as trustee, and a third amendment and restatement deed dated 28 September 2017, in each case made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, and (3) the Trustee, as trustee, and as further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time.
“Trustee”	: HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited.
“United States” or “U.S.”	: The United States of America, its territories and possessions, any state of the United States and the District of Columbia.
“US\$” or “US Dollars”	: United States dollars.

Words importing the singular shall, where applicable, include the plural and *vice versa*, and words importing the masculine gender shall, where applicable, include the feminine and neuter genders. References to persons shall, where applicable, include corporations. Any reference to a time of day in this Information Memorandum shall be a reference to Singapore time unless otherwise stated. Any reference in this Information Memorandum to any enactment is a reference to that enactment as for the time being amended or re-enacted. Any word defined under the Companies Act or the SFA or any statutory modification thereof and used in this Information Memorandum shall, where applicable, have the meaning ascribed to it under the Companies Act or, as the case may be, the SFA.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors of the Issuer	: Choong Yee How Lai Tak Loi Elizabeth Koe-Oo Kian Fei
Company Secretaries of the Issuer	: Mary Goh Swon Ping Chan Ming Wai
Registered Office of the Issuer	: 1 Wallich Street #31-01 Guoco Tower Singapore 078881
Auditors to the Issuer	: KPMG LLP 16 Raffles Quay #22-00 Hong Leong Building Singapore 048581
Board of Directors of the Guarantor	: Lee Kim Poo, Chairman Choong Yee How, Group President & Chief Executive Officer Quek Leng Chan Kwek Leng Hai Timothy Teo Lai Wah Francis Siu Wai Keung Abdullah Bin Tarmugi Lim Suat Jien Jennie Chua Kheng Yeng Tang Hong Cheong
Company Secretary of the Guarantor	: Mary Goh Swon Ping
Registered Office of the Guarantor	: 1 Wallich Street #31-01 Guoco Tower Singapore 078881
Auditors to the Guarantor	: KPMG LLP 16 Raffles Quay #22-00 Hong Leong Building Singapore 048581
Arrangers of the Programme	: DBS Bank Ltd. 12 Marina Boulevard, Level 42 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 3 Singapore 018982 Standard Chartered Bank 8 Marina Boulevard, Level 20 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1 Singapore 018981

Legal Advisers to the Arrangers, the Trustee, the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Calculation Agent, the CDP Registrar, the Non-CDP Registrar, the CDP Transfer Agent and the Non-CDP Transfer Agent	: Allen & Gledhill LLP One Marina Boulevard #28-00 Singapore 018989
Legal Advisers to the Issuer and the Guarantor	: Rajah & Tann Singapore LLP 9 Battery Road #25-01 Singapore 049910
CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, CDP Registrar and CDP Transfer Agent	: The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch One Temasek Avenue #02-01 Millenia Tower Singapore 039192
Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent and Calculation Agent	: The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch One Canada Square London E14 5AL United Kingdom
Non-CDP Registrar and Non-CDP Transfer Agent	: The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch Vertigo Building-Polaris 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert L-2453 Luxembourg
Trustee for the Securityholders	: HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited 21 Collyer Quay #03-01 HSBC Main Building Singapore 049320

SUMMARY OF THE PROGRAMME

The following summary is derived from, and should be read in conjunction with, the full text of this Information Memorandum (and any relevant supplement to this Information Memorandum), the Programme Agreement, the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Issuer	: GLL IHT Pte. Ltd.
Guarantor	: GuocoLand Limited.
Arrangers	: DBS Bank Ltd. and Standard Chartered Bank.
Dealers	: CIMB Bank Berhad, DBS Bank Ltd., HL Bank, The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited, Standard Chartered Bank and United Overseas Bank Limited and/or such other Dealers as may be appointed by the Issuer in accordance with the Programme Agreement.
CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, CDP Transfer Agent and CDP Registrar	: The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch.
Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent and Calculation Agent	: The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch.
Non-CDP Transfer Agent and Non-CDP Registrar	: The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch.
Trustee	: HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited.
Description	: Multicurrency Medium Term Note Programme.
Programme Size	: The maximum aggregate principal amount of the Securities outstanding at any time shall be S\$3,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies) or such increased amount in accordance with the Programme Agreement.

NOTES

Currency	: Subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, Notes may be issued in Singapore Dollars or any other currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s).
Method of Issue	: Notes may be issued from time to time under the Programme on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis. Each Series may be issued in one or more Tranches, on the same or different issue dates. The specific terms of each Series or Tranche will be specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.
Issue Price	: Notes may be issued at par or at discount, or at premium, to par.

Maturities	: Subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, Notes may have maturities of such tenor as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer.
Mandatory Redemption	: Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled, each Note will be redeemed at its redemption amount on the maturity date shown on its face.
Interest Basis	: Notes may bear interest at fixed, floating, variable or hybrid rates or may not bear interest.
Fixed Rate Notes	: Fixed Rate Notes will bear a fixed rate of interest which will be payable in arrear on specified dates and at maturity.
Floating Rate Notes	<p>: Floating Rate Notes which are denominated in Singapore Dollars will bear interest to be determined separately for each Series by reference to S\$ SIBOR or S\$ SWAP RATE (or in any other case such other benchmark as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s)), as adjusted for any applicable margin. Interest periods in relation to the Floating Rate Notes will be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) prior to their issue.</p> <p>Floating Rate Notes which are denominated in other currencies will bear interest to be determined separately for each Series by reference to such other benchmark as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s).</p>
Variable Rate Notes	: Variable Rate Notes will bear interest at a variable rate determined in accordance with the Conditions of the Notes. Interest periods in relation to the Variable Rate Notes will be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) prior to their issue.
Hybrid Notes	: Hybrid Notes will bear interest, during the fixed rate period to be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s), at a fixed rate of interest which will be payable in arrear on specified dates and, during the floating rate period to be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s), at the rate of interest to be determined by reference to S\$ SIBOR or S\$ SWAP RATE (or such other benchmark as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s)), as adjusted for any applicable margin (provided that if the Hybrid Notes are denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars, such Hybrid Notes will bear interest to be determined separately by reference to such benchmark as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s)), in each case payable at the end of each interest period to be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s).

Zero Coupon Notes	: Zero Coupon Notes may be issued at their nominal amount or at a discount to it and will not bear interest other than in the case of late payment.
Form and Denomination of Notes	: The Notes will be issued in bearer form or registered form and in such denominations as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s). Each Tranche or Series of bearer Notes may initially be represented by a Temporary Global Security or a Permanent Global Security. Each Temporary Global Security may be deposited on the relevant issue date with CDP, the Common Depositary and/or any other agreed clearing system and will be exchangeable, upon request as described therein, either for a Permanent Global Security or definitive Notes (as indicated in the applicable Pricing Supplement). Each Permanent Global Security may be exchanged, unless otherwise specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, upon request as described therein, in whole (but not in part) for definitive Notes upon the terms therein. Each Tranche or Series of registered Notes will initially be represented by a Global Certificate. Each Global Certificate may be registered in the name of, or in the name of a nominee of CDP, the Common Depositary and/or any other agreed clearing system. Each Global Certificate may be exchanged upon request as described therein, in whole (but not in part) for Certificates upon the terms therein. A Certificate shall be issued in respect of each Noteholder's entire holding of registered Notes of one Series.
Custody of the Notes	: Notes which are to be listed on the SGX-ST may be cleared through CDP. Notes which are to be cleared through CDP are required to be kept with CDP as authorised depository. Notes which are cleared through Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg are required to be kept with the Common Depositary on behalf of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.
Status of the Notes and the Guarantee	: The Notes and Coupons of all Series will constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank <i>pari passu</i> , without any preference or priority among themselves, and <i>pari passu</i> with all other present and future unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Issuer. The payment obligations of the Guarantor under the Senior Guarantee and the Trust Deed constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and shall rank <i>pari passu</i> with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Guarantor.

Redemption and Purchase	: If so provided on the face of the Note and the relevant Pricing Supplement, Notes may be redeemed (either in whole or in part) prior to their stated maturity at the option of the Issuer and/or the holders of the Notes. Further, if so provided on the face of the Note and the relevant Pricing Supplement, Notes may be purchased by the Issuer (either in whole or in part) prior to their stated maturity at the option of the Issuer and/or the holders of the Notes.
Negative Pledge	: Each of the Issuer and the Guarantor has covenanted with the Trustee in the Trust Deed that so long as any of the Notes remains outstanding, it will not without the consent of the Trustee (such consent not to be unreasonably delayed or withheld), create or permit to subsist any Encumbrance (as defined in the Trust Deed) over the whole or any part of the undertakings, assets, property or revenues owned by each of them respectively, present or future, where such Encumbrance is given, or is intended to be given, to secure the indebtedness in respect of any freely transferable securities issued by, or guaranteed by, the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries unless such Encumbrance is forthwith extended equally and rateably to the indebtedness of the Issuer in respect of the Notes; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit or restrict the Issuer or the Guarantor from creating or permitting to subsist any Encumbrance securing such indebtedness existing on any undertaking, asset, property or revenue at the time it is acquired by the Issuer or the Guarantor after 23 April 2008 provided that (i) such Encumbrance shall not have been created in contemplation of or in connection with such acquisition and (ii) the principal amount or maturity of such indebtedness is not increased.
Financial Covenants	: The Guarantor has covenanted with the Trustee in the Trust Deed that so long as any of the Notes remains outstanding, it will ensure that the ratio of its Consolidated Net Borrowings (as defined in the Trust Deed) to its Consolidated Shareholders' Funds (as defined in the Trust Deed) will not at any time be more than 3:1.
Events of Default	: See Condition 10 of the Notes.

- Taxation** : All payments in respect of the Notes and the Coupons by or on behalf of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall be made free and clear of, and without deduction or withholding for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or within Singapore or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In such event, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall pay such additional amounts as will result in the receipt by the Noteholders and the Couponholders of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such deduction or withholding been required, save for certain exceptions. For further details, see the section “Taxation” herein.
- Listing** : Each Series of the Notes may, if so agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s), be listed on the SGX-ST or any stock exchange(s) as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s), subject to all necessary approvals having been obtained.
- If the application to the SGX-ST to list a particular Series of Notes is approved, for so long as such Notes are listed on the SGX-ST and the rules of the SGX-ST so require, such Notes will be traded on the SGX-ST in a minimum board lot size of at least S\$200,000 (or its equivalent in foreign currencies).
- Selling Restrictions** : For a description of certain restrictions on offers, sales and deliveries of Notes and the distribution of offering material relating to the Notes, see the section “Subscription, Purchase and Distribution” herein. Further restrictions may apply in connection with any particular Series or Tranche of Notes.
- Governing Law** : The Programme, the Guarantee and any Notes issued under the Programme will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of Singapore.

PERPETUAL SECURITIES

- Currency** : Subject to compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives, Perpetual Securities may be issued in Singapore Dollars or any other currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s).
- Method of Issue** : Perpetual Securities may be issued from time to time under the Programme on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis. Each Series may be issued in one or more Tranches, on the same or different issue dates. The specific terms of each Series or Tranche will be specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Issue Price	:	Perpetual Securities may be issued at par or at discount, or at premium, to par.
No Fixed Maturity	:	The Perpetual Securities are perpetual securities in respect of which there is no fixed redemption date and the Issuer shall only have the right to redeem or purchase them in accordance with the provisions of the Conditions of the Perpetual Securities.
Distribution Basis	:	Perpetual Securities may confer a right to receive distribution at fixed or floating rates.
Fixed Rate Perpetual Securities	:	Fixed Rate Perpetual Securities will confer a right to receive distribution at a fixed rate of distribution which will be payable in arrear on specified dates. If so provided on the face of the Fixed Rate Perpetual Securities, the distribution rate may be reset on such dates and bases as may be specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement.
Floating Rate Perpetual Securities	:	Floating Rate Perpetual Securities which are denominated in Singapore Dollars will confer a right to receive distribution at a rate to be determined separately for each Series by reference to S\$ SIBOR or S\$ SWAP RATE (or in any other case such other benchmark as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s)), as adjusted for any applicable margin. Distribution periods in relation to the Floating Rate Perpetual Securities will be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) prior to their issue. Floating Rate Perpetual Securities which are denominated in other currencies will confer a right to receive distribution at a rate to be determined separately for each Series by reference to such other benchmark as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s).
Distribution Discretion	:	If so provided on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Issuer may, at its sole discretion, elect not to pay a distribution (or to pay only part of a distribution) which is scheduled to be paid on a Distribution Payment Date by giving notice (an “ Optional Payment Notice ”) to the Trustee, the Issuing and Paying Agent and the Perpetual Securityholders (in accordance with Condition 14 of the Perpetual Securities) not more than 15 nor less than five business days (as defined in the Conditions of the Perpetual Securities) (or such other notice period as may be specified on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement) prior to a scheduled Distribution Payment Date.

If Dividend Pusher is set out on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Issuer may not elect to defer any distribution if during the Reference Period (as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement) ending on the day before that scheduled Distribution Payment Date, either or both of the following have occurred:

- (a) a discretionary dividend, distribution or other payment has been declared or paid on or in respect of any of the Issuer's Junior Obligations (as defined in the Conditions of the Perpetual Securities) or any of the Guarantor's Junior Obligations or, in relation to Subordinated Perpetual Securities only, (except on a *pro-rata* basis) any of the Issuer's Parity Obligations (as defined in the Conditions of the Perpetual Securities) or any of the Guarantor's Parity Obligations; or
- (b) any of the Issuer's Junior Obligations or any of the Guarantor's Junior Obligations has been redeemed, reduced, cancelled, bought back or acquired for any consideration or, in relation to Subordinated Perpetual Securities only, (except on a *pro-rata* basis) any of the Issuer's Parity Obligations or any of the Guarantor's Parity Obligations has been redeemed, reduced, cancelled, bought back or acquired for any consideration,

in each case, other than (A) in connection with any employee share option scheme, employee benefit plan or other similar arrangement with or for the benefit of the employees, officers, directors or consultants of the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries, (B) as a result of the exchange or conversion of Parity Obligations of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor for Junior Obligations of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor or (C) as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement (a **"Compulsory Distribution Payment Event"**). For the avoidance of doubt, a Compulsory Distribution Payment Event does not include (I) a declaration or payment of any dividends or distributions by any subsidiary of the Issuer or the Guarantor on or in respect of the shares of such subsidiary and (II) a payment made by the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries on any instruments or guarantees issued by it in respect of any inter-company loans or any banking or other facilities or any other obligations which, in each case, does not rank and is not expressed to rank (by its terms or by operation of law) junior to the Perpetual Securities.

Non-Cumulative and Optional Distribution	: If Non-Cumulative Deferral is provided on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, any distribution deferred pursuant to Condition 4(IV) of the Perpetual Securities is non-cumulative and will not accrue distribution. The Issuer may, at its sole discretion, and at any time, elect to pay an amount up to the amount of distribution which is unpaid (“ Optional Distribution ”) (in whole or in part) by complying with the notice requirements in Condition 4(IV)(e) of the Perpetual Securities. There is no limit on the number of times or the extent of the amount with respect to which the Issuer can elect not to pay distributions pursuant to Condition 4(IV) of the Perpetual Securities.
Cumulative Distribution	<p>: If Cumulative Deferral is provided on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, any distribution deferred pursuant to Condition 4(IV) of the Perpetual Securities shall constitute “Arrears of Distribution”. The Issuer may, at its sole discretion, elect to (in the circumstances set out in Condition 4(IV)(a) of the Perpetual Securities) further defer any Arrears of Distribution by complying with the notice requirement in Condition 4(IV)(e) of the Perpetual Securities applicable to any deferral of an accrued distribution. The Issuer is not subject to any limit as to the number of times distributions and Arrears of Distribution can or shall be deferred pursuant to Condition 4(IV) of the Perpetual Securities except that Condition 4(IV)(c) of the Perpetual Securities shall be complied with until all outstanding Arrears of Distribution have been paid in full.</p> <p>If Additional Distribution is provided on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, each amount of Arrears of Distribution shall bear interest as if it constituted the principal of the Perpetual Securities at the Distribution Rate or Rate of Distribution (as the case may be) and the amount of such interest (the “Additional Distribution Amount”) with respect to Arrears of Distribution shall be due and payable pursuant to Condition 4 of the Perpetual Securities and shall be calculated by applying the applicable Distribution Rate or Rate of Distribution (as the case may be) to the amount of the Arrears of Distribution and otherwise <i>mutatis mutandis</i> as provided in the provisions of Condition 4 of the Perpetual Securities. The Additional Distribution Amount accrued up to any Distribution Payment Date shall be added, for the purpose of calculating the Additional Distribution Amount accruing thereafter, to the amount of Arrears of Distribution remaining unpaid on such Distribution Payment Date so that it will itself become Arrears of Distribution.</p>

Restrictions in the case of
Non-Payment

: If Dividend Stopper is provided on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, and on any Distribution Payment Date, payments of all distribution scheduled to be made on such date are not made in full by reason of Condition 4(IV) of the Perpetual Securities, the Issuer and the Guarantor shall not:

- (a) declare or pay any dividends or distributions or make any other payment on, and will procure that no dividend, distribution or other payment is made on, any of the Issuer's or the Guarantor's Junior Obligations or, in relation to Subordinated Perpetual Securities only, (except on a *pro rata* basis) any of the Issuer's or the Guarantor's Parity Obligations; or
- (b) redeem, reduce, cancel, buy-back or acquire for any consideration, and will procure that no redemption, reduction, cancellation, buy-back or acquisition is made in respect of, any of the Issuer's or the Guarantor's Junior Obligations or, in relation to Subordinated Perpetual Securities only, (except on a *pro rata* basis) any of the Issuer's or the Guarantor's Parity Obligations,

in each case, other than (A) in connection with any employee share option scheme, employee benefit plan or other similar arrangement with or for the benefit of the employees, officers, directors or consultants of the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries, (B) as a result of the exchange or conversion of Parity Obligations of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor for Junior Obligations of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor and (C) as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, unless and until (I) (if Cumulative Deferral is specified as being applicable in the applicable Pricing Supplement) the Issuer has satisfied in full all outstanding Arrears of Distribution, (II) (if Non-Cumulative Deferral is specified as being applicable in the applicable Pricing Supplement) the next scheduled distribution has been paid in full or an Optional Distribution equal to the amount of a distribution payable with respect to the most recent Distribution Payment Date that was unpaid in full or in part, has been paid in full or (III) the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor is permitted to do so by an Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Trust Deed) of the Perpetual Securityholders.

Form and Denomination of Perpetual Securities	: The Perpetual Securities will be issued in bearer form or registered form and in such denominations as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s). Each Tranche or Series of bearer Perpetual Securities may initially be represented by a Temporary Global Security or a Permanent Global Security. Each Temporary Global Security may be deposited on the relevant issue date with CDP, the Common Depositary and/or any other agreed clearing system and will be exchangeable, upon request as described therein, either for a Permanent Global Security or definitive Perpetual Securities (as indicated in the applicable Pricing Supplement). Each Permanent Global Security may be exchanged, unless otherwise specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, upon request as described therein, in whole (but not in part) for definitive Perpetual Securities upon the terms therein. Each Tranche or Series of registered Perpetual Securities will initially be represented by a Global Certificate. Each Global Certificate may be registered in the name of, or in the name of a nominee of, CDP, the Common Depositary and/or any other agreed clearing system. Each Global Certificate may be exchanged upon request as described therein, in whole (but not in part) for Certificates upon the terms therein. A Certificate shall be issued in respect of each Perpetual Securityholder's entire holding of registered Perpetual Securities of one Series.
Custody of the Perpetual Securities	: Perpetual Securities which are to be listed on the SGX-ST may be cleared through CDP. Perpetual Securities which are to be cleared through CDP are required to be kept with CDP as authorised depository. Perpetual Securities which are cleared through Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg are required to be kept with the Common Depositary on behalf of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.
Status of the Senior Perpetual Securities and the Senior Guarantee	<p>: The Senior Perpetual Securities and Coupons relating to them will constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank <i>pari passu</i>, without any preference or priority among themselves, and <i>pari passu</i> with all other present and future unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Issuer.</p> <p>The payment obligations of the Guarantor under the Senior Guarantee and the Trust Deed constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and shall rank <i>pari passu</i> with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Guarantor.</p>

Status of the Subordinated Perpetual Securities and the Subordinated Guarantee	: The Subordinated Perpetual Securities and Coupons relating to them will constitute direct, unconditional, subordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank <i>pari passu</i> , without any preference or priority among themselves, and <i>pari passu</i> with any Parity Obligations of the Issuer. The payment obligations of the Guarantor under the Subordinated Guarantee constitute direct, unconditional, subordinated and unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and shall rank <i>pari passu</i> with any Parity Obligations of the Guarantor.
Subordination of Subordinated Perpetual Securities	: Subject to the insolvency laws of Singapore and other applicable laws, in the event of the winding-up of the Issuer or the Guarantor, the rights of the Perpetual Securityholders and Couponholders in respect of Subordinated Perpetual Securities to payment of principal of and distribution on the Subordinated Perpetual Securities and the Coupons relating to them or, as the case may be, the Subordinated Guarantee are expressly subordinated and subject in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all claims of senior creditors of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor but at least <i>pari passu</i> with all other subordinated obligations of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor that are not expressed by their terms to rank junior to the Subordinated Perpetual Securities or, as the case may be, the Subordinated Guarantee and in priority to the claims of shareholders of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor and/or as otherwise specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement.
No set-off in relation to Subordinated Perpetual Securities	: Subject to applicable law, no holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them may exercise, claim or plead any right of set-off, deduction, withholding or retention in respect of any amount owed to it by the Issuer or the Guarantor in respect of, or arising under or in connection with the Subordinated Perpetual Securities or, as the case may be, the Subordinated Guarantee, and each holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them shall, by virtue of his holding of any Subordinated Perpetual Securities or Coupons relating to them, be deemed to have waived all such rights of set-off, deduction, withholding or retention against the Issuer and the Guarantor. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if any of the amounts owing to any holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them by the Issuer or the Guarantor in respect of, or arising under or in connection with the Subordinated Perpetual Securities or, as the case may be, the Subordinated Guarantee is discharged by set-off, such holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them

shall, subject to applicable law, immediately pay an amount equal to the amount of such discharge to the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor (or, in the event of its winding-up or administration, the liquidator or, as appropriate, administrator of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor) and, until such time as payment is made, shall hold such amount in trust for the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor (or the liquidator or, as appropriate, administrator of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor) and accordingly any such discharge shall be deemed not to have taken place.

Redemption at the Option of the Issuer

: If so provided on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Issuer may at its option, on giving irrevocable notice to the Perpetual Securityholders falling within the Issuer's Redemption Option Period shown on the face thereof, redeem all or, if so provided, some of the Perpetual Securities at their Redemption Amount or integral multiples thereof and on the date or dates so provided. Any such redemption of Perpetual Securities shall be at their Redemption Amount, together with distribution accrued (including any Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption.

Redemption for Taxation Reasons

: If so provided on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Perpetual Securities may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Distribution Payment Date or, if so specified thereon, at any time on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Perpetual Securityholders and the Trustee (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount (together with distribution (including Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption) if:

- (a) the Issuer receives a ruling by the Comptroller of Income Tax in Singapore (or other relevant authority) which confirms that:
 - (i) the Perpetual Securities will not be regarded as "debt securities" for the purposes of Section 43N(4) of the ITA and Regulation 2 of the Income Tax (Qualifying Debt Securities) Regulations; and/or
 - (ii) the distributions (including any Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) will not be regarded as interest payable by the Issuer for the purposes of the withholding tax exemption on interest for "qualifying debt securities" under the ITA; or

(b) the Issuer (or, if the Guarantee was called, the Guarantor) has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts as provided or referred to in Condition 7 of the Perpetual Securities, or increase the payment of such additional amounts, as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws (or any regulations, rulings or other administrative pronouncements promulgated thereunder) of Singapore or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws, regulations, rulings or other administrative pronouncements, which change or amendment becomes effective on or after the issue date of such Perpetual Securities or any other date specified in the Pricing Supplement, and such obligations cannot be avoided by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor taking reasonable measures available to it, provided that no such notice of redemption shall be given earlier than 90 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor would be obliged to pay such additional amounts were a payment in respect of the Perpetual Securities then due.

Redemption for Accounting Reasons

: If so provided on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Perpetual Securities may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Distribution Payment Date or, if so specified thereon, at any time, in each case on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Perpetual Securityholders and the Trustee (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount (together with distribution (including Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption) if, on such Distribution Payment Date or any time after that Distribution Payment Date, as a result of any changes or amendments to, or any changes or amendments to any interpretation of, the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Singapore Accounting Standards Council, as amended from time to time (the "**SFRS**") or any other accounting standards that may replace SFRS for the purposes of the consolidated financial statements of the Issuer (the "**Relevant Accounting Standard**"), the Perpetual Securities will not or will no longer be recorded as "equity" of the Issuer pursuant to the Relevant Accounting Standard.

Redemption for Tax Deductibility : If so provided on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Perpetual Securities may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Distribution Payment Date or, if so specified thereon, at any time, in each case on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Perpetual Securityholders and the Trustee (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount (together with distribution (including Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption), if:

(a) the Issuer satisfies the Trustee immediately before giving such notice that, as a result of:

- (i) any amendment to, or change in, the laws (or any rules or regulations thereunder) of Singapore or any political subdivision or any taxing authority thereof or therein which is enacted, promulgated, issued or becomes effective otherwise on or after the relevant issue date;
- (ii) any amendment to, or change in, an official and binding interpretation of any such laws, rules or regulations by any legislative body, court, governmental agency or regulatory authority (including the enactment of any legislation and the publication of any judicial decision or regulatory determination) which is enacted, promulgated, issued or becomes effective otherwise on or after the relevant issue date; or
- (iii) any generally applicable official interpretation or pronouncement which is issued or announced on or after the relevant issue date that provides for a position with respect to such laws or regulations that differs from the previously generally accepted position which is issued or announced before the relevant issue date,

the distributions (including any Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) by the Issuer are no longer, or would in the Distribution Period immediately following that Distribution Payment Date no longer be, fully deductible by the Issuer for Singapore income tax purposes; or

- (b) the Issuer receiving a ruling from the Comptroller of Income Tax in Singapore (or other relevant authority) which confirms that the distributions (including any Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) will not be regarded as sums “payable by way of interest upon any money borrowed” for the purpose of Section 14(1)(a) of the ITA.

Redemption in the case of Minimal Outstanding Amount

- : If so provided on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Perpetual Securities may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Distribution Payment Date or, if so specified thereon, at any time in each case on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days’ notice to the Perpetual Securityholders and the Trustee (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount (together with distribution (including Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption) if, immediately before giving such notice, the aggregate principal amount of the Perpetual Securities outstanding is less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate principal amount originally issued.

Redemption upon a Change of Control

- : If so provided on the face of the Perpetual Security and the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Perpetual Securities may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Distribution Payment Date or, if so specified thereon, at any time on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days’ notice to the Perpetual Securityholders and the Trustee (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount (together with distribution (including Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption) following the occurrence of a Change of Control (as defined in the applicable Pricing Supplement).

Limited right to institute proceedings in relation to Perpetual Securities

- : Notwithstanding any of the provisions in Condition 9 of the Perpetual Securities, the right to institute proceedings for winding-up is limited to circumstances where payment has become due. In the case of any distribution, such distribution will not be due if the Issuer has elected not to pay that distribution in accordance with Condition 4(IV) of the Perpetual Securities.

Proceedings for winding-up	<p>: If any of the following events (“Enforcement Events”) occurs, the Trustee may, subject to the provisions of Condition 9(c) of the Perpetual Securities, institute proceedings for the winding-up of the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and/or prove in the winding-up of the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and/or claim in the liquidation of the Issuer and/or the Guarantor for the payment of the Perpetual Securities at their principal amount together with any distribution (including any outstanding Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to such date:</p> <p>(a) the Issuer fails to pay the principal of or any distributions (including any Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) on any of the Perpetual Securities when due or the Guarantor fails to pay any amount under the Guarantee when due, and, in each case, such failure continues for a period of 10 business days; or</p> <p>(b) a final and effective order is made or an effective resolution is passed for the bankruptcy, winding-up, liquidation, receivership or similar proceedings of the Issuer or the Guarantor.</p>
Taxation	<p>: All payments in respect of the Perpetual Securities and the Coupons by or on behalf of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall be made free and clear of, and without deduction or withholding for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or within Singapore or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In such event, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall pay such additional amounts as will result in the receipt by the Perpetual Securityholders and the Couponholders of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such deduction or withholding been required, save for certain exceptions. For further details, please see the section “Taxation” herein.</p>
Listing	<p>: Each Series of the Perpetual Securities may, if so agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s), be listed on the SGX-ST or any stock exchange(s) as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s), subject to all necessary approvals having been obtained.</p>

If the application to the SGX-ST to list a particular Series of Perpetual Securities is approved, for so long as such Perpetual Securities are listed on the SGX-ST and the rules of the SGX-ST so require, such Perpetual Securities will be traded on the SGX-ST in a minimum board lot size of at least S\$200,000 (or its equivalent in foreign currencies).

Selling Restrictions

- : For a description of certain restrictions on offers, sales and deliveries of Perpetual Securities and the distribution of offering material relating to the Perpetual Securities, see the section “Subscription, Purchase and Distribution” herein. Further restrictions may apply in connection with any particular Series or Tranche of Perpetual Securities.

Governing Law

- : The Programme, the Guarantee and any Perpetual Securities issued under the Programme will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of Singapore.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

The following is the text of the terms and conditions which, subject to completion and amendment and as supplemented or varied in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Pricing Supplement, will be endorsed on the Notes in definitive form issued in exchange for the Global Security(ies) or the Global Certificate(s) representing each Series. Either (i) the full text of these terms and conditions together with the relevant provisions of the Pricing Supplement or (ii) these terms and conditions as so completed, amended, supplemented or varied (and subject to simplification by the deletion of non-applicable provisions), shall be endorsed on such Notes. All capitalised terms that are not defined in these Conditions will have the meanings given to them in the relevant Pricing Supplement. Those definitions will be endorsed on such Bearer Notes or on the Certificates relating to such Registered Notes. References in the Conditions to “Notes” are to the Notes of one Series only, not to all Notes that may be issued under the Programme, details of the relevant Series being shown on the face of the relevant Notes and in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

The Notes are constituted by a Trust Deed dated 23 April 2008 made between (1) GLL IHT Pte. Ltd., as issuer (the “**Issuer**”), (2) GuocoLand Limited, as guarantor (the “**Guarantor**”), and (3) HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (the “**Trustee**”, which expression shall wherever the context so admits include such company and all other persons for the time being the trustee or trustees of the Trust Deed), as trustee for the Noteholders (as defined below), (as amended and restated by an amendment and restatement deed dated 15 September 2011 and a second amendment and restatement deed dated 8 March 2013, and a third amendment and restatement deed dated 28 September 2017, in each case, made between the same parties, and as further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time, the “**Trust Deed**”), and (where applicable) the Notes are issued with the benefit of a deed of covenant dated 23 April 2008, relating to the Notes executed by the Issuer (as amended and supplemented by a supplemental deed of covenant dated 15 September 2011 and a second supplemental deed of covenant dated 8 March 2013 relating to the Notes, in each case, executed by the Issuer, and as further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time, the “**Deed of Covenant**”) relating to Notes cleared or to be cleared through the CDP System (as defined in the Trust Deed) (“**CDP Notes**”). These terms and conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Deed, which includes the form of the Bearer Notes, Certificates, Coupons and Talons referred to below. The Issuer and the Guarantor have entered into an Agency Agreement dated 23 April 2008 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) Citicorp Investment Bank (Singapore) Limited, as issuing and paying agent and agent bank, and (4) the Trustee, as trustee, (as amended and restated by an amendment and restatement agreement dated 15 September 2011 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, as issuing and paying agent and agent bank, and (4) the Trustee, as trustee, a second amendment and restatement agreement dated 8 March 2013 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, as issuing and paying agent, agent bank, transfer agent and registrar, and (4) the Trustee, as trustee, and a third amendment and restatement agreement dated 28 September 2017 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, as issuing and paying agent (in such capacity, the “**CDP Issuing and Paying Agent**”), transfer agent (in such capacity, the “**CDP Transfer Agent**”) and registrar (in such capacity, the “**CDP Registrar**”), in each case, in respect of CDP Notes, (4) The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch, as paying agent in respect of Notes cleared or to be cleared through Euroclear (as defined below) and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (as defined below) (“**Non-CDP Notes**”) (in such capacity, the “**Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent**” and, together with the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent and any other paying agents that may be

appointed, the **"Paying Agents"**) and as calculation agent (in such capacity, the **"Calculation Agent"**), (5) The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch, as transfer agent in respect of Non-CDP Notes (in such capacity, the **"Non-CDP Transfer Agent"** and, together with the CDP Transfer Agent and any other transfer agents that may be appointed, the **"Transfer Agents"**) and registrar in respect of Non-CDP Notes (in such capacity, the **"Non-CDP Registrar"**, and together with the CDP Registrar, the **"Registrars"**), and (6) the Trustee, as trustee and as further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time, the **"Agency Agreement"**). The Noteholders and the holders (the **"Couponholders"**) of the coupons (the **"Coupons"**) appertaining to the interest-bearing Notes in bearer form and, where applicable in the case of such Notes, talons for further Coupons (the **"Talons"**) are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all of the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Covenant.

For the purposes of these Conditions, all references to the Issuing and Paying Agent, the Transfer Agent and the Registrar shall, (a) with respect to a Series (as defined below) of CDP Notes, be deemed to be a reference to the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent and the CDP Registrar respectively, (b) with respect to a Series of Non-CDP Notes, be deemed to be a reference to the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent and the Non-CDP Registrar respectively and (c) in any other case, be deemed to be a reference to such Paying Agent, Transfer Agent or Registrar appointed by the Issuer and the Guarantor to fully observe and perform its obligations, and (unless the context otherwise requires) all such references shall be construed accordingly.

Copies of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Covenant are available for inspection at the principal office of the Trustee for the time being and at the respective offices of the Agents for the time being.

1. Form, Denomination and Title

(a) Form and Denomination

- (i) The Notes of the Series of which this Note forms part (in these Conditions, the **"Notes"**) are issued in bearer form (**"Bearer Notes"**) or in registered form (**"Registered Notes"**) in each case in the Denomination Amount shown hereon.
- (ii) This Note is a Fixed Rate Note, a Floating Rate Note, a Variable Rate Note, a Hybrid Note or a Zero Coupon Note (depending upon the Interest Basis shown on its face).
- (iii) Bearer Notes are serially numbered and issued with Coupons (and, where appropriate, a Talon) attached, save in the case of Notes that do not bear interest in which case references to interest (other than in relation to default interest referred to in Condition 7(h)) in these Conditions are not applicable.
- (iv) Registered Notes are represented by registered certificates (**"Certificates"**) and, save as provided in Condition 2(c), each Certificate shall represent the entire holding of Registered Notes by the same holder.

(b) Title

- (i) Title to the Bearer Notes, the Coupons and the Talons appertaining thereto shall pass by delivery. Title to the Registered Notes shall pass by registration in the register that the Issuer shall procure to be kept by the Registrar in accordance with the provisions of the Agency Agreement (the **"Register"**).

- (ii) Except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law, the holder of any Note, Coupon or Talon shall be deemed to be and may be treated as the absolute owner of such Note, Coupon or Talon, as the case may be, for the purpose of receiving payment thereof or on account thereof and for all other purposes, whether or not such Note, Coupon or Talon shall be overdue and notwithstanding any notice of ownership, theft, loss or forgery thereof or any writing thereon made by anyone, and no person shall be liable for so treating the holder.
- (iii) For so long as any of the Notes is represented by a Global Security or, as the case may be, a Global Certificate and such Global Security or Global Certificate is held by a common depository for Euroclear Bank SA/NV ("**Euroclear**") and Clearstream Banking S.A. ("**Clearstream, Luxembourg**"), The Central Depository (Pte) Limited (the "**Depository**") and/or any other clearing system, each person who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or such other clearing system as the holder of a particular principal amount of such Notes (in which regard any certificate or other document issued by Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or such other clearing system as to the principal amount of such Notes standing to the account of any person shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes save in the case of manifest error) shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Paying Agents, the Calculation Agent, the Transfer Agents, the Registrars, all other agents of the Issuer and the Trustee as the holder of such principal amount of Notes other than with respect to the payment of principal, interest and any other amounts in respect of the Notes, for which purpose the bearer of the Global Security or, as the case may be, the person whose name is shown on the Register shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Paying Agents, the Calculation Agent, the Transfer Agents, the Registrars, all other agents of the Issuer and the Trustee as the holder of such Notes in accordance with and subject to the terms of the Global Security or, as the case may be, the Global Certificate (and the expressions "**Noteholder**" and "**holder of Notes**" and related expressions shall be construed accordingly). Notes which are represented by the Global Security or, as the case may be, the Global Certificate will be transferable only in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or the Depository and/or such other clearing system.
- (iv) In these Conditions, "**Global Security**" means the relevant Temporary Global Security representing each Series or the relevant Permanent Global Security representing each Series, "**Global Certificate**" means the relevant Global Certificate representing each Series that is registered in the name of, or in the name of a nominee of (a) a common depository for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, (b) the Depository and/or (c) any other clearing system, "**Noteholder**" means the bearer of any Bearer Note or the person in whose name a Registered Note is registered (as the case may be) and "**holder**" (in relation to a Note, Coupon or Talon) means the bearer of any Bearer Note, Coupon or Talon or the person in whose name a Registered Note is registered (as the case may be), "**Series**" means (1) (in relation to Notes other than Variable Rate Notes) a Tranche, together with any further Tranche or Tranches, which are (A) expressed to be consolidated and forming a single series and (B) identical in all respects (including as to listing) except for their respective issue dates, issue prices and/or dates of the first payment of interest and (2) (in relation to Variable Rate Notes) Notes which are identical in all respects (including as to listing) except for their respective issue prices and rates of interest and "**Tranche**" means Notes which are identical in all respects (including as to listing).

- (v) Words and expressions defined in the Trust Deed or used in the applicable Pricing Supplement (as defined in the Trust Deed) shall have the same meanings where used in these Conditions unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise stated and provided that, in the event of inconsistency between the Trust Deed and the applicable Pricing Supplement, the applicable Pricing Supplement will prevail.

2. No Exchange of Notes and Transfers of Registered Notes

- (a) **No Exchange of Notes:** Registered Notes may not be exchanged for Bearer Notes. Bearer Notes of one Denomination Amount may not be exchanged for Bearer Notes of another Denomination Amount. Bearer Notes may not be exchanged for Registered Notes.
- (b) **Transfer of Registered Notes:** Subject to Condition 2(f) below, one or more Registered Notes may be transferred upon the surrender (at the specified office of the Registrar or any other Transfer Agent) of the Certificate representing such Registered Notes to be transferred, together with the form of transfer endorsed on such Certificate (or another form of transfer substantially in the same form and containing the same representations and certifications (if any), unless otherwise agreed by the Issuer) duly completed and executed and any other evidence as the Registrar or such other Transfer Agent may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor and the authority of the individuals that have executed the form of transfer. In the case of a transfer of part only of a holding of Registered Notes represented by one Certificate, a new Certificate shall be issued to the transferee in respect of the part transferred and a further new Certificate in respect of the balance of the holding not transferred shall be issued to the transferor. All transfers of Notes and entries on the Register will be made subject to the detailed regulations concerning transfers of Notes scheduled to the Agency Agreement. The regulations may be changed by the Issuer, with the prior written approval of the Registrar and the Trustee. A copy of the current regulations will be made available by the Registrar to any Noteholder upon request.
- (c) **Exercise of Options or Partial Redemption in Respect of Registered Notes:** In the case of an exercise of an Issuer's or Noteholders' option in respect of, or a partial redemption of, a holding of Registered Notes represented by a single Certificate, a new Certificate shall be issued to the holder to reflect the exercise of such option or in respect of the balance of the holding not redeemed. In the case of a partial exercise of an option resulting in Registered Notes of the same holding having different terms, separate Certificates shall be issued in respect of those Notes of that holding that have the same terms. New Certificates shall only be issued against surrender of the existing Certificates to the Registrar or any other Transfer Agent. In the case of a transfer of Registered Notes to a person who is already a holder of Registered Notes, a new Certificate representing the enlarged holding shall only be issued against surrender of the Certificate representing the existing holding.
- (d) **Delivery of New Certificates:** Each new Certificate to be issued pursuant to Condition 2(b) or 2(c) shall be available for delivery within five business days of receipt of the form of transfer or Exercise Notice (as defined in Condition 6(e)) and surrender of the Certificate for exchange. Delivery of the new Certificate(s) shall be made at the specified office of the Registrar or such other Transfer Agent (as the case may be) to whom delivery or surrender of such form of transfer, Exercise Notice or Certificate shall have been made or, at the option of the holder making such delivery or surrender as aforesaid and as specified in the relevant form of transfer,

Exercise Notice or otherwise in writing, be mailed by uninsured post at the risk of the holder entitled to the new Certificate to such address as may be so specified, unless such holder requests otherwise and pays in advance to the Registrar or the relevant Transfer Agent the costs of such other method of delivery and/or such insurance as it may specify. In this Condition 2(d), “**business day**” means a day, other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday, on which banks are open for business in the place of the specified office of the Registrar or the other relevant Transfer Agent (as the case may be).

- (e) **Transfers Free of Charge:** Transfers of Notes and registrations and issues of Certificates on transfer, exercise of an option or partial redemption shall be effected without charge by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Registrar or the other Transfer Agents, but upon payment of any tax or other governmental charges that may be imposed in relation to it (or the giving of such indemnity and/or security and/or prefunding as the Registrar or the other relevant Transfer Agent may require in respect of such tax or other governmental charges).
- (f) **Closed Periods:** No Noteholder may require the transfer of a Registered Note to be registered (i) during the period of 15 days prior to any date on which Notes may be called for redemption by the Issuer at its option pursuant to Condition 6(d), (ii) after any such Note has been called for redemption or (iii) during the period of seven days ending on (and including) any Record Date (as defined in Condition 7(b)(ii)).

3. Status and Guarantee

(a) Status

The Notes and Coupons of all Series constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank *pari passu*, without any preference or priority among themselves, and *pari passu* with all other present and future unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Issuer.

(b) Guarantee

The payment of all sums expressed to be payable by the Issuer under the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons are unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor. The obligations of the Guarantor under the Guarantee are contained in the Trust Deed. The payment obligations of the Guarantor under the Guarantee and the Trust Deed constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and shall rank *pari passu* with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Guarantor.

4. Negative Pledge and Financial Covenants

- (a) So long as any of the Notes remains outstanding, each of the Issuer and the Guarantor will not without the consent of the Trustee (such consent not to be unreasonably delayed or withheld), create or permit to subsist any Encumbrance (as defined in the Trust Deed) over the whole or any part of the undertakings, assets, property or revenues owned by each of them respectively, present or future, where such Encumbrance is given, or is intended to be given, to secure the indebtedness

in respect of any freely transferable securities issued by, or guaranteed by, the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries unless such Encumbrance is forthwith extended equally and rateably to the indebtedness of the Issuer in respect of the Notes, provided that nothing in this Condition 4 shall prohibit or restrict the Issuer or the Guarantor from creating or permitting to subsist any Encumbrance securing such indebtedness existing on any undertaking, asset, property or revenue at the time it is acquired by the Issuer or the Guarantor after 23 April 2008 provided that (i) such Encumbrance shall not have been created in contemplation of or in connection with such acquisition and (ii) the principal amount or maturity of such indebtedness is not increased.

- (b) So long as any of the Notes remains outstanding, the Guarantor will ensure that the ratio of its Consolidated Net Borrowings (as defined in the Trust Deed) to its Consolidated Shareholders' Funds (as defined in the Trust Deed) will not at any time be more than 3:1.

5. (I) Interest on Fixed Rate Notes

(a) Interest Rate and Accrual

Each Fixed Rate Note bears interest on its Calculation Amount (as defined in Condition 5(II)(d)) from the Interest Commencement Date in respect thereof and as shown on the face of such Note at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Interest Rate shown on the face of such Note payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date or Interest Payment Dates shown on the face of such Note in each year and on the Maturity Date shown on the face of such Note if that date does not fall on an Interest Payment Date.

The first payment of interest will be made on the Interest Payment Date next following the Interest Commencement Date (and if the Interest Commencement Date is not an Interest Payment Date, will amount to the Initial Broken Amount shown on the face of such Note), unless the Maturity Date falls before the date on which the first payment of interest would otherwise be due. If the Maturity Date is not an Interest Payment Date, interest from the preceding Interest Payment Date (or from the Interest Commencement Date, as the case may be) to the Maturity Date will amount to the Final Broken Amount shown on the face of the Note.

Interest will cease to accrue on each Fixed Rate Note from (and including) the due date for redemption thereof unless, upon due presentation and subject to the provisions of the Trust Deed, payment of the Redemption Amount is improperly withheld or refused, in which event interest at such rate will continue to accrue (as well after as before judgment) at the rate and in the manner provided in this Condition 5(I) to (but excluding) the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 8).

(b) Calculations

In the case of a Fixed Rate Note, interest in respect of a period of less than one year will be calculated on the Day Count Fraction specified hereon. The amount of interest payable per Calculation Amount in respect of a Fixed Rate Interest Period for any Fixed Rate Note shall be calculated by multiplying the product of the Interest Rate and the Calculation Amount, by the Day Count Fraction shown on the Note and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant currency.

For the purposes of these Conditions, “**Fixed Rate Interest Period**” means the period beginning on (and including) the Interest Commencement Date and ending on (but excluding) the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period beginning on (and including) an Interest Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the next succeeding Interest Payment Date.

(II) **Interest on Floating Rate Notes or Variable Rate Notes**

(a) **Interest Payment Dates**

Each Floating Rate Note or Variable Rate Note bears interest on its Calculation Amount from the Interest Commencement Date in respect thereof and as shown on the face of such Note, and such interest will be payable in arrear on each interest payment date (“**Interest Payment Date**”). Such Interest Payment Date(s) is/are either shown hereon as Specified Interest Payment Dates or, if no Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are shown hereon, Interest Payment Date shall mean each date which (save as mentioned in these Conditions) falls the number of months specified as the Interest Period on the face of the Note (the “**Specified Number of Months**”) after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date (and which corresponds numerically with such preceding Interest Payment Date or the Interest Commencement Date, as the case may be), provided that the Agreed Yield (as defined in Condition 5(II)(c)) in respect of any Variable Rate Note for any Interest Period relating to that Variable Rate Note shall be payable on the first day of that Interest Period. If any Interest Payment Date referred to in these Conditions that is specified to be subject to adjustment in accordance with a Business Day Convention would otherwise fall on a day that is not a business day (as defined below), then if the Business Day Convention specified is (1) the Floating Rate Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day which is a business day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (i) such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day and (ii) each subsequent such date shall be the last business day of the month in which such date would have fallen had it not been subject to adjustment, (2) the Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a business day, (3) the Modified Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a business day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day or (4) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day.

The period beginning on the Interest Commencement Date and ending on the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period beginning on an Interest Payment Date and ending on the next succeeding Interest Payment Date is herein called an “**Interest Period**”.

Interest will cease to accrue on each Floating Rate Note or Variable Rate Note from (and including) the due date for redemption thereof unless, upon due presentation and subject to the provisions of the Trust Deed, payment of the Redemption Amount is improperly withheld or refused, in which event interest will continue to accrue (as well after as before judgment) at the rate and in the manner provided in this Condition 5(II) to (but excluding) the Relevant Date.

(b) **Rate of Interest - Floating Rate Notes**

- (i) Each Floating Rate Note bears interest at a floating rate determined by reference to a Benchmark as stated on the face of such Floating Rate Note, being (in the case of Notes which are denominated in Singapore Dollars) SIBOR (in which case such Note will be a SIBOR Note) or Swap Rate (in which case such Note will be a Swap Rate Note) or in any case (or in the case of Notes which are denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars) such other Benchmark as is set out on the face of such Note.

Such floating rate may be adjusted by adding or subtracting the Spread (if any) stated on the face of such Note. The "Spread" is the percentage rate per annum specified on the face of such Note as being applicable to the rate of interest for such Note. The rate of interest so calculated shall be subject to Condition 5(V)(a) below.

The rate of interest payable in respect of a Floating Rate Note from time to time is referred to in these Conditions as the "**Rate of Interest**".

- (ii) The Rate of Interest payable from time to time in respect of each Floating Rate Note will be determined by the Calculation Agent on the basis of the following provisions:

(1) in the case of Floating Rate Notes which are SIBOR Notes:

- (A) the Calculation Agent will, at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date in respect of each Interest Period, determine the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period which shall be the offered rate for deposits in Singapore Dollars for a period equal to the duration of such Interest Period which appears on the Bloomberg Screen Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page under the column headed "SGD SIBOR" (or such other replacement page thereof for the purpose of displaying SIBOR or such other Screen Page (as defined below) as may be provided on the face of such Note) and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);
- (B) if no such rate appears on the Bloomberg Screen Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) or if the Bloomberg Screen Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) is unavailable for any reason, the Calculation Agent will, at or about the Relevant Time on such Interest Determination Date, determine the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period which shall be the offered rate for deposits in Singapore dollars for a period equal to the duration of such Interest Period which appears on the Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX01 Page under the caption "ABS SIBOR FIX - SIBOR AND SWAP OFFER RATES - RATES AT 11:00 HRS SINGAPORE TIME" and under the column headed "SGD SIBOR" (or such other replacement page thereof for the purpose of displaying SIBOR or such other Screen Page as may be provided on the face of such Note) and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);

- (C) if no such rate appears on Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX01 Page under the column headed “SGD SIBOR” (or such other replacement page thereof or such other Screen Page as may be provided on the face of such Note) or if the Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX01 Page (or such other replacement page thereof or such other Screen Page as may be provided on the face of such Note) is unavailable for any reason, the Calculation Agent will request the principal Singapore offices of each of the Reference Banks to provide the Calculation Agent with the rate at which deposits in Singapore Dollars are offered by it at approximately the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date to prime banks in the Singapore interbank market for a period equivalent to the duration of such Interest Period commencing on such Interest Payment Date in an amount comparable to the aggregate principal amount of the relevant Floating Rate Notes. The Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 1/16 per cent.) of such offered quotations and as adjusted by the Spread (if any), as determined by the Calculation Agent;
 - (D) if on any Interest Determination Date, two but not all the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with such quotations, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be determined in accordance with (C) above on the basis of the quotations of those Reference Banks providing such quotations;
 - (E) if on any Interest Determination Date, one only or none of the Reference Banks provides the Calculation Agent with such quotations, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be the rate per annum which the Calculation Agent determines to be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 1/16 per cent.) of the prime lending rates for Singapore Dollars quoted by the Reference Banks at or about the Relevant Time on such Interest Determination Date and as adjusted by the Spread (if any); and
 - (F) if paragraph (b)(ii)(1)(E) above applies and the Calculation Agent determines that fewer than two Reference Banks are so quoting such prime lending rates, the Rate of Interest shall be the Rate of Interest determined on the previous Interest Determination Date;
- (2) in the case of Floating Rate Notes which are Swap Rate Notes:
- (A) the Calculation Agent will, at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date in respect of each Interest Period, determine the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period as being the rate which appears on the Bloomberg Screen Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page under the column headed “SGD Swap Offer” (or such replacement page thereof for the purpose of displaying the swap rates of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on such Interest Determination Date and for a period equal to the duration of such Interest Period and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);

- (B) if on any Interest Determination Date, no such rate is quoted on the Bloomberg Screen Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) or the Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) is unavailable for any reason, the Calculation Agent will determine the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period as being the rate which appears on the Reuters Screen ABSFIX1 Page under the caption “SGD SOR rates as of 11:00hrs London Time” and under the column headed “SGD SOR” (or such replacement page thereof for the purposes of displaying the swap rates of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on such Interest Determination Date and for a period equal to the duration of such Interest Period and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);
- (C) if on any Interest Determination Date, no such rate is quoted on Reuters Screen ABSFIX1 Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) or the Reuters Screen ABSFIX1 Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) is unavailable for any reason, the Calculation Agent will determine the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period as being the rate (or, if there is more than one rate which is published, the arithmetic mean of those rates (rounded up, if necessary to the nearest 1/16 per cent.)) for a period equal to the duration of such Interest Period published by a recognised industry body where such rate is widely used (after taking into account the industry practice at that time), or by such other relevant authority as the Calculation Agent may select;
- (D) if on any Interest Determination Date, the Calculation Agent is otherwise unable to determine the Rate of Interest under paragraph (b)(ii)(2)(C) above, the Rate of Interest shall be determined by the Calculation Agent to be the rate per annum equal to the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 1/16 per cent.) of the rates quoted by the Reference Banks or those of them (being at least two in number) to the Calculation Agent at or about the Relevant Time on such Interest Determination Date as being their cost (including the cost occasioned by or attributable to complying with reserves, liquidity, deposit or other requirements imposed on them by any relevant authority or authorities) of funding, for the relevant Interest Period, an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of the relevant Floating Rate Notes for such Interest Period by whatever means they determine to be most appropriate and as adjusted by the Spread (if any), or if on such Interest Determination Date one only or none of the Reference Banks provides the Calculation Agent with such quotation, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be the rate per annum equal to the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 1/16 per cent.) of the prime lending rates for Singapore Dollars quoted by the Reference Banks at or about the Relevant Time on such Interest Determination Date and as adjusted by the Spread (if any); and
- (E) if paragraph (b)(ii)(2)(D) above applies and the Calculation Agent determines that fewer than two Reference Banks are so quoting such prime lending rates, the Rate of Interest shall be the Rate of Interest determined on the previous Interest Determination Date; and

(3) in the case of Floating Rate Notes which are not SIBOR Notes or Swap Rate Notes or which are denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars, the Calculation Agent will determine the Rate of Interest in respect of any Interest Period at or about the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date in respect of such Interest Period as follows:

(A) if the Primary Source (as defined below) for the Floating Rate Notes is a Screen Page (as defined below), subject as provided below, the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period shall be:

(aa) the Relevant Rate (as defined below) (where such Relevant Rate on such Screen Page is a composite quotation or is customarily supplied by one entity); or

(bb) the arithmetic mean of the Relevant Rates of the persons whose Relevant Rates appear on that Screen Page, in each case appearing on such Screen Page at the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date,

and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);

(B) if the Primary Source for the Floating Rate Notes is Reference Banks or if paragraph (b)(ii)(3)(A)(aa) applies and no Relevant Rate appears on the Screen Page at the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date or if paragraph (b)(ii)(3)(A)(bb) applies and fewer than two Relevant Rates appear on the Screen Page at the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date, subject as provided below, the Rate of Interest shall be the rate per annum which the Calculation Agent determines to be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 1/16 per cent.) of the Relevant Rates that each of the Reference Banks is quoting to leading banks in the Relevant Financial Centre (as defined below) at the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date and as adjusted by the Spread (if any); and

(C) if paragraph (b)(ii)(3)(B) above applies and the Calculation Agent determines that fewer than two Reference Banks are so quoting Relevant Rates, the Rate of Interest shall be the Rate of Interest determined on the previous Interest Determination Date.

(iii) On the last day of each Interest Period, the Issuer will pay interest on each Floating Rate Note to which such Interest Period relates at the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period.

(iv) For the avoidance of doubt, in the event that the Rate of Interest in relation to any Interest Period is less than zero, the Rate of Interest in relation to such Interest Period shall be equal to zero.

(c) Rate of Interest — Variable Rate Notes

(i) Each Variable Rate Note bears interest at a variable rate determined in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph (c). The interest payable in respect of a Variable Rate Note on the first day of an Interest Period relating to that Variable Rate Note is referred to in these Conditions as the “**Agreed Yield**” and the rate of interest payable in respect of a Variable Rate Note on the last day of an Interest Period relating to that Variable Rate Note is referred to in these Conditions as the “**Rate of Interest**”.

- (ii) The Agreed Yield or, as the case may be, the Rate of Interest payable from time to time in respect of each Variable Rate Note for each Interest Period shall, subject as referred to in paragraph (c)(iv) below, be determined as follows:
- (1) not earlier than 9.00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the ninth business day nor later than 3.00 p.m. (Singapore time) (or such other period as the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer (as defined below) may agree) on the third business day prior to the commencement of each Interest Period, the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer shall endeavour to agree on the following:
 - (A) whether interest in respect of such Variable Rate Note is to be paid on the first day or the last day of such Interest Period;
 - (B) if interest in respect of such Variable Rate Note is agreed between the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer to be paid on the first day of such Interest Period, an Agreed Yield in respect of such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period (and, in the event of the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer so agreeing on such Agreed Yield, the Interest Amount (as defined below) for such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period shall be zero); and
 - (C) if interest in respect of such Variable Rate Note is agreed between the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer to be paid on the last day of such Interest Period, a Rate of Interest in respect of such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period (an “**Agreed Rate**”) and, in the event of the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer so agreeing on an Agreed Rate, such Agreed Rate shall be the Rate of Interest for such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period; and
 - (2) if the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer shall not have agreed either an Agreed Yield or an Agreed Rate in respect of such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period by 3.00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the third business day prior to the commencement of such Interest Period, or if there shall be no Relevant Dealer during the period for agreement referred to in (1) above, the Rate of Interest for such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period shall automatically be the rate per annum equal to the Fall Back Rate (as defined below) for such Interest Period.
- (iii) The Issuer has undertaken to the Issuing and Paying Agent and the Calculation Agent that it will as soon as possible after the Agreed Yield or, as the case may be, the Agreed Rate in respect of any Variable Rate Note is determined but not later than 10.30 a.m. (Singapore time) (or such other time as the Issuer and the Relevant Dealer may agree) on the next following business day:
- (1) notify or procure the Relevant Dealer to notify the Guarantor, the Issuing and Paying Agent and the Calculation Agent of the Agreed Yield or, as the case may be, the Agreed Rate for such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period; and
 - (2) cause such Agreed Yield or, as the case may be, Agreed Rate for such Variable Rate Note to be notified by the Issuing and Paying Agent to the relevant Noteholder at its request.

- (iv) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (ii) above, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period for which there is neither an Agreed Yield nor Agreed Rate in respect of any Variable Rate Note or no Relevant Dealer in respect of the Variable Rate Note(s) shall be the rate (the **"Fall Back Rate"**) determined by reference to a Benchmark as stated on the face of such Variable Rate Note(s), being (in the case of Variable Rate Notes which are denominated in Singapore Dollars) SIBOR (in which case such Variable Rate Note(s) will be SIBOR Note(s)) or Swap Rate (in which case such Variable Rate Note(s) will be Swap Rate Note(s)) or (in any other case or in the case of Variable Rate Notes which are denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars) such other Benchmark as is set out on the face of such Variable Rate Note(s).

Such rate may be adjusted by adding or subtracting the Spread (if any) stated on the face of such Variable Rate Note. The "Spread" is the percentage rate per annum specified on the face of such Variable Rate Note as being applicable to the rate of interest for such Variable Rate Note. The rate of interest so calculated shall be subject to Condition 5(V)(a) below.

The Fall Back Rate payable from time to time in respect of each Variable Rate Note will be determined by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the provisions of Condition 5(II)(b)(ii) above (*mutatis mutandis*) and references therein to **"Rate of Interest"** shall mean **"Fall Back Rate"**.

- (v) If interest is payable in respect of a Variable Rate Note on the first day of an Interest Period relating to such Variable Rate Note, the Issuer will pay the Agreed Yield applicable to such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period on the first day of such Interest Period. If interest is payable in respect of a Variable Rate Note on the last day of an Interest Period relating to such Variable Rate Note, the Issuer will pay the Interest Amount for such Variable Rate Note for such Interest Period on the last day of such Interest Period.
- (vi) For the avoidance of doubt, in the event that the Rate of Interest in relation to any Interest Period is less than zero, the Rate of Interest in relation to such Interest Period shall be equal to zero.

(d) **Definitions**

As used in these Conditions:

"Benchmark" means the rate specified as such in the applicable Pricing Supplement;

"business day" means, in respect of each Note, (i) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or the Depository, as applicable, are operating, (ii) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore and the country of the Issuing and Paying Agent's specified office and (iii) (if a payment is to be made on that day):

- (i) (in the case of Notes denominated in Singapore Dollars) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore;
- (ii) (in the case of Notes denominated in Euros) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore and on which the TARGET System is open for settlement in Euros; and

- (iii) (in the case of Notes denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars and Euros), a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore and the principal financial centre for that currency;

“Calculation Amount” means the amount specified as such on the face of any Note, or if no such amount is so specified, the Denomination Amount of such Note as shown on the face thereof;

“Day Count Fraction” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of Interest in accordance with Condition 5:

- (i) if “Actual/Actual” is specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, the actual number of days in (in the case of Fixed Rate Notes or Hybrid Notes during the Fixed Rate Period) the Fixed Rate Interest Period or (in the case of Floating Rate Notes, Variable Rate Notes or Hybrid Notes during the Floating Rate Period) the Interest Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Fixed Rate Interest Period or, as the case may be, Interest Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (1) the actual number of days in that portion of the Fixed Rate Interest Period or, as the case may be, Interest Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (2) the actual number of days in that portion of the Fixed Rate Interest Period or, as the case may be, Interest Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);
- (ii) if “Actual/360” is specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, the actual number of days in (in the case of Fixed Rate Notes or Hybrid Notes during the Fixed Rate Period) the Fixed Rate Interest Period or (in the case of Floating Rate Notes, Variable Rate Notes or Hybrid Notes during the Floating Rate Period) the Interest Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360; and
- (iii) if “Actual/365 (Fixed)” is specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, the actual number of days in (in the case of Fixed Rate Notes or Hybrid Notes during the Fixed Rate Period) the Fixed Rate Interest Period or (in the case of Floating Rate Notes, Variable Rate Notes or Hybrid Notes during the Floating Rate Period) the Interest Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 365;

“Euro” means the currency of the member states of the European Union that adopt the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended from time to time;

“Interest Commencement Date” means the Issue Date or such other date as may be specified as the Interest Commencement Date on the face of such Note;

“Interest Determination Date” means, in respect of any Interest Period, that number of business days prior thereto as is set out in the applicable Pricing Supplement or on the face of the relevant Note;

“Offshore Renminbi Centre” means the offshore Renminbi centre(s) specified as such in the applicable Pricing Supplement;

“PRC” means the People’s Republic of China which, for the purposes of the Conditions, shall exclude Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China and Taiwan;

“Primary Source” means the Screen Page specified as such in the applicable Pricing Supplement and (in the case of any Screen Page provided by any information service other than the Bloomberg agency or the Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service (**“Reuters”**)) agreed to by the Calculation Agent;

“Reference Banks” means the institutions specified as such hereon or, if none, three major banks selected by the Calculation Agent (in consultation with the Issuer) in the interbank market that is most closely connected with the Benchmark;

“Relevant Currency” means the currency in which the Notes are denominated;

“Relevant Dealer” means, in respect of any Variable Rate Note, the Dealer party to the Programme Agreement referred to in the Agency Agreement with whom the Issuer has concluded or is negotiating an agreement for the issue of such Variable Rate Note pursuant to the Programme Agreement;

“Relevant Financial Centre” means, in the case of interest to be determined on an Interest Determination Date with respect to any Floating Rate Note or Variable Rate Note, the financial centre with which the relevant Benchmark is most closely connected or, if none is so connected, Singapore;

“Relevant Rate” means the Benchmark for a Calculation Amount of the Relevant Currency for a period (if applicable or appropriate to the Benchmark) equal to the relevant Interest Period;

“Relevant Time” means, with respect to any Interest Determination Date, the local time in the Relevant Financial Centre at which it is customary to determine bid and offered rates in respect of deposits in the Relevant Currency in the inter-bank market in the Relevant Financial Centre;

“Renminbi” means the lawful currency of the PRC;

“Screen Page” means such page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service (including, but not limited to, the Bloomberg Agency and Reuters) as may be specified hereon for the purpose of providing the Benchmark, or such other page, section, caption, column or other part as may replace it on that information service or on such other information service, in each case as may be nominated by the person or organisation providing or sponsoring the information appearing there for the purpose of displaying rates or prices comparable to the Benchmark; and

“TARGET System” means the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (known as TARGET 2) System which was launched on 19 November 2007 or any successor thereto.

(III) Interest on Hybrid Notes

(a) Interest Rate and Accrual

Each Hybrid Note bears interest on its Calculation Amount from the Interest Commencement Date in respect thereof and as shown on the face of such Note.

(b) Fixed Rate Period

- (i) In respect of the Fixed Rate Period shown on the face of such Note, each Hybrid Note bears interest on its Calculation Amount from the first day of the Fixed Rate Period at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Interest Rate shown on the face of such Note payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date or Interest Payment Dates shown on the face of the Note in each year and on the last day of the Fixed Rate Period if that date does not fall on an Interest Payment Date.
- (ii) The first payment of interest will be made on the Interest Payment Date next following the first day of the Fixed Rate Period (and if the first day of the Fixed Rate Period is not an Interest Payment Date, will amount to the Initial Broken Amount shown on the face of such Note), unless the last day of the Fixed Rate Period falls before the date on which the first payment of interest would otherwise be due. If the last day of the Fixed Rate Period is not an Interest Payment Date, interest from the preceding Interest Payment Date (or from the first day of the Fixed Rate Period, as the case may be) to the last day of the Fixed Rate Period will amount to the Final Broken Amount shown on the face of the Note.
- (iii) Where the due date of redemption of any Hybrid Note falls within the Fixed Rate Period, interest will cease to accrue on the Note from (and including) the due date for redemption thereof unless, upon due presentation and subject to the provisions of the Trust Deed, payment of principal (or Redemption Amount, as the case may be) is improperly withheld or refused, in which event interest at such rate will continue to accrue (as well after as before judgment) at the rate and in the manner provided in this Condition 5(III) to (but excluding) the Relevant Date.
- (iv) In the case of a Hybrid Note, interest in respect of a period of less than one year will be calculated on the Day Count Fraction shown on the face of such Hybrid Note during the Fixed Rate Period.

(c) Floating Rate Period

- (i) In respect of the Floating Rate Period shown on the face of such Note, each Hybrid Note bears interest on its Calculation Amount from the first day of the Floating Rate Period, and such interest will be payable in arrear on each interest payment date ("**Interest Payment Date**"). Such Interest Payment Date(s) is/are either shown hereon as Specified Interest Payment Dates or, if no Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are shown hereon, Interest Payment Date shall mean each date which (save as mentioned in these Conditions) falls the number of months specified as the Interest Period on the face of the Note (the "**Specified Number of Months**") after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the first day of the Floating Rate Period (and which corresponds numerically with such preceding Interest Payment Date or the first day of the Floating Rate Period, as the case may be). If any Interest Payment Date referred to in these Conditions that is specified to be subject to adjustment in accordance with a Business Day Convention would otherwise fall on a day that is not a business day, then if the Business Day Convention specified is (1) the Floating Rate Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day which is a business

day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (i) such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day and (ii) each subsequent such date shall be the last business day of the month in which such date would have fallen had it not been subject to adjustment, (2) the Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a business day, (3) the Modified Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a business day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day or (4) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day.

- (ii) The period beginning on the first day of the Floating Rate Period and ending on the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period beginning on an Interest Payment Date and ending on the next succeeding Interest Payment Date is herein called an **"Interest Period"**.
- (iii) Where the due date of redemption of any Hybrid Note falls within the Floating Rate Period, interest will cease to accrue on the Note from (and including) the due date for redemption thereof unless, upon due presentation thereof, payment of principal (or Redemption Amount, as the case may be) is improperly withheld or refused, in which event interest will continue to accrue (as well after as before judgment) at the rate and in the manner provided in this Condition 5(III) and the Agency Agreement to (but excluding) the Relevant Date.
- (iv) The provisions of Condition 5(II)(b) shall apply to each Hybrid Note during the Floating Rate Period as though references therein to Floating Rate Notes are references to Hybrid Notes.

(IV) **Zero Coupon Notes**

Where a Note the Interest Basis of which is specified to be Zero Coupon is repayable prior to the Maturity Date and is not paid when due, the amount due and payable prior to the Maturity Date shall be the Early Redemption Amount of such Note (determined in accordance with Condition 6(h)). As from the Maturity Date, the rate of interest for any overdue principal of such a Note shall be a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (as defined in Condition 6(h)).

(V) **Calculations**

(a) **Determination of Rate of Interest and Calculation of Interest Amounts**

The Calculation Agent will, as soon as practicable after the Relevant Time on each Interest Determination Date determine the Rate of Interest and calculate the amount of interest payable (the **"Interest Amounts"**) in respect of each Calculation Amount of the relevant Floating Rate Notes, Variable Rate Notes or (where applicable) Hybrid Notes for the relevant Interest Period. The Interest Amounts shall be calculated by multiplying the product of the Rate of Interest and the Calculation Amount, by the Day Count Fraction shown on the Note and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant currency. The determination of each Rate of Interest, Interest Amount, Redemption Amount and Early Redemption Amount by the Calculation Agent shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding upon all parties.

(b) Notification

The Calculation Agent will cause the Rate of Interest and the Interest Amounts for each Interest Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date to be notified to the Issuing and Paying Agent, the Trustee, the Issuer and the Guarantor and (in the case of Floating Rate Notes) to be notified to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 16 as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than the fourth business day thereafter. The Interest Amounts and the Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period by reason of any Interest Payment Date not being a business day. If the Floating Rate Notes, Variable Rate Notes or, as the case may be, Hybrid Notes become due and payable under Condition 10, the Rate of Interest and Interest Amounts payable in respect of the Floating Rate Notes, Variable Rate Notes or, as the case may be, Hybrid Notes shall nevertheless continue to be calculated as previously in accordance with this Condition but no publication of the Rate of Interest and Interest Amounts need to be made unless the Trustee requires otherwise.

(c) Determination or Calculation by the Trustee

If the Calculation Agent does not at any material time determine or calculate the Rate of Interest for an Interest Period or any Interest Amount, the Trustee shall do so. In doing so, the Trustee shall apply the foregoing provisions of this Condition, with any necessary consequential amendments, to the extent that, in its opinion, it can do so, and, in all other respects, it shall do so in such manner as it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances.

(d) Calculation Agent and Reference Banks

The Issuer will procure that, so long as any Floating Rate Note, Variable Rate Note or Hybrid Note remains outstanding, there shall at all times be three Reference Banks (or such other number as may be required) and, so long as any Floating Rate Note, Variable Rate Note, Hybrid Note or Zero Coupon Note remains outstanding, there shall at all times be a Calculation Agent. If any Reference Bank (acting through its relevant office) is unable or unwilling to continue to act as a Reference Bank or the Calculation Agent is unable or unwilling to act as such or if the Calculation Agent fails duly to establish the Rate of Interest for any Interest Period or to calculate the Interest Amounts, the Issuer will appoint another bank with an office in the Relevant Financial Centre to act as such in its place. The Calculation Agent may not resign its duties without a successor having been appointed as aforesaid.

6. Redemption and Purchase

(a) Final Redemption

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled as provided below, this Note will be redeemed at its Redemption Amount on the Maturity Date shown on its face (if this Note is shown on its face to be a Fixed Rate Note, Hybrid Note (during the Fixed Rate Period) or Zero Coupon Note) or on the Interest Payment Date falling in the Redemption Month shown on its face (if this Note is shown on its face to be a Floating Rate Note, Variable Rate Note or Hybrid Note (during the Floating Rate Period)).

(b) Purchase at the Option of Issuer

If so provided hereon, the Issuer shall have the option to purchase all or any of the Fixed Rate Notes, Floating Rate Notes, Variable Rate Notes or Hybrid Notes at their Redemption Amount on any date on which interest is due to be paid on such Notes and the Noteholders shall be bound to sell such Notes to the Issuer accordingly. To exercise such option, the Issuer shall give irrevocable notice to the Noteholders within the Issuer's Purchase Option Period shown on the face hereof. Such Notes may be held, resold or surrendered to the Issuing and Paying Agent for cancellation. The Notes so purchased, while held by or on behalf of the Issuer, shall not entitle the holder to vote at any meetings of the Noteholders and shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purposes of calculating quorums at meetings of the Noteholders or for the purposes of Conditions 10, 11 and 12.

In the case of a purchase of some only of the Notes, the notice to Noteholders shall also contain the certificate numbers of the Bearer Notes or, in the case of Registered Notes, shall specify the principal amount of Registered Notes drawn and the holder(s) of such Registered Notes, to be purchased, which shall have been drawn by or on behalf of the Issuer in such place and in such manner as may be agreed between the Issuer and the Trustee, subject to compliance with any applicable laws. So long as the Notes are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, the Issuer shall (unless a waiver is obtained from such Stock Exchange) comply with the rules of such Stock Exchange in relation to the publication of any purchase of such Notes.

(c) Purchase at the Option of Noteholders

- (i) Each Noteholder shall have the option to have all or any of his Variable Rate Notes purchased by the Issuer at their Redemption Amount on any Interest Payment Date and the Issuer will purchase such Variable Rate Notes accordingly. To exercise such option, a Noteholder shall deposit (in the case of Bearer Notes) any Variable Rate Notes to be purchased (together with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons) with any Paying Agent at its specified office or (in the case of Registered Notes) the Certificate representing such Variable Rate Note(s) with the Registrar or any other Transfer Agent at its specified office, together with a duly completed option exercise notice in the form obtainable from any Paying Agent, the Registrar or any other Transfer Agent (as applicable) within the Noteholders' VRN Purchase Option Period shown on the face hereof. Any Variable Rate Notes or Certificates representing Variable Rate Notes so deposited may not be withdrawn (except as provided in the Agency Agreement) without the prior consent of the Issuer. Such Variable Rate Notes may be held, resold or surrendered for cancellation, in the case of Bearer Notes, by surrendering each such Variable Rate Note (together with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons) to the Issuing and Paying Agent and, in the case of Registered Notes, by surrendering the Certificate representing such Variable Rate Notes to the Registrar. The Variable Rate Notes so purchased, while held by or on behalf of the Issuer, shall not entitle the holder to vote at any meetings of the Noteholders and shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purposes of calculating quorums at meetings of the Noteholders or for the purposes of Conditions 10, 11 and 12.
- (ii) If so provided hereon, each Noteholder shall have the option to have all or any of his Fixed Rate Notes, Floating Rate Notes or Hybrid Notes purchased by the Issuer at their Redemption Amount on any date on which interest is due to be paid on such Notes and the Issuer will purchase such Notes accordingly. To exercise such option,

a Noteholder shall deposit (in the case of Bearer Notes) such Note (together with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons) with any Paying Agent at its specified office or (in the case of Registered Notes) the Certificate representing such Note(s) with the Registrar or any other Transfer Agent at its specified office, together with a duly completed option exercise notice in the form obtainable from any Paying Agent, the Registrar or any Transfer Agent (as applicable) within the Noteholders' Purchase Option Period shown on the face hereof. Any Notes or Certificates so deposited may not be withdrawn (except as provided in the Agency Agreement) without the prior consent of the Issuer. Such Notes may be held, resold or surrendered for cancellation, in the case of Bearer Notes, by surrendering each such Fixed Rate Note, Floating Rate Note or Hybrid Note (together with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons) to the Issuing and Paying Agent and, in the case of Registered Notes, by surrendering the Certificate representing such Fixed Rate Notes, Floating Rate Notes or Hybrid Notes to the Registrar. The Notes so purchased, while held by or on behalf of the Issuer, shall not entitle the holder to vote at any meetings of the Noteholders and shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purposes of calculating quorums at meetings of the Noteholders or for the purposes of Conditions 10, 11 and 12.

(d) Redemption at the Option of the Issuer

If so provided hereon, the Issuer may, on giving irrevocable notice to the Noteholders falling within the Issuer's Redemption Option Period shown on the face hereof, redeem all or, if so provided, some of the Notes at their Redemption Amount or integral multiples thereof and on the date or dates so provided. Any such redemption of Notes shall be at their Redemption Amount, together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption.

All Notes in respect of which any such notice is given shall be redeemed on the date specified in such notice in accordance with this Condition.

In the case of a partial redemption of the Notes, the notice to Noteholders shall also contain the certificate numbers of the Bearer Notes or, in the case of Registered Notes, shall specify the principal amount of Registered Notes drawn and the holder(s) of such Registered Notes, to be redeemed, which shall have been drawn by or on behalf of the Issuer in such place and in such manner as may be agreed between the Issuer and the Trustee, subject to compliance with any applicable laws. So long as the Notes are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, the Issuer shall (unless a waiver is obtained from such Stock Exchange) comply with the rules of such Stock Exchange in relation to the publication of any redemption of such Notes.

(e) Redemption at the Option of Noteholders

If so provided hereon, the Issuer shall, at the option of the holder of any Note, redeem such Note on the date or dates so provided at its Redemption Amount, together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption. To exercise such option, the holder must deposit (in the case of Bearer Notes) such Note (together with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons) with any Paying Agent at its specified office or (in the case of Registered Notes) the Certificate representing such Note(s) with the Registrar or any other Transfer Agent at its specified office, together with a duly completed option exercise notice (an "**Exercise Notice**") in the form obtainable from any Paying Agent, the Registrar, any other Transfer Agent or the Issuer (as applicable) within the Noteholders' Redemption Option Period shown on the face hereof. Any Note or Certificate so deposited may not be withdrawn (except as provided in the Agency Agreement) without the prior consent of the Issuer.

(f) Redemption for Taxation Reasons

If so provided hereon, the Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Interest Payment Date (as the case may be) or, if so specified hereon, at any time on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount or (in the case of Zero Coupon Notes) Early Redemption Amount (as defined in Condition 6(h) below) (together with interest accrued (if any) to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption), if (i) the Issuer (or, if the Guarantee was called, the Guarantor) has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts as provided or referred to in Condition 8, or increase the payment of such additional amounts, as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws (or any regulations, rulings or other administrative pronouncements promulgated thereunder) of Singapore or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws, regulations, rulings or other administrative pronouncements, which change or amendment is made public on or after the Issue Date or any other date specified in the Pricing Supplement, and (ii) such obligations cannot be avoided by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor taking reasonable measures available to it, provided that no such notice of redemption shall be given earlier than 90 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor would be obliged to pay such additional amounts were a payment in respect of the Notes then due. Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this paragraph, the Issuer shall deliver to the Issuing and Paying Agent a certificate signed by a director or a duly authorised signatory of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor stating that the Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the Issuer so to redeem have occurred, and an opinion of independent legal, tax or other professional advisers to the effect that the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor has or is likely to become obliged to pay such additional amounts as a result of such change or amendment.

(g) Purchases

The Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may at any time purchase Notes at any price (provided that they are purchased together with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons relating to them) in the open market or otherwise, provided that in any such case such purchase or purchases is in compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives.

Notes purchased by the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may be surrendered by the purchaser through the Issuer to, in the case of Bearer Securities, the Issuing and Paying Agent or, in the case of Registered Securities, the Registrar for cancellation or may at the option of the Issuer or relevant subsidiary be held or resold.

For the purposes of these Conditions, “**directive**” includes any present or future directive, regulation, request, requirement, rule or credit restraint programme of any relevant agency, authority, central bank department, government, legislative, minister, ministry, official public or statutory corporation, self-regulating organisation, or stock exchange.

(h) Early Redemption of Zero Coupon Notes

- (i) The Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any Zero Coupon Note, the Early Redemption Amount of which is not linked to an index and/or formula, upon redemption of such Note pursuant to Condition 6(f) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 10, shall be the Amortised Face Amount (calculated as provided below) of such Note unless otherwise specified hereon.

- (ii) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (iii) below, the Amortised Face Amount of any such Note shall be the scheduled Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date discounted at a rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Amortisation Yield (which, if none is shown hereon, shall be such rate as would produce an Amortised Face Amount equal to the issue price of the Notes if they were discounted back to their issue price on the Issue Date) compounded annually.
- (iii) If the Early Redemption Amount payable in respect of any such Note upon its redemption pursuant to Condition 6(f) or upon it becoming due and payable as provided in Condition 10 is not paid when due, the Early Redemption Amount due and payable in respect of such Note shall be the Amortised Face Amount of such Note as defined in sub-paragraph (ii) above, except that such sub-paragraph shall have effect as though the date on which the Note becomes due and payable were the Relevant Date. The calculation of the Amortised Face Amount in accordance with this sub-paragraph will continue to be made (as well after as before judgment) until the Relevant Date, unless the Relevant Date falls on or after the Maturity Date, in which case the amount due and payable shall be the scheduled Redemption Amount of such Note on the Maturity Date together with any interest which may accrue in accordance with Condition 5(IV).

Where such calculation is to be made for a period of less than one year, it shall be made on the basis of the Day Count Fraction shown hereon.

(i) Cancellation

All Notes purchased by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may be surrendered for cancellation, in the case of Bearer Notes, by surrendering each such Note together with all unmatured Coupons and all unexchanged Talons to the Issuing and Paying Agent at its specified office and, in the case of Registered Notes, by surrendering the Certificate representing such Notes to the Registrar and, in each case, if so surrendered, shall, together with all Notes redeemed by the Issuer, be cancelled forthwith (together with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons attached thereto or surrendered therewith). Any Notes so surrendered for cancellation may not be reissued or resold.

7. Payments

(a) Principal and Interest in respect of Bearer Notes

Payments of principal and interest in respect of Bearer Notes will, subject as mentioned below, be made against presentation and surrender of the relevant Notes or, as the case may be, Coupons:

- (i) (in the case of a currency other than Renminbi) at the specified office of any Paying Agent by transfer to an account maintained by the payee in that currency with a bank in the principal financial centre for that currency; and
- (ii) (in the case of Renminbi) by transfer to a Renminbi account maintained by or on behalf of the holder with a bank in the Offshore Renminbi Centre which processes payments in Renminbi in the Offshore Renminbi Centre.

(b) Principal and Interest in respect of Registered Notes

- (i) Payments of principal in respect of Registered Notes will, subject as mentioned below, be made against presentation and surrender of the relevant Certificates at the specified office of any of the Transfer Agents or of the Registrar and in the manner provided in Condition 7(b)(ii).

- (ii) Interest on Registered Notes shall be paid to the person shown on the Register at the close of business on the fifteenth day before the due date for payment thereof (the “**Record Date**”). Payments of interest on each Registered Note shall be made:
 - (1) (in the case of a currency other than Renminbi) by transfer to an account maintained by the payee in that currency with a bank in the principal financial centre for that currency;
 - (2) (in the case of Renminbi) by transfer to a Renminbi account maintained by or on behalf of the holder with a bank in the Offshore Renminbi Centre which processes payments in Renminbi in the Offshore Renminbi Centre.

(c) Payments subject to law etc.

All payments are subject in all cases to (i) any applicable fiscal or other laws, regulations and directives in the place of payment, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 8, and (ii) any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “**Code**”) or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, any regulations or agreements thereunder, any official interpretations thereof, or (without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 8) any law implementing an intergovernmental approach thereto. No commission or expenses shall be charged to the Noteholders or Couponholders in respect of such payments.

The Agency Agreement provides that each Noteholder is deemed to have agreed to provide the Issuing and Paying Agent the Securityholder Tax Identification Information and Securityholder FATCA Information. Each Noteholder acknowledges that the Issuing and Paying Agent has the right, under the Agency Agreement and the Notes, to withhold interest payable with respect to the Notes (without any corresponding gross-up) on any beneficial owner of an interest in a Note that fails to comply with the foregoing requirements.

Further, the Trust Deed provides that notwithstanding any other provision of the Trust Deed, the Trustee shall be entitled to make a deduction or withholding from any payment which it makes under any Notes for or on account of any tax, if and only to the extent so required by Applicable Law (as defined in the Trust Deed), in which event the Trustee shall make such payment after such deduction or withholding has been made and shall account to the relevant Authority (as defined in the Trust Deed) within the time allowed for the amount so deducted or withheld.

(d) Appointment of Agents

The CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Calculation Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent, the CDP Registrar and the Non-CDP Registrar initially appointed by the Issuer and their respective specified offices are listed below. The Issuer and the Guarantor reserve the right at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, any other Paying Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent, any other Transfer Agent, the CDP Registrar, the Non-CDP Registrar and the Calculation Agent and to appoint additional or other Paying Agents, Transfer Agents, Registrars and Calculation Agents, provided that they will at all times maintain (i) an Issuing and Paying Agent having a specified office in Singapore and (in the case of Non-CDP Notes) a Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, as the case may be, (ii) a Transfer Agent in relation to Registered Notes, having a specified office in Singapore and (iii) a Registrar in relation to Registered Notes, having a specified office in Singapore.

Notice of any such change or any change of any specified office will promptly be given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 16.

The Agency Agreement may be amended by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent, the CDP Registrar, the Non-CDP Registrar and the Trustee, without the consent of any holder, for the purpose of curing any ambiguity or of curing, correcting or supplementing any defective provision contained therein or in any manner which the Issuer, the Guarantor, the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent, the CDP Registrar, the Non-CDP Registrar and the Trustee may mutually deem necessary or desirable and which does not, in the opinion of the Issuer, the Guarantor, the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent, the CDP Registrar, the Non-CDP Registrar and the Trustee, materially and adversely affect the interests of the holders.

(e) Unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons

- (i) Bearer Notes which comprise Fixed Rate Notes and Hybrid Notes should be surrendered for payment together with all unmaturing Coupons (if any) relating to such Notes (and, in the case of Hybrid Notes, relating to interest payable during the Fixed Rate Period), failing which an amount equal to the face value of each missing unmaturing Coupon (or, in the case of payment not being made in full, that proportion of the amount of such missing unmaturing Coupon which the sum of principal so paid bears to the total principal due) will be deducted from the Redemption Amount due for payment. Any amount so deducted will be paid in the manner mentioned above against surrender of such missing Coupon within a period of three years from the Relevant Date for the payment of such principal (whether or not such Coupon has become void pursuant to Condition 9).
- (ii) Subject to the provisions of the relevant Pricing Supplement upon the due date for redemption of any Bearer Note comprising a Floating Rate Note, Variable Rate Note or Hybrid Note, unmaturing Coupons relating to such Note (and, in the case of Hybrid Notes, relating to interest payable during the Floating Rate Period) (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment shall be made in respect of them.
- (iii) Upon the due date for redemption of any Bearer Note, any unexchanged Talon relating to such Note (whether or not attached) shall become void and no Coupon shall be delivered in respect of such Talon.
- (iv) Where any Bearer Note comprising a Floating Rate Note, Variable Rate Note or Hybrid Note is presented for redemption without all unmaturing Coupons, and where any Bearer Note is presented for redemption without any unexchanged Talon relating to it (and, in the case of Hybrid Notes, relating to interest payable during the Floating Rate Period), redemption shall be made only against the provision of such indemnity as the Issuer may require.
- (v) If the due date for redemption or repayment of any Note is not a due date for payment of interest, interest accrued from the preceding due date for payment of interest or the Interest Commencement Date, as the case may be, shall only be payable against presentation (and surrender if appropriate) of the relevant Bearer Note or Certificate.

(f) Talons

On or after the Interest Payment Date for the final Coupon forming part of a Coupon sheet issued in respect of any Bearer Note, the Talon forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at the specified office of the Issuing and Paying Agent on any business day in exchange for a further Coupon sheet (and if necessary another Talon for a further Coupon sheet) (but excluding any Coupons that may have become void pursuant to Condition 9).

(g) Non-business days

Subject as provided in the relevant Pricing Supplement or subject as otherwise provided in these Conditions, if any date for the payment in respect of any Note or Coupon is not a business day, the holder shall not be entitled to payment until the next following business day and shall not be entitled to any further interest or other payment in respect of any such delay.

(h) Default Interest

If on or after the due date for payment of any sum in respect of the Notes, payment of all or any part of such sum is not made against due presentation of the Notes or, as the case may be, the Coupons, the Issuer shall pay interest on the amount so unpaid from such due date up to the day of actual receipt by the relevant Noteholders or, as the case may be, Couponholders (as well after as before judgment) at a rate per annum determined by the Issuing and Paying Agent to be equal to two per cent. per annum above (in the case of a Fixed Rate Note or a Hybrid Note during the Fixed Rate Period) the Interest Rate applicable to such Note, (in the case of a Floating Rate Note or a Hybrid Note during the Floating Rate Period) the Rate of Interest applicable to such Note or (in the case of a Variable Rate Note) the variable rate by which the Agreed Yield applicable to such Note is determined or, as the case may be, the Rate of Interest applicable to such Note, or in the case of a Zero Coupon Note, as provided for in the relevant Pricing Supplement. So long as the default continues then such rate shall be re-calculated on the same basis at intervals of such duration as the Issuing and Paying Agent may select, save that the amount of unpaid interest at the above rate accruing during the preceding such period shall be added to the amount in respect of which the Issuer is in default and itself bear interest accordingly. Interest at the rate(s) determined in accordance with this paragraph shall be calculated on the Day Count Fraction specified hereon and the actual number of days elapsed, shall accrue on a daily basis and shall be immediately due and payable by the Issuer.

8. Taxation

All payments in respect of the Notes and the Coupons by or on behalf of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall be made free and clear of, and without deduction or withholding for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or within Singapore or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In such event, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall pay such additional amounts as will result in the receipt by the Noteholders and the Couponholders of such amounts as would have been

received by them had no such deduction or withholding been required, except that no such additional amounts shall be payable in respect of any Note or Coupon presented (or in respect of which the Certificate representing it is presented) for payment:

- (a) by or on behalf of a holder who is subject to such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges by reason of his being connected with Singapore otherwise than by reason only of the holding of such Note or Coupon or the receipt of any sums due in respect of such Note or Coupon (including, without limitation, the holder being (i) a resident in Singapore for tax purposes or (ii) a permanent establishment in Singapore);
- (b) by, or on behalf of, a holder who would be able to lawfully avoid (but has not so avoided) such deduction or withholding by making a declaration or any other statement including, but not limited to, a declaration of residence or non-residence but fails to do so; or
- (c) more than 30 days after the Relevant Date except to the extent that the holder thereof would have been entitled to such additional amounts on presenting the same for payment on the last day of such period of 30 days.

Notwithstanding any other provision of these Conditions, in no event will the Issuer or the Guarantor be required to pay any additional amounts in respect of the Notes and the Coupons for, or on account of, any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the Code or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, any regulations or agreements thereunder, or any official interpretations thereof, or any law implementing an intergovernmental approach thereto.

As used in these Conditions, “**Relevant Date**” in respect of any Note or Coupon means the date on which payment in respect thereof first becomes due or (if any amount of the money payable is improperly withheld or refused) the date on which payment in full of the amount outstanding is made or (if earlier) the date falling seven days after that on which notice is duly given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 16 that, upon further presentation of the Note (or Certificate) or Coupon being made in accordance with the Conditions, such payment will be made, provided that payment is in fact made upon presentation, and references to “**principal**” shall be deemed to include any premium, break fee or fee payable in respect of the Notes, all Redemption Amounts, Early Redemption Amounts and all other amounts in the nature of principal payable pursuant to Condition 6, “**interest**” shall be deemed to include all Interest Amounts and all other amounts payable pursuant to Condition 5 and any reference to “**principal**” and/or “**premium**” and/or “**Redemption Amounts**” and/or “**interest**” and/or “**Early Redemption Amounts**” shall be deemed to include any additional amounts which may be payable under these Conditions.

9. Prescription

Claims against the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor for payment in respect of the Notes and Coupons (which, for this purpose, shall not include Talons) shall be prescribed and become void unless made within three years from the appropriate Relevant Date for payment.

10. Events of Default

If any of the following events ("**Events of Default**") occurs and is continuing the Trustee at its discretion may, and if so requested by holders of at least 25 per cent. in principal amount of the Notes then outstanding or if so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution shall, give notice to the Issuer that the Notes are immediately repayable, whereupon the Redemption Amount of such Notes or (in the case of Zero Coupon Notes) the Early Redemption Amount of such Notes together with accrued interest to the date of payment shall become immediately due and payable:

- (a) the Issuer or the Guarantor does not pay any sum payable by it under any of the Notes when due and such default continues for a period of seven business days;
- (b) the Issuer or the Guarantor does not perform or comply with any one or more of its obligations (other than the payment obligation of the Issuer or the Guarantor referred to in paragraph (a)) under the Trust Deed or any of the Notes and, if in the opinion of the Trustee that default is capable of remedy, it is not remedied within 21 business days (or such longer period as the Trustee may in writing permit) next following the day of service by the Trustee on the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor of a written notice of such failure and requiring the same to be remedied;
- (c) any representation or warranty by the Issuer or the Guarantor in the Trust Deed or any of the Notes or in any document delivered under the Trust Deed or any of the Notes is not complied with in any respect or is or proves to have been incorrect in any respect when made or deemed repeated and, if in the opinion of the Trustee that default is capable of remedy, it is not remedied within 21 business days (or such longer period as the Trustee may in writing permit) next following the day of service by the Trustee on the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor of a written notice of such breach and requiring the same to be remedied;
- (d) the Guarantee is not (or is claimed by the Guarantor not to be) in full force and effect;
- (e)
 - (i) any other indebtedness of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries (as defined in the Trust Deed) of the Guarantor in respect of borrowed money is or is declared to be or is capable of being rendered due and payable prior to its stated maturity by reason of any event of default or the like (however described) or is not paid when due within any applicable grace period; or
 - (ii) the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries of the Guarantor fails to pay when properly called upon to do so any guarantee of indebtedness for borrowed moneys,

provided however that no Event of Default will occur under this paragraph (e) unless and until the aggregate amount of the indebtedness in respect of which one or more of the events mentioned above in this paragraph (e) has/have occurred equals or exceeds S\$50,000,000 (or its equivalent as reasonably determined by the Trustee);

- (f) the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries of the Guarantor is (or is deemed by law or a court to be) insolvent or unable to pay its debts, stops, suspends or threatens to stop or suspend payment of all or a material part of its indebtedness (other than those contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings), proposes or makes any agreement for the deferral, rescheduling or other readjustment of all or a material part of its indebtedness (or of any part which it will otherwise be unable to pay when due), proposes or makes a general

assignment or an arrangement or composition with or for the benefit of the relevant creditors or a moratorium is agreed or declared in respect of or affecting all or a material part of the indebtedness of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries of the Guarantor;

- (g) a distress, attachment, execution or other legal process is levied, enforced or sued out on or against all or a material part of the assets of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries of the Guarantor and is not discharged or stayed within 45 business days and, in the case of a Principal Subsidiary only, such event has a material adverse effect on the Guarantor;
- (h) any security on or over all or a material part of the assets of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries of the Guarantor becomes enforceable and, in the case of a Principal Subsidiary only, such event has or is likely to have a material adverse effect on the Guarantor;
- (i) (i) any petition or originating summon is presented, any resolution is passed, any meeting is convened or any order is made for the winding-up of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries of the Guarantor (except (in the case of a winding-up of a Principal Subsidiary only) for the purpose of and followed by a reconstruction, amalgamation, reorganisation, merger or consolidation (1) on terms approved by the Trustee (such approval not to be unreasonably withheld) or (2) which does not have a material adverse effect on the Guarantor) or (ii) a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator), receiver, judicial manager, trustee, administrator or similar officer of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries of the Guarantor is appointed over all or a material part of the assets of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries of the Guarantor;
- (j) the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries of the Guarantor ceases or threatens to cease to carry on all or a substantial part of its business (and, in the case of a Principal Subsidiary only, otherwise than for the purposes of such a consolidation, amalgamation, merger or reconstruction as is referred to in paragraph (i) above);
- (k) any seizure, compulsory acquisition, expropriation or nationalisation by any governmental authority of all or a material part of the assets of the Group taken as a whole occurs;
- (l) any action, condition or thing (including the obtaining of any necessary consent) at any time required to be taken, fulfilled or done for any of the purposes stated in Clause 16.3 of the Trust Deed is not taken, fulfilled or done, or any such consent ceases to be in full force and effect without modification or any condition in or relating to any such consent is not complied with (unless that consent or condition is no longer required or applicable) and if in the opinion of the Trustee that default is capable of remedy, it is not remedied within 21 business days (or such longer period as the Trustee may in writing permit) next following the day of service by the Trustee on the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor of a written notice of such failure and requiring the same to be remedied;
- (m) it is or will become unlawful for the Issuer or the Guarantor to perform or comply with any one or more of its payment or other material obligations under any of the Issue Documents or any of the Notes;

- (n) any of the Issue Documents to which it is a party or any of the Notes ceases for any reason (or is claimed by the Issuer or the Guarantor not) to be the legal and valid obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor, binding upon it in accordance with its terms;
- (o) any litigation, arbitration or administrative proceeding (other than (i) those which are of a frivolous or vexatious nature and (ii) those which are contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings) is current or pending against the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries of the Guarantor (i) to restrain the exercise of any of the rights and/or the performance or enforcement of or compliance with any of the obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor under any of the Issue Documents or any of the Notes or (ii) which has or is reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group taken as a whole;
- (p) any event occurs which, under the law of any relevant jurisdiction, has an analogous or equivalent effect to any of the events mentioned in paragraph (f), (g), (h), (i) or (k); and
- (q) the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Principal Subsidiaries of the Guarantor is declared by the Minister of Finance to be a declared company under the provisions of Part IX of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore.

In these Conditions, “**subsidiary**” has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 5 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore.

11. Enforcement of Rights

At any time after the Notes shall have become due and payable, the Trustee may, at its discretion and without further notice, institute such proceedings against the Issuer or the Guarantor as it may think fit to enforce repayment of the Notes, together with accrued interest, but it shall not be bound to take any such proceedings unless (a) it shall have been so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders or so requested in writing by Noteholders holding not less than 25 per cent. in principal amount of the Notes outstanding and (b) it shall have been indemnified and/or secured and/or prefunded by or on behalf of the Noteholders to its satisfaction. No Noteholder or Couponholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer or the Guarantor unless the Trustee, having become bound to do so, fails or neglects to do so within a reasonable period and such failure or neglect shall be continuing.

12. Meeting of Noteholders and Modifications

The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings of Noteholders of a Series to consider any matter affecting their interests, including modification by Extraordinary Resolution of the Notes of such Series (including these Conditions insofar as the same may apply to such Notes) or any of the provisions of the Trust Deed.

The Trustee, the Issuer or the Guarantor at any time may, and the Trustee upon the request in writing by Noteholders holding not less than one-tenth of the principal amount of the Notes of any Series for the time being outstanding shall, convene a meeting of the Noteholders of that Series. An Extraordinary Resolution duly passed at any such meeting shall be binding on all the Noteholders of the relevant Series, whether present or not and on all relevant Couponholders, except that any Extraordinary Resolution proposed, *inter alia*, (a) to amend the dates of maturity or redemption of the Notes or any date for payment of interest or Interest Amounts on the Notes, (b) to reduce or cancel the principal amount of, or any premium payable on redemption of, the Notes, (c) to reduce the rate or rates of interest in respect of the Notes or to vary the method or basis of calculating the

rate or rates of interest or the basis for calculating any Interest Amount in respect of the Notes, (d) to vary any method of, or basis for, calculating the Redemption Amount or the Early Redemption Amount including the method of calculating the Amortised Face Amount, (e) to vary the currency or currencies of payment or denomination of the Notes, (f) to take any steps that as specified hereon may only be taken following approval by an Extraordinary Resolution to which the special quorum provisions apply, (g) to modify the provisions concerning the quorum required at any meeting of Noteholders or the majority required to pass the Extraordinary Resolution or (h) to modify or cancel the Guarantee, will only be binding if passed at a meeting of the Noteholders of the relevant Series (or at any adjournment thereof) at which a special quorum (provided for in the Trust Deed) is present.

The Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders, to (i) any modification of any of the provisions of the Trust Deed which in the opinion of the Trustee is of a formal, minor or technical nature, is made to correct a manifest error or to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law or is required by the Stock Exchange or Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or the Depository and/or any other clearing system in which the Notes may be held and (ii) any other modification (except as mentioned in the Trust Deed), and any waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach, of any of the provisions of the Trust Deed which is in the opinion of the Trustee not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders. Any such modification, authorisation or waiver shall be binding on the Noteholders and the Couponholders and, if the Trustee so requires, such modification shall be notified to the Noteholders as soon as practicable.

In connection with the exercise of its functions (including but not limited to those in relation to any proposed modification, waiver, authorisation or substitution) the Trustee shall have regard to the interests of the Noteholders as a class and shall not have regard to the consequences of such exercise for individual Noteholders or Couponholders.

These Conditions may be amended, modified, or varied in relation to any Series of Notes by the terms of the relevant Pricing Supplement in relation to such Series.

13. Replacement of Notes, Certificates, Coupons and Talons

If a Note, Certificate, Coupon or Talon is lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed it may be replaced, subject to applicable laws, at the specified office of the Issuing and Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Notes, Coupons or Talons) and of the Registrar (in the case of Certificates), or at the specified office of such other Paying Agent or Transfer Agent, as the case may be, as may from time to time be designated by the Issuer for the purpose and notice of whose designation is given to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 16, on payment by the claimant of the fees and costs incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence, security and indemnity (which may provide, *inter alia*, that if the allegedly lost, stolen or destroyed Note, Certificate, Coupon or Talon is subsequently presented for payment, there will be paid to the Issuer on demand the amount payable by the Issuer in respect of such Note, Certificate, Coupon or Talon) and otherwise as the Issuer may require. Mutilated or defaced Notes, Certificates, Coupons or Talons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

14. Further Issues

The Issuer may from time to time without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders create and issue further notes having the same terms and conditions as the Notes of any Series and so that the same shall be consolidated and form a single Series with such Notes, and references in these Conditions to “**Notes**” shall be construed accordingly.

15. Indemnification of the Trustee

The Trust Deed contains provisions for the indemnification of the Trustee and for its relief from responsibility, including provisions relieving it from taking proceedings to enforce repayment unless indemnified and/or secured and/or prefunded by or on behalf of the Noteholders to its satisfaction. The Trust Deed also contains a provision entitling the Trustee to enter into business transactions with the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the related corporations of the Guarantor without accounting to the Noteholders or Couponholders for any profit resulting from such transactions.

16. Notices

Notices to the holders of Registered Notes shall be mailed to them at their respective addresses in the Register and deemed to have been given on the fourth weekday (being a day other than Saturday or Sunday) after the date of mailing. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notices to the holders of Notes will be valid if published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in Singapore (or, if the holders of any Series of Notes can be identified, notices to such holders will also be valid if they are given to each of such holders). It is expected that such publication will be made in the Business Times. Notices will, if published more than once or on different dates, be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication in such newspaper as provided above.

Couponholders shall be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice to the holders of Bearer Notes in accordance with this Condition 16.

Until such time as any Definitive Securities (as defined in the Trust Deed) or Certificates are issued, there may, so long as the Global Security(ies) or Global Certificate(s) is or are held in its or their entirety on behalf of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or any other clearing system, be substituted for such publication in such newspapers the delivery of the relevant notice to Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, (subject to the agreement of the Depository) the Depository and/or such other clearing system for communication by it to the Noteholders, except that if the Notes are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and the rules of such exchange so require, notice will (unless waived by such exchange) in any event be published in accordance with the first paragraph above. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given to the Noteholders on the seventh day after the day on which the said notice was given to Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or such other clearing system.

Notices to be given by any Noteholder pursuant hereto (including to the Issuer) shall be in writing and given by lodging the same, together with the relative Note or Notes, with the Issuing and Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Notes) or the Registrar (in the case of Certificates). Whilst the Notes are represented by a Global Security or a Global Certificate, such notice may be given by any Noteholder to the Issuing and Paying Agent or, as the case may be, the Registrar through Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or such other clearing system in such manner as the Issuing and Paying Agent or, as the case may be, the Registrar and Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or such other clearing system may approve for this purpose.

Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Condition, in any case where the identity and addresses of all the Noteholders are known to the Issuer, notices to such holders may be given individually by recorded delivery mail to such addresses and will be deemed to have been given when received at such addresses.

17. Governing Law

The Notes, the Coupons and the Talons are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, the laws of Singapore.

18. Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act

No person shall have any right to enforce any term or condition of the Notes under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act, Chapter 53B of Singapore.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE PERPETUAL SECURITIES

The following is the text of the terms and conditions which, subject to completion and amendment and as supplemented or varied in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Pricing Supplement, will be endorsed on the Perpetual Securities in definitive form issued in exchange for the Global Security(ies) or the Global Certificate(s) representing each Series. Either (i) the full text of these terms and conditions together with the relevant provisions of the Pricing Supplement or (ii) these terms and conditions as so completed, amended, supplemented or varied (and subject to simplification by the deletion of non-applicable provisions), shall be endorsed on such Perpetual Securities. All capitalised terms that are not defined in these Conditions will have the meanings given to them in the relevant Pricing Supplement. Those definitions will be endorsed on such Bearer Perpetual Securities or on the Certificates relating to such Registered Perpetual Securities. References in the Conditions to “Perpetual Securities” are to the Perpetual Securities of one Series only, not to all Perpetual Securities that may be issued under the Programme, details of the relevant Series being shown on the face of the relevant Perpetual Securities and in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

The Perpetual Securities are constituted by a Trust Deed dated 23 April 2008 made between (1) GLL IHT Pte. Ltd., as issuer (the “**Issuer**”), (2) GuocoLand Limited, as guarantor (the “**Guarantor**”), and (3) HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (the “**Trustee**”, which expression shall wherever the context so admits include such company and all other persons for the time being the trustee or trustees of the Trust Deed), as trustee for the Perpetual Securityholders (as defined below) (as amended and restated by an amendment and restatement deed dated 15 September 2011, a second amendment and restatement deed dated 8 March 2013, and a third amendment and restatement deed dated 28 September 2017, in each case, made between the same parties, and as further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time, the “**Trust Deed**”), and (where applicable) the Perpetual Securities are issued with the benefit of a deed of covenant dated 23 April 2008, relating to the Perpetual Securities executed by the Issuer (as amended and supplemented by a supplemental deed of covenant dated 15 September 2011 and a second supplemental deed of covenant dated 8 March 2013 relating to the Perpetual Securities, in each case, executed by the Issuer, and as further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time, the “**Deed of Covenant**”) relating to Perpetual Securities cleared or to be cleared through the CDP System (as defined in the Trust Deed) (“**CDP Perpetual Securities**”). These terms and conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Deed, which includes the form of the Bearer Perpetual Securities, Certificates, Coupons and Talons referred to below. The Issuer and the Guarantor have entered into an Agency Agreement dated 23 April 2008 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) Citicorp Investment Bank (Singapore) Limited, as issuing and paying agent and agent bank, and (4) the Trustee, as trustee, (as amended and restated by an amendment and restatement agreement dated 15 September 2011 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, as issuing and paying agent and agent bank, and (4) the Trustee, as trustee, a second amendment and restatement agreement dated 8 March 2013 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, as issuing and paying agent, agent bank, transfer agent and registrar, and (4) the Trustee, as trustee, and a third amendment and restatement agreement dated 28 September 2017 made between (1) the Issuer, as issuer, (2) the Guarantor, as guarantor, (3) The Bank of New York Mellon, Singapore Branch, as issuing and paying agent (in such capacity, the “**CDP Issuing and Paying Agent**”), transfer agent (in such capacity, the “**CDP Transfer Agent**”) and registrar (in such capacity, the “**CDP Registrar**”), in each case, in respect of CDP Perpetual Securities, (4) The Bank of New York Mellon, London Branch, as paying agent in respect of Perpetual Securities cleared or to be cleared through Euroclear (as defined below) and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (as defined below) (“**Non-CDP Perpetual Securities**”) (in such capacity, the “**Non-CDP Issuing**

and Paying Agent” and, together with the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent and any other paying agents that may be appointed, the **“Paying Agents”**) and as calculation agent (in such capacity, the **“Calculation Agent”**), (5) The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch, as transfer agent in respect of Non-CDP Perpetual Securities (in such capacity, the **“Non-CDP Transfer Agent”** and, together with the CDP Transfer Agent and any other transfer agents that may be appointed, the **“Transfer Agents”**) and registrar in respect of Non-CDP Perpetual Securities (in such capacity, the **“Non-CDP Registrar”**, and together with the CDP Registrar, the **“Registrars”**), and (6) the Trustee, as trustee, and as further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time, the **“Agency Agreement”**). The Perpetual Securityholders and the holders (the **“Couponholders”**) of the distribution coupons (the **“Coupons”**) relating to the Perpetual Securities in bearer form and talons for further Coupons (the **“Talons”**) are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all of the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Covenant.

For the purposes of these Conditions, all references to the Issuing and Paying Agent, the Transfer Agent and the Registrar shall, (a) with respect to a Series (as defined below) of CDP Perpetual Securities, be deemed to be a reference to the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent and the CDP Registrar respectively, (b) with respect to a Series of Non-CDP Perpetual Securities, be deemed to be a reference to the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent and the Non-CDP Registrar respectively and (c) in any other case, be deemed to be a reference to such Paying Agent, Transfer Agent or Registrar appointed by the Issuer and the Guarantor to fully observe and perform its obligations, and (unless the context otherwise requires) all such references shall be construed accordingly.

Copies of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Covenant are available for inspection at the principal office of the Trustee for the time being and at the respective office of the Agents for the time being.

1. Form, Denomination and Title

(a) Form and Denomination

- (i) The Perpetual Securities of the Series of which this Perpetual Security forms part (in these Conditions, the **“Perpetual Securities”**) are issued in bearer form (**“Bearer Perpetual Securities”**) or in registered form (**“Registered Perpetual Securities”**) in each case in the Denomination Amount shown hereon.
- (ii) This Perpetual Security is a Fixed Rate Perpetual Security or a Floating Rate Perpetual Security (depending upon the Distribution Basis shown on its face).
- (iii) Bearer Perpetual Securities are serially numbered and issued with Coupons (and, where appropriate, a Talon) attached.
- (iv) Registered Perpetual Securities are represented by registered certificates (**“Certificates”**) and, save as provided in Condition 2(c), each Certificate shall represent the entire holding of Registered Perpetual Securities by the same holder.

(b) Title

- (i) Title to the Bearer Perpetual Securities and the Coupons and the Talons appertaining thereto shall pass by delivery. Title to the Registered Perpetual Securities shall pass by registration in the register that the Issuer shall procure to be kept by the Registrar in accordance with the provisions of the Agency Agreement (the **“Register”**).

- (ii) Except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law, the holder of any Perpetual Security, Coupon or Talon shall be deemed to be and may be treated as the absolute owner of such Perpetual Security, Coupon or Talon, as the case may be, for the purpose of receiving payment thereof or on account thereof and for all other purposes, whether or not such Perpetual Security, Coupon or Talon shall be overdue and notwithstanding any notice of ownership, theft, loss or forgery thereof or any writing thereon made by anyone, and no person shall be liable for so treating the holder.
- (iii) For so long as any of the Perpetual Securities is represented by a Global Security or, as the case may be, a Global Certificate, and such Global Security or Global Certificate is held by a common depositary for Euroclear Bank SA/NV ("**Euroclear**") and Clearstream Banking S.A. ("**Clearstream, Luxembourg**"), The Central Depository (Pte) Limited (the "**Depository**") and/or any other clearing system, each person who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or such other clearing system as the holder of a particular principal amount of such Perpetual Securities (in which regard any certificate or other document issued by Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or any other clearing system as to the principal amount of such Perpetual Securities standing to the account of any person shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes save in the case of manifest error) shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Paying Agents, the other Paying Agents, the Calculation Agent, the Registrars, the Transfer Agents, all other agents of the Issuer and the Trustee as the holder of such principal amount of Perpetual Securities other than with respect to the payment of principal, distribution and any other amounts in respect of the Perpetual Securities, for which purpose the bearer of the Global Security or, as the case may be, the person whose name is shown on the Register shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Paying Agents, the Calculation Agent, the Registrars, the Transfer Agents, all other agents of the Issuer and the Trustee as the holder of such Perpetual Securities in accordance with and subject to the terms of the Global Security or, as the case may be, the Global Certificate (and the expressions "**Perpetual Securityholder**" and "**holder of Perpetual Securities**" and related expressions shall be construed accordingly). Perpetual Securities which are represented by the Global Security or, as the case may be, the Global Certificate will be transferable only in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or any other clearing system.
- (iv) In these Conditions, "**Global Security**" means the relevant Temporary Global Security representing each Series or the relevant Permanent Global Security representing each Series, "**Global Certificate**" means the relevant Global Certificate representing each Series that is registered in the name of, or in the name of a nominee of (a) a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, (b) the Depository and/or (c) any other clearing system, "**Perpetual Securityholder**" means the bearer of any Bearer Perpetual Security or the person in whose name a Registered Perpetual Security is registered (as the case may be) and "**holder**" (in relation to a Perpetual Security, Coupon or Talon) means the bearer of any Bearer Perpetual Security, Coupon or Talon or the person in whose name a Registered Perpetual Security is registered (as the case may be), "**Series**" means a Tranche, together with any further Tranche or Tranches, which are (a) expressed to be consolidated and forming a single series and (b) identical in all respects (including as to listing) except for their respective issue dates, issue prices and/or dates of the first distribution payment and "**Tranche**" means Perpetual Securities which are identical in all respects (including as to listing).

- (v) Words and expressions defined in the Trust Deed or used in the applicable Pricing Supplement (as defined in the Trust Deed) shall have the same meanings where used in these Conditions unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise stated and provided that, in the event of inconsistency between the Trust Deed and the applicable Pricing Supplement, the applicable Pricing Supplement will prevail.

2. No Exchange of Perpetual Securities and Transfers of Registered Perpetual Securities

- (a) **No Exchange of Perpetual Securities:** Registered Perpetual Securities may not be exchanged for Bearer Perpetual Securities. Bearer Perpetual Securities of one Denomination Amount may not be exchanged for Bearer Perpetual Securities of another Denomination Amount. Bearer Perpetual Securities may not be exchanged for Registered Perpetual Securities.
- (b) **Transfer of Registered Perpetual Securities:** Subject to Condition 2(f) below, one or more Registered Perpetual Securities may be transferred upon the surrender (at the specified office of the Registrar or any other Transfer Agent) of the Certificate representing such Registered Perpetual Securities to be transferred, together with the form of transfer endorsed on such Certificate (or another form of transfer substantially in the same form and containing the same representations and certifications (if any), unless otherwise agreed by the Issuer) duly completed and executed and any other evidence as the Registrar or such other Transfer Agent may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor and the authority of the individuals that have executed the form of transfer. In the case of a transfer of part only of a holding of Registered Perpetual Securities represented by one Certificate, a new Certificate shall be issued to the transferee in respect of the part transferred and a further new Certificate in respect of the balance of the holding not transferred shall be issued to the transferor. All transfers of Perpetual Securities and entries on the Register will be made subject to the detailed regulations concerning transfers of Perpetual Securities scheduled to the Agency Agreement. The regulations may be changed by the Issuer, with the prior written approval of the Registrar and the Trustee. A copy of the current regulations will be made available by the Registrar to any Perpetual Securityholder upon request.
- (c) **Exercise of Options or Partial Redemption in Respect of Registered Perpetual Securities:** In the case of an exercise of an Issuer's option in respect of, or a partial redemption of, a holding of Registered Perpetual Securities represented by a single Certificate, a new Certificate shall be issued to the holder to reflect the exercise of such option or in respect of the balance of the holding not redeemed. In the case of a partial exercise of an option resulting in Registered Perpetual Securities of the same holding having different terms, separate Certificates shall be issued in respect of those Perpetual Securities of that holding that have the same terms. New Certificates shall only be issued against surrender of the existing Certificates to the Registrar or any other Transfer Agent. In the case of a transfer of Registered Perpetual Securities to a person who is already a holder of Registered Perpetual Securities, a new Certificate representing the enlarged holding shall only be issued against surrender of the Certificate representing the existing holding.
- (d) **Delivery of New Certificates:** Each new Certificate to be issued pursuant to Condition 2(b) or 2(c) shall be available for delivery within five business days of receipt of the form of transfer and surrender of the Certificate for exchange. Delivery of the new Certificate(s) shall be made at the specified office of the Registrar or such other Transfer Agent (as the case may be) to whom delivery or surrender of such

form of transfer or Certificate shall have been made or, at the option of the holder making such delivery or surrender as aforesaid and as specified in the relevant form of transfer or otherwise in writing, be mailed by uninsured post at the risk of the holder entitled to the new Certificate to such address as may be so specified, unless such holder requests otherwise and pays in advance to the Registrar or the relevant Transfer Agent the costs of such other method of delivery and/or such insurance as it may specify. In this Condition 2(d), “**business day**” means a day, other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday, on which banks are open for business in the place of the specified office of the Registrar or the other relevant Transfer Agent (as the case may be).

- (e) **Transfers Free of Charge:** Transfers of Perpetual Securities and registrations and issues of Certificates on transfer, exercise of an option or partial redemption, shall be effected without charge by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Registrar or the other Transfer Agents, but upon payment of any tax or other governmental charges that may be imposed in relation to it (or the giving of such indemnity and/or security and/or prefunding as the Registrar or the other relevant Transfer Agent may require in respect of such tax or other governmental charges).
- (f) **Closed Periods:** No Perpetual Securityholder may require the transfer of a Registered Perpetual Security to be registered (i) during the period of 15 days prior to any date on which Perpetual Securities may be called for redemption by the Issuer at its option pursuant to Condition 5(b), (ii) after any such Perpetual Security has been called for redemption or (iii) during the period of seven days ending on (and including) any Record Date (as defined in Condition 6(b)(ii)).

3. Status and Guarantee

- (a) **Senior Perpetual Securities:** This Condition 3(a) applies to Perpetual Securities that are Senior Perpetual Securities (being the Perpetual Securities that specify their status as senior in the applicable Pricing Supplement).

- (i) **Status of Senior Perpetual Securities**

The Senior Perpetual Securities and Coupons relating to them constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank *pari passu*, without any preference or priority among themselves, and *pari passu* with all other present and future unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Issuer.

- (ii) **Guarantee of Senior Perpetual Securities**

The payment of all sums expressed to be payable by the Issuer under the Trust Deed, the Senior Perpetual Securities and the Coupons are unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor. The obligations of the Guarantor under the Senior Guarantee (as defined in the Trust Deed) are contained in the Trust Deed. The payment obligations of the Guarantor under the Senior Guarantee and the Trust Deed constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and shall rank *pari passu* with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Guarantor.

- (b) **Subordinated Perpetual Securities:** This Condition 3(b) applies to Perpetual Securities that are Subordinated Perpetual Securities (being the Perpetual Securities that specify their status as subordinated in the applicable Pricing Supplement).

(i) **Status of Subordinated Perpetual Securities**

The Subordinated Perpetual Securities and Coupons relating to them constitute direct, unconditional, subordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank *pari passu*, without any preference or priority among themselves and *pari passu* with any Parity Obligations of the Issuer. The rights and claims of the Perpetual Securityholders and Couponholders in respect of the Subordinated Perpetual Securities are subordinated as provided in this Condition 3(b).

In these Conditions, “**Parity Obligation**” means, in relation to the Issuer or the Guarantor, any instrument or security (including without limitation any preference shares) issued, entered into or guaranteed by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor (a) which ranks or is expressed to rank, by its terms or by operation of law, *pari passu* with (in the case of the Issuer) the Subordinated Perpetual Securities or (in the case of the Guarantor) the Subordinated Guarantee (as defined in the Trust Deed) and (b) the terms of which provide that the making of payments thereon or distributions in respect thereof are fully at the discretion of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor and/or, in the case of an instrument or security guaranteed by the Issuer or the Guarantor, the issuer thereof.

(ii) **Ranking of claims on winding-up - Issuer**

Subject to the insolvency laws of Singapore and other applicable laws, in the event of the winding-up of the Issuer, the rights of the Perpetual Securityholders and Couponholders in respect of Subordinated Perpetual Securities to payment of principal of and distribution on the Subordinated Perpetual Securities and the Coupons relating to them are expressly subordinated and subject in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all claims of senior creditors of the Issuer but at least *pari passu* with all other subordinated obligations of the Issuer that are not expressed by their terms to rank junior to the Subordinated Perpetual Securities and in priority to the claims of shareholders of the Issuer and/or as otherwise specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement.

(iii) **No set-off - Issuer**

Subject to applicable law, no holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them may exercise, claim or plead any right of set-off, deduction, withholding or retention in respect of any amount owed to it by the Issuer in respect of, or arising under or in connection with, the Subordinated Perpetual Securities or Coupons relating to them, and each holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them shall, by virtue of his holding of any Subordinated Perpetual Securities or Coupons relating to them, be deemed to have waived all such rights of set-off, deduction, withholding or retention against the Issuer. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if any of the amounts owing to any holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them by the Issuer in respect of, or arising under or in connection with, the Subordinated Perpetual Securities or Coupons

relating to them is discharged by set-off, such holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them shall, subject to applicable law, immediately pay an amount equal to the amount of such discharge to the Issuer (or, in the event of its winding-up or administration, the liquidator or, as appropriate, administrator of the Issuer) and, until such time as payment is made, shall hold such amount in trust for the Issuer (or the liquidator or, as appropriate, administrator of the Issuer) and accordingly any such discharge shall be deemed not to have taken place.

(iv) Guarantee of Subordinated Perpetual Securities

The payment of all sums expressed to be payable by the Issuer under the Trust Deed, the Subordinated Perpetual Securities and the Coupons relating to them are unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed on a subordinated basis by the Guarantor. The obligations of the Guarantor under the Subordinated Guarantee are contained in the Trust Deed. The payment obligations of the Guarantor under the Subordinated Guarantee and the Trust Deed constitute direct, unconditional, subordinated and unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and shall rank *pari passu* with any Parity Obligations of the Guarantor. The rights and claims of the Perpetual Securityholders in respect of the Subordinated Guarantee are subordinated as provided in this Condition 3(b).

(v) Ranking of claims on winding-up - Guarantor

Subject to the insolvency laws of Singapore and other applicable laws, in the event of the winding-up of the Guarantor, the rights of the Perpetual Securityholders and Couponholders in respect of Subordinated Perpetual Securities to payment under the Subordinated Guarantee are expressly subordinated and subject in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all claims of senior creditors of the Guarantor but at least *pari passu* with all other subordinated obligations of the Guarantor that are not expressed by their terms to rank junior to the Subordinated Guarantee and in priority to the claims of shareholders of the Guarantor and/or as otherwise specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement.

(vi) No set-off - Guarantor

Subject to applicable law, no holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them may exercise, claim or plead any right of set-off, deduction, withholding or retention in respect of any amount owed to it by the Guarantor in respect of, or arising under or in connection with, the Subordinated Guarantee, and each holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them shall, by virtue of his holding of any Subordinated Perpetual Securities or Coupons relating to them, be deemed to have waived all such rights of set-off, deduction, withholding or retention against the Guarantor. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, if any of the amounts owing to any holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them by the Guarantor in respect of, or arising under or in connection with, the Subordinated Guarantee is discharged by set-off, such holder of Subordinated Perpetual Securities or any Coupons relating to them shall, subject to applicable law, immediately pay an amount equal to the amount of such discharge to the Guarantor (or, in the event of its winding-up or administration, the liquidator or, as appropriate, administrator of the Guarantor) and, until such time as payment is made, shall hold such amount in trust for the Guarantor (or the liquidator or, as appropriate, administrator of the Guarantor) and accordingly any such discharge shall be deemed not to have taken place.

4. Distributions and other Calculations

(I) Distribution on Fixed Rate Perpetual Securities

(a) Distribution Rate and Accrual

Each Fixed Rate Perpetual Security confers a right to receive distribution on its Calculation Amount (as defined in Condition 4(II)(c)) from the Distribution Commencement Date in respect thereof applicable to such Perpetual Security at the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) equal to the Distribution Rate shown on the face of such Perpetual Security payable in arrear on each Distribution Payment Date or Distribution Payment Dates shown on the face of such Perpetual Security in each year.

The first payment of distribution will be made on the Distribution Payment Date next following the Distribution Commencement Date (and if the Distribution Commencement Date is not a Distribution Payment Date, will amount to the Initial Broken Amount shown on the face of such Perpetual Security).

Distribution will cease to accrue on each Fixed Rate Perpetual Security from (and including) the due date for redemption thereof unless, upon due presentation and subject to the provisions of the Trust Deed, payment of the Redemption Amount is improperly withheld or refused, in which event distribution at such rate will continue to accrue (as well after as before judgment) at the rate and in the manner provided in this Condition 4(I) to (but excluding) the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 7).

(b) Distribution Rate

The Distribution Rate applicable to each Fixed Rate Perpetual Security shall be:

- (i) (if no Reset Date is specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement) the rate shown on the face of such Perpetual Security; and
- (ii) (if a Reset Date is specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement) (1) for the period from, and including, the Distribution Commencement Date to, but excluding, the First Reset Date specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, the rate shown on the face of such Perpetual Security and (2) for the period from, and including, the First Reset Date and each Reset Date (as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement) falling thereafter to, but excluding, the immediately following Reset Date, the Reset Distribution Rate,

Provided always that if Redemption upon a Change of Control is specified hereon and a Change of Control Margin is specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, in the event that a Change of Control (as defined in Condition 5(g)) has occurred, so long as the Issuer has not already redeemed the Perpetual Securities in accordance with Condition 5(g), the then prevailing Distribution Rate shall be increased by the Change of Control Margin with effect from, and including the Distribution Payment Date immediately following the date on which the Change of Control occurred (or, if the Change of Control occurs on or after the date which is two business days prior to the immediately following Distribution Payment Date, the next following Distribution Payment Date).

For the purpose of these Conditions:

“Reset Distribution Rate” means the Swap Offer Rate or such other Relevant Rate to be specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement with respect to the relevant Reset Date plus the Initial Spread (as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement) plus the Step-Up Margin (if applicable, as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement) plus the Change of Control Margin (if applicable); and

“Swap Offer Rate” means the rate per annum (expressed as a percentage) notified by the Calculation Agent to the Issuer and the Perpetual Securityholders (in accordance with Condition 14) equal to the rate appearing under the column headed “SGD IRS OFFER” for a maturity of the number of years specified as the Reset Period in the applicable Pricing Supplement which appears on Bloomberg Screen ABSI3 Page published between 11.30 am to 12.00 noon (Singapore time) on the day that is two business days preceding the relevant Reset Date. If such rate does not appear on the Bloomberg Screen ABSI3 Page, the rate for that Reset Date will be any substitute rate announced by the Association of Banks in Singapore, provided that, in each case, in the event such rate is zero or negative, the Swap Offer Rate shall be deemed to be zero per cent. per annum.

(c) Calculation of Reset Distribution Rate and Distribution Rate

The Calculation Agent will, on the second business day prior to each Reset Date or (if a Change of Control has occurred) the relevant Distribution Payment Date, calculate the applicable Reset Distribution Rate or, as the case may be, the applicable Distribution Rate payable in respect of each Perpetual Security. The Calculation Agent will cause the applicable Reset Distribution Rate determined by it to be notified to the Issuing and Paying Agent, the Trustee, the Issuer and the Guarantor as soon as practicable after its determination but in no event later than the fourth business day thereafter. The determination of any rate or amount, the obtaining of each quotation and the making of each determination or calculation by the Calculation Agent will (in the absence of manifest error) be binding on all parties.

(d) Publication of Relevant Reset Distribution Rate

The Issuer shall cause notice of the then applicable Reset Distribution Rate or (if a Change of Control has occurred) the applicable Distribution Rate to be promptly notified to the Perpetual Securityholders in accordance with Condition 14 after determination thereof.

(e) Determination or Calculation by Trustee

If the Calculation Agent does not at any material time for any reason so determine the applicable Reset Distribution Rate or (if a Change of Control has occurred) the applicable Distribution Rate, the Trustee shall do so. In doing so, the Trustee shall apply the foregoing provisions of this Condition 4(I), with any necessary consequential amendments, to the extent that, in its opinion, it can do so and, in all other respects, it shall do so in such manner as it shall deem fair and reasonable in the circumstances.

(f) Calculations

In the case of a Fixed Rate Perpetual Security, distribution in respect of a period of less than one year will be calculated on the Day Count Fraction shown on the face of the Perpetual Security. The amount of distribution payable per Calculation Amount

in respect of a Fixed Rate Distribution Period for any Fixed Rate Perpetual Security shall be calculated by multiplying the product of the Distribution Rate and the Calculation Amount, by the Day Count Fraction shown on the Perpetual Security and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant currency.

For the purposes of these Conditions, “**Fixed Rate Distribution Period**” means the period beginning on (and including) the Distribution Commencement Date and ending on (but excluding) the first Distribution Payment Date and each successive period beginning on (and including) a Distribution Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the next succeeding Distribution Payment Date.

(II) **Distribution on Floating Rate Perpetual Securities**

(a) **Distribution Payment Dates**

Each Floating Rate Perpetual Security confers a right to receive distribution on its Calculation Amount from the Distribution Commencement Date in respect thereof and as shown on the face of such Perpetual Security, and such distribution will be payable in arrear on each Distribution Payment Date. Such Distribution Payment Date(s) is/are either shown hereon as Specified Distribution Payment Dates or, if no Specified Distribution Payment Date(s) is/are shown hereon, Distribution Payment Date shall mean each date which (save as mentioned in these Conditions) falls the number of months specified as the Distribution Period on the face of the Perpetual Security (the “**Specified Number of Months**”) after the preceding Distribution Payment Date or, in the case of the first Distribution Payment Date, after the Distribution Commencement Date (and which corresponds numerically with such preceding Distribution Payment Date or the Distribution Commencement Date, as the case may be). If any Distribution Payment Date referred to in these Conditions that is specified to be subject to adjustment in accordance with a Business Day Convention would otherwise fall on a day that is not a business day (as defined below), then if the Business Day Convention specified is (1) the Floating Rate Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day which is a business day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (i) such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day and (ii) each subsequent such date shall be the last business day of the month in which such date would have fallen had it not been subject to adjustment, (2) the Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a business day, (3) the Modified Following Business Day Convention, such date shall be postponed to the next day that is a business day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day or (4) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day.

The period beginning on (and including) the Distribution Commencement Date and ending on (but excluding) the first Distribution Payment Date and each successive period beginning on (and including) a Distribution Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the next succeeding Distribution Payment Date is herein called a “**Distribution Period**”.

Distribution will cease to accrue on each Floating Rate Perpetual Security from (and including) the due date for redemption thereof unless, upon due presentation and subject to the provisions of the Trust Deed, payment of the Redemption Amount is improperly withheld or refused, in which event distribution will continue to accrue (as well after as before judgment) at the rate and in the manner provided in this Condition 4(II) to (but excluding) the Relevant Date.

(b) **Rate of Distribution - Floating Rate Perpetual Securities**

- (i) Each Floating Rate Perpetual Security confers a right to receive distribution on its Calculation Amount at a floating rate determined by reference to a Benchmark as stated on the face of such Floating Rate Perpetual Security, being (in the case of Perpetual Securities which are denominated in Singapore Dollars) SIBOR (in which case such Perpetual Security will be a SIBOR Perpetual Security) or Swap Rate (in which case such Perpetual Security will be a Swap Rate Perpetual Security) or in any case (or in the case of Perpetual Securities which are denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars) such other Benchmark as is set out on the face of such Perpetual Security.

Such floating rate may be adjusted by adding or subtracting the Spread (if any) stated on the face of such Perpetual Security. The "Spread" is the percentage rate per annum specified on the face of such Perpetual Security as being applicable to the rate of distribution for such Perpetual Security. The rate of distribution so calculated shall be subject to Condition 4(IV)(a) below.

The rate of distribution payable in respect of a Floating Rate Perpetual Security from time to time is referred to in these Conditions as the **"Rate of Distribution"**.

- (ii) The Rate of Distribution payable from time to time in respect of each Floating Rate Perpetual Security will be determined by the Calculation Agent on the basis of the following provisions:

- (1) in the case of Floating Rate Perpetual Security which are SIBOR Perpetual Securities:

- (A) the Calculation Agent will, at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Distribution Determination Date in respect of each Distribution Period, determine the Rate of Distribution for such Distribution Period which shall be the offered rate for deposits in Singapore Dollars for a period equal to the duration of such Distribution Period which appears on the Bloomberg Screen Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page under the column headed "SGD SIBOR" (or such other replacement page thereof for the purpose of displaying SIBOR or such other Screen Page as may be provided on the face of such Floating Rate Perpetual Security) and as adjusted by the Spread (if any) and the Step-Up Spread (if any);
- (B) if on any Distribution Determination Date, no such rate appears on the Bloomberg Screen Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page (or such other replacement page thereof) or if the Bloomberg Screen Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page (or such other replacement page thereof) is unavailable for any reason, the Calculation Agent will, at or about the Relevant Time on such Distribution Determination Date, determine the Rate of Distribution for such Distribution Period which shall be the rate which appears on the Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX01 Page under the caption "ABS SIBOR FIX - SIBOR AND SWAP OFFER RATES - RATES AT 11:00 HRS SINGAPORE TIME" and under the column headed "SGD SIBOR" (or such other replacement page thereof for the purpose of displaying SIBOR or such other Screen Page as may be provided hereon) and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);

- (C) if on any Distribution Determination Date, no such rate appears on Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX01 Page under the column headed “SGD SIBOR” (or such other replacement page thereof) or if the Reuters Screen ABSIRFIX01 Page (or such other replacement page thereof or such other Screen Page as may be provided hereon) is unavailable for any reason, the Calculation Agent will request the principal Singapore offices of each of the Reference Banks to provide the Calculation Agent with the rate at which deposits in Singapore Dollars are offered by it at approximately the Relevant Time on the Distribution Determination Date to prime banks in the Singapore interbank market for a period equivalent to the duration of such Distribution Period commencing on such Distribution Payment Date in an amount comparable to the aggregate principal amount of the relevant Floating Rate Perpetual Securities. The Rate of Distribution for such Distribution Period shall be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 1/16 per cent.) of such offered quotations and as adjusted by the Spread (if any), as determined by the Calculation Agent;
- (D) if on any Distribution Determination Date, two but not all the Reference Banks provide the Calculation Agent with such quotations, the Rate of Distribution for the relevant Distribution Period shall be determined in accordance with (C) above on the basis of the quotations of those Reference Banks providing such quotations;
- (E) if on any Distribution Determination Date, one only or none of the Reference Banks provides the Calculation Agent with such quotations, the Rate of Distribution for the relevant Distribution Period shall be the rate per annum which the Calculation Agent determines to be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 1/16 per cent.) of the prime lending rates for Singapore Dollars quoted by the Reference Banks at or about the Relevant Time on such Distribution Determination Date and as adjusted by the Spread (if any); and
- (F) if paragraph (b)(ii)(1)(E) above applies and the Calculation Agent determines that fewer than two Reference Banks are so quoting such prime lending rates, the Rate of Interest shall be the Rate of Interest determined on the previous Interest Determination Date;
- (2) in the case of Floating Rate Perpetual Securities which are Swap Rate Perpetual Securities:
- (A) the Calculation Agent will, at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Distribution Determination Date in respect of each Distribution Period, determine the Rate of Distribution for such Distribution Period as being the rate which appears on the Bloomberg Screen Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page under the column headed “SGD Swap Offer” (or such replacement page thereof for the purpose of displaying the swap rates of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on such Distribution Determination Date and for a period equal to the duration of such Distribution Period and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);

- (B) if on any Distribution Determination Date, no such rate is quoted on the Bloomberg Screen Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) or the Bloomberg Screen Swap Offer and SIBOR (ABSIRFIX) Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) is unavailable for any reason, the Calculation Agent will determine the Rate of Distribution for such Distribution Period as being the rate which appears on the Reuters Screen ABSFIX1 under the caption “SGD SOR rates as of 11:00hrs London Time” and under the column headed “SGD SOR” or such replacement page thereof for the purpose of displaying the swap rates of leading reference banks) at or about the Relevant Time on the relevant Distribution Determination Date for a period equal to the duration of the Distribution Period concerned and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);
- (C) if on any Distribution Determination Date, no such rate is quoted on Reuters Screen ABSFIX1 Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) or Reuters Screen ABSFIX1 Page (or such other replacement page as aforesaid) is unavailable for any reason, the Calculation Agent will determine the Rate of Distribution for such Distribution Period as being the rate (or, if there is more than one rate which is published, the arithmetic mean of those rates (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 1/16 per cent.)) for a period equal to the duration of such Distribution Period published by a recognised industry body where such rate is widely used (after taking into account the industry practice at that time), or by such other relevant authority as the Calculation Agent may select; and
- (D) if on any Distribution Determination Date the Calculation Agent is otherwise unable to determine the Rate of Distribution under paragraph (b)(ii)(2)(C) above or if no agreement on the relevant authority is reached between the Calculation Agent and the Issuer under paragraph (b)(ii)(2)(C) above, the Rate of Distribution shall be determined by the Calculation Agent to be the rate per annum equal to the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 1/16 per cent.) of the rates quoted by the Reference Banks or those of them (being at least two in number) to the Calculation Agent at or about the Relevant Time on such Distribution Determination Date as being their cost (including the cost occasioned by or attributable to complying with reserves, liquidity, deposit or other requirements imposed on them by any relevant authority or authorities) of funding, for the relevant Distribution Period, an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of the relevant Floating Rate Perpetual Securities for such Distribution Period by whatever means they determine to be most appropriate and as adjusted by the Spread (if any), or if on such Distribution Determination Date one only or none of the Reference Banks provides the Calculation Agent with such quotation, the Rate of Distribution for the relevant Distribution Period shall be the rate per annum equal to the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 1/16 per cent.) of the prime lending rates for Singapore Dollars quoted by the Reference Banks at or about the Relevant Time on such Distribution Determination Date and as adjusted by the Spread (if any); and

- (E) if paragraph (b)(ii)(2)(D) above applies and the Calculation Agent determines that fewer than two Reference Banks are so quoting such prime lending rates, the Rate of Interest shall be the Rate of Interest determined on the previous Interest Determination Date; and
- (3) in the case of Floating Rate Perpetual Securities which are not SIBOR Perpetual Securities or Swap Rate Perpetual Securities or which are denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars, the Calculation Agent will determine the Rate of Distribution in respect of any Distribution Period at or about the Relevant Time on the Distribution Determination Date in respect of such Distribution Period as follows:
 - (A) if the Primary Source (as defined below) for the Floating Rate Perpetual Security is a Screen Page (as defined below), subject as provided below, the Rate of Distribution in respect of such Distribution Period shall be:
 - (aa) the Relevant Rate (as defined below) (where such Relevant Rate on such Screen Page is a composite quotation or is customarily supplied by one entity); or
 - (bb) the arithmetic mean of the Relevant Rates of the persons whose Relevant Rates appear on that Screen Page, in each case appearing on such Screen Page at the Relevant Time on the Distribution Determination Date,and as adjusted by the Spread (if any);
 - (B) if the Primary Source for the Floating Rate Perpetual Security is Reference Banks or if paragraph (b)(ii)(3)(A)(aa) applies and no Relevant Rate appears on the Screen Page at the Relevant Time on the Distribution Determination Date or if paragraph (b)(ii)(3)(A)(bb) applies and fewer than two Relevant Rates appear on the Screen Page at the Relevant Time on the Distribution Determination Date, subject as provided below, the Rate of Distribution shall be the rate per annum which the Calculation Agent determines to be the arithmetic mean (rounded up, if necessary, to the nearest 1/16 per cent.) of the Relevant Rates that each of the Reference Banks is quoting to leading banks in the Relevant Financial Centre (as defined below) at the Relevant Time on the Distribution Determination Date and as adjusted by the Spread (if any); and
 - (C) if paragraph (b)(ii)(3)(B) applies and the Calculation Agent determines that fewer than two Reference Banks are so quoting Relevant Rates, the Rate of Distribution shall be the Rate of Distribution determined on the previous Distribution Determination Date.
- (iii) On the last day of each Distribution Period, the Issuer will pay distribution on each Floating Rate Perpetual Security to which such Distribution Period relates at the Rate of Distribution for such Distribution Period.
- (iv) For the avoidance of doubt, in the event that the Rate of Distribution in relation to any Distribution Period is less than zero, the Rate of Distribution in relation to such Distribution Period shall be equal to zero.

(c) **Definitions**

As used in these Conditions:

“Benchmark” means the rate specified as such in the applicable Pricing Supplement;

“business day” means, in respect of each Perpetual Security, (i) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or the Depository, as applicable, are operating, (ii) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore and the country of the Issuing and Paying Agent’s specified office and (iii) (if a payment is to be made on that day):

- (i) (in the case of Perpetual Securities denominated in Singapore Dollars) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore;
- (ii) (in the case of Perpetual Securities denominated in a currency other than Singapore Dollars and Euros) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore and the principal financial centre for that currency; and
- (iii) (in the case of Perpetual Securities denominated in Euros) a day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in Singapore and on which the TARGET System is open for settlement in Euros;

“Calculation Amount” means the amount specified as such on the face of any Perpetual Security, or if no such amount is so specified, the Denomination Amount of such Perpetual Security as shown on the face thereof;

“Day Count Fraction” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of distribution in accordance with Condition 3:

- (i) if “Actual/Actual” is specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, the actual number of days in (in the case of Fixed Rate Perpetual Securities) the Fixed Rate Distribution Period or (in the case of Floating Rate Perpetual Securities) the Distribution Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Fixed Rate Distribution Period or, as the case may be, Distribution Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (1) the actual number of days in that portion of the Fixed Rate Distribution Period or, as the case may be, Distribution Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (2) the actual number of days in that portion of the Fixed Rate Distribution Period or, as the case may be, Distribution Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);
- (ii) if “Actual/360” is specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, the actual number of days in (in the case of Fixed Rate Perpetual Securities) the Fixed Rate Distribution Period or (in the case of Floating Rate Perpetual Securities) the Distribution Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360; and

(iii) if “Actual/365 (Fixed)” is specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, the actual number of days in (in the case of Fixed Rate Perpetual Securities) the Fixed Rate Distribution Period or (in the case of Floating Rate Perpetual Securities) the Distribution Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 365;

“Distribution Commencement Date” means the Issue Date or such other date as may be specified as the Distribution Commencement Date on the face of such Perpetual Security;

“Distribution Determination Date” means, in respect of any Distribution Period, that number of business days prior thereto as is set out in the applicable Pricing Supplement or on the face of the relevant Perpetual Security;

“Euro” means the currency of the member states of the European Union that adopt the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended from time to time;

“Offshore Renminbi Centre” means the offshore Renminbi centre(s) specified as such in the applicable Pricing Supplement;

“PRC” means the People’s Republic of China which, for the purposes of the Conditions, shall exclude Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China and Taiwan;

“Primary Source” means the Screen Page specified as such in the applicable Pricing Supplement and (in the case of any Screen Page provided by any information service other than the Bloomberg agency or the Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service (**“Reuters”**)) agreed to by the Calculation Agent;

“Reference Banks” means the institutions specified as such hereon or, if none, three major banks selected by the Calculation Agent (in consultation with the Issuer) in the interbank market that is most closely connected with the Benchmark;

“Relevant Currency” means the currency in which the Perpetual Securities are denominated;

“Relevant Financial Centre” means, in the case of distribution to be determined on a Distribution Determination Date with respect to any Floating Rate Perpetual Security, the financial centre with which the relevant Benchmark is most closely connected or, if none is so connected, Singapore;

“Relevant Rate” means the Benchmark for a Calculation Amount of the Relevant Currency for a period (if applicable or appropriate to the Benchmark) equal to the relevant Distribution Period;

“Relevant Time” means, with respect to any Distribution Determination Date, the local time in the Relevant Financial Centre at which it is customary to determine bid and offered rates in respect of deposits in the Relevant Currency in the inter-bank market in the Relevant Financial Centre;

“Renminbi” means the lawful currency of PRC;

“Screen Page” means such page, section, caption, column or other part of a particular information service (including, but not limited to, the Bloomberg agency and Reuters) as may be specified hereon for the purpose of providing the Benchmark, or such other page, section, caption, column or other part as may replace it on that information service or on such other information service, in each case as may be nominated by the person or organisation providing or sponsoring the information appearing there for the purpose of displaying rates or prices comparable to the Benchmark; and

“TARGET System” means the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (known as TARGET 2) System which was launched on 19 November 2007 or any successor thereto.

(III) **Calculations**

(a) **Determination of Rate of Distribution and Calculation of Distribution Amounts**

The Calculation Agent will, as soon as practicable after the Relevant Time on each Distribution Determination Date determine the Rate of Distribution and calculate the amount of distribution payable (the **“Distribution Amounts”**) in respect of each Calculation Amount of the relevant Floating Rate Perpetual Securities for the relevant Distribution Period. The Distribution Amounts shall be calculated by multiplying the product of the Rate of Distribution and the Calculation Amount, by the Day Count Fraction shown on the Perpetual Security and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant currency. The determination of each Rate of Distribution, Distribution Amount and Redemption Amount by the Calculation Agent shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding upon all parties.

(b) **Notification**

The Calculation Agent will cause the Rate of Distribution and the Distribution Amounts for each Distribution Period and the relevant Distribution Payment Date to be notified to the Issuing and Paying Agent, the Trustee, the Issuer and the Guarantor and (in the case of Floating Rate Perpetual Securities) to be notified to Perpetual Securityholders in accordance with Condition 14 as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than the fourth business day thereafter. The Distribution Amounts and the Distribution Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Distribution Period by reason of any Distribution Payment Date not being a business day. If the Floating Rate Perpetual Securities become due and payable under Condition 9, the Rate of Distribution and Distribution Amounts payable in respect of the Floating Rate Perpetual Securities shall nevertheless continue to be calculated as previously in accordance with this Condition but no publication of the Rate of Distribution and Distribution Amounts need to be made unless the Trustee requires otherwise.

(c) **Determination or Calculation by the Trustee**

If the Calculation Agent does not at any material time determine or calculate the Rate of Distribution for a Distribution Period or any Distribution Amount, the Trustee shall do so. In doing so, the Trustee shall apply the foregoing provisions of this Condition, with any necessary consequential amendments, to the extent that, in its opinion, it can do so, and, in all other respects, it shall do so in such manner as it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances.

(d) **Calculation Agent and Reference Banks**

The Issuer will procure that, so long as any Floating Rate Perpetual Security remains outstanding, there shall at all times be three Reference Banks (or such other number as may be required) and, so long as any Floating Rate Perpetual Security remains outstanding, there shall at all times be a Calculation Agent. If any Reference Bank (acting through its relevant office) is unable or unwilling to continue to act as a Reference Bank or the Calculation Agent is unable or unwilling to act as such or if the Calculation Agent fails duly to establish the Rate of Distribution for any Distribution Period or to calculate the Distribution Amounts, the Issuer will appoint another bank with an office in the Relevant Financial Centre to act as such in its place. The Calculation Agent may not resign its duties without a successor having been appointed as aforesaid.

(IV) **Distribution Discretion**

(a) **Optional Payment**

If Optional Payment is set out hereon, the Issuer may, at its sole discretion, elect not to pay a distribution (or to pay only part of a distribution) which is scheduled to be paid on a Distribution Payment Date by giving notice (an “**Optional Payment Notice**”) to the Trustee and the Issuing and Paying Agent and the Perpetual Securityholders (in accordance with Condition 14) not more than 15 nor less than five business days (or such other notice period as may be specified hereon) prior to a scheduled Distribution Payment Date.

If Dividend Pusher is set out hereon, the Issuer may not elect to defer any distribution if during the period (the “**Reference Period**”) ending on the day before that scheduled Distribution Payment Date (such Reference Period to be specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement), either or both of the following (each such event hereinafter referred to as a “**Compulsory Distribution Payment Event**”) have occurred:

- (i) a discretionary dividend, distribution or other payment has been declared or paid on or in respect of any of the Issuer’s Junior Obligations or the Guarantor’s Junior Obligations or, in relation to Subordinated Perpetual Securities only, (except on a *pro-rata* basis) any of the Issuer’s Parity Obligations or any of the Guarantor’s Parity Obligations; or
- (ii) any of the Issuer’s Junior Obligations or the Guarantor’s Junior Obligations has been redeemed, reduced, cancelled, bought back or acquired for any consideration or, in relation to Subordinated Perpetual Securities only, (except on a *pro-rata* basis) any of the Issuer’s Parity Obligations or any of the Guarantor’s Parity Obligations has been redeemed, reduced, cancelled, bought back or acquired for any consideration,

in each case, other than (A) in connection with any employee share option scheme, employee benefit plan or other similar arrangement with or for the benefit of the employees, officers, directors or consultants of the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries, (B) as a result of the exchange or conversion of Parity Obligations of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor for Junior Obligations of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor or (C) as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement. For the avoidance of doubt, a Compulsory Distribution Payment Event does not include (I) a declaration or payment of any

dividends or distributions by any subsidiary of the Issuer or the Guarantor on or in respect of the shares of such subsidiary and (II) a payment made by the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries on any instruments or guarantees issued by it in respect of any inter-company loans or any banking or other facilities or any other obligations which, in each case, does not rank and is not expressed to rank (by its terms or by operation of law) junior to the Perpetual Securities.

In these Conditions, “**Junior Obligation**” means, in relation to the Issuer or the Guarantor, any of its ordinary shares and any class of its share capital and any other instruments or securities (including without limitation any preference shares) issued or guaranteed by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor that ranks or is expressed to rank, whether by its terms or by operation of law, junior to the Perpetual Securities or, as the case may be, the Guarantee (as defined in the Trust Deed).

Each Optional Payment Notice shall be accompanied, in the case of the notice to the Trustee and the Issuing and Paying Agent, by a certificate signed by a director or a duly authorised signatory of the Issuer confirming that no Compulsory Distribution Payment Event has occurred. Any such certificate shall be conclusive evidence that no Compulsory Distribution Payment Event has occurred and the Trustee and the Issuing and Paying Agent shall be entitled to rely without any obligation to verify the same and without liability to any Perpetual Securityholder or any other person on any Optional Payment Notice or any certificate as aforementioned. Each Optional Payment Notice shall be conclusive and binding on the Perpetual Securityholders.

(b) **No obligation to pay**

Subject to Condition 4(IV)(c) and Condition 4(IV)(d), the Issuer shall have no obligation to pay any distribution on any Distribution Payment Date and any failure to pay a distribution in whole or in part shall not constitute a default of the Issuer in respect of the Perpetual Securities.

(c) **Non-Cumulative Deferral and Cumulative Deferral**

- (i) If Non-Cumulative Deferral is set out hereon, any distribution deferred pursuant to this Condition 4(IV) is non-cumulative and will not accrue distribution. The Issuer is not under any obligation to pay that or any other distributions that have not been paid in whole or in part. The Issuer may, at its sole discretion, and at any time, elect to pay an amount up to the amount of distribution which is unpaid (“**Optional Distribution**”) (in whole or in part) by complying with the notice requirements in Condition 4(IV)(e). There is no limit on the number of times or the extent of the amount with respect to which the Issuer can elect not to pay distributions pursuant to this Condition 4(IV).

Any partial payment of outstanding Optional Distribution by the Issuer shall be shared by the holders of all outstanding Perpetual Securities and the Coupons related to them on a *pro-rata* basis.

- (ii) If Cumulative Deferral is set out hereon, any distribution deferred pursuant to this Condition 4(IV) shall constitute “**Arrears of Distribution**”. The Issuer may, at its sole discretion, elect to (in the circumstances set out in Condition 4(IV)(a)) further defer any Arrears of Distribution by complying with the foregoing notice requirement applicable to any deferral of an accrued distribution. The Issuer is not subject to any limit as to the number of times distributions and Arrears of Distribution can or shall be deferred pursuant to this Condition 4(IV) except that this Condition 4(IV)(c) shall be complied with until all outstanding Arrears of Distribution have been paid in full.

(iii) If Additional Distribution is set out hereon, each amount of Arrears of Distribution shall bear interest as if it constituted the principal of the Perpetual Securities at the Distribution Rate or Rate of Distribution (as the case may be) and the amount of such interest (the “**Additional Distribution Amount**”) with respect to Arrears of Distribution shall be due and payable pursuant to this Condition 4 and shall be calculated by applying the applicable Distribution Rate or Rate of Distribution (as the case may be) to the amount of the Arrears of Distribution and otherwise *mutatis mutandis* as provided in the foregoing provisions of this Condition 4. The Additional Distribution Amount accrued up to any Distribution Payment Date shall be added, for the purpose of calculating the Additional Distribution Amount accruing thereafter, to the amount of Arrears of Distribution remaining unpaid on such Distribution Payment Date so that it will itself become Arrears of Distribution.

(d) Restrictions in the case of Non-Payment

If Dividend Stopper is set out hereon and on any Distribution Payment Date, payments of all distribution scheduled to be made on such date are not made in full by reason of this Condition 4(IV), the Issuer and the Guarantor shall not:

- (i) declare or pay any dividends or distributions or make any other payment on, and will procure that no dividend, distribution or other payment is made on, any of the Issuer’s or the Guarantor’s Junior Obligations or, in relation to Subordinated Perpetual Securities only, (except on a *pro-rata* basis) any of the Issuer’s or the Guarantor’s Parity Obligations; or
- (ii) redeem, reduce, cancel, buy-back or acquire for any consideration, and will procure that no redemption, reduction, cancellation, buy-back or acquisition is made in respect of, any of the Issuer’s or the Guarantor’s Junior Obligations or, in relation to Subordinated Perpetual Securities only, (except on a *pro-rata* basis) any of the Issuer’s or the Guarantor’s Parity Obligations,

in each case, other than (A) in connection with any employee share option scheme, employee benefit plan or other similar arrangement with or for the benefit of the employees, officers, directors or consultants of the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries, (B) as a result of the exchange or conversion of Parity Obligations of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor for Junior Obligations of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor and (C) as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, unless and until (I) (if Cumulative Deferral is specified as being applicable in the applicable Pricing Supplement) the Issuer has satisfied in full all outstanding Arrears of Distribution, (II) (if Non-Cumulative Deferral is specified as being applicable in the applicable Pricing Supplement) the next scheduled distribution has been paid in full or an Optional Distribution equal to the amount of a distribution payable with respect to the most recent Distribution Payment Date that was unpaid in full or in part, has been paid in full or (III) the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor is permitted to do so by an Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Trust Deed) of the Perpetual Securityholders.

For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Condition 4(IV)(d) shall restrict (1) any subsidiary of the Issuer or the Guarantor from declaring or paying any dividends or distribution on or in respect of the shares of such subsidiary or (2) the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries from making payment on any instruments or guarantees issued by it in respect of any inter-company loans or any banking or other facilities or any other obligations which, in each case, does not rank and is not expressed to rank (by its terms or by operation of law) junior to the Perpetual Securities.

(e) Satisfaction of Optional Distribution or Arrears of Distribution

The Issuer:

- (i) may, at its sole discretion, satisfy an Optional Distribution or Arrears of Distribution, as the case may be (in whole or in part) at any time by giving notice of such election to the Trustee and the Issuing and Paying Agent and the Perpetual Securityholders (in accordance with Condition 14) not more than 20 nor less than 10 business days (or such other notice period as may be specified hereon) prior to the relevant payment date specified in such notice (which notice is irrevocable and shall oblige the Issuer to pay the relevant Optional Distribution or Arrears of Distribution on the payment date specified in such notice); and
- (ii) in any event shall satisfy any outstanding Arrears of Distribution (in whole but not in part) on the earliest of:
 - (A) the date of redemption of the Perpetual Securities in accordance with the redemption events set out in Condition 5 (as applicable);
 - (B) the next Distribution Payment Date following the occurrence of a breach of Condition 4(IV)(d) or the occurrence of a Compulsory Distribution Payment Event; and
 - (C) the date such amount becomes due under Condition 9 or on a winding-up of the Issuer or the Guarantor.

Any partial payment of an Optional Distribution or Arrears of Distribution, as the case may be, by the Issuer shall be shared by the Perpetual Securityholders of all outstanding Perpetual Securities on a *pro-rata* basis.

(f) No default

Notwithstanding any other provision in these Conditions, the non-payment of any distribution payment in accordance with this Condition 4(IV) shall not constitute a default for any purpose (including, without limitation, pursuant to Condition 9) on the part of the Issuer under the Perpetual Securities.

5. Redemption and Purchase

(a) No Fixed Redemption Date

The Perpetual Securities are perpetual securities in respect of which there is no fixed redemption date and the Issuer shall (subject to the provisions of Condition 3 and without prejudice to Condition 9) only have the right to redeem or purchase them in accordance with the following provisions of this Condition 5.

(b) Redemption at the Option of the Issuer

If so provided hereon, the Issuer may at its option, on giving irrevocable notice to the Perpetual Securityholders falling within the Issuer's Redemption Option Period shown on the face hereof, redeem all or, if so provided, some of the Perpetual Securities at their Redemption Amount or integral multiples thereof and on the date or dates so provided. Any such redemption of Perpetual Securities shall be at their Redemption Amount, together with distribution accrued (including any Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption.

All Perpetual Securities in respect of which any such notice is given shall be redeemed on the date specified in such notice in accordance with this Condition.

In the case of a partial redemption of the Perpetual Securities, the notice to Perpetual Securityholders shall also contain the certificate numbers of the Bearer Perpetual Securities or, in the case of Registered Perpetual Securities, shall specify the principal amount of Registered Perpetual Securities drawn and the holder(s) of such Registered Perpetual Securities, to be redeemed, which shall have been drawn by or on behalf of the Issuer in such place and in such manner as may be agreed between the Issuer and the Trustee, subject to compliance with any applicable laws. So long as the Perpetual Securities are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, the Issuer shall (unless a waiver is obtained from such Stock Exchange) comply with the rules of such Stock Exchange in relation to the publication of any redemption of such Perpetual Securities.

(c) Redemption for Taxation Reasons

If so provided hereon, the Perpetual Securities may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Distribution Payment Date or, if so specified hereon, at any time on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Perpetual Securityholders and the Trustee (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount (together with distribution (including Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption), if:

- (i) the Issuer receives a ruling by the Comptroller of Income Tax in Singapore (or other relevant authority) which confirms that:
 - (1) the Perpetual Securities will not be regarded as "debt securities" for the purposes of Section 43N(4) of the Income Tax Act (Chapter 134 of Singapore) and Regulation 2 of the Income Tax (Qualifying Debt Securities) Regulations; and/or
 - (2) the distributions (including any Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) will not be regarded as interest payable by the Issuer for the purposes of the withholding tax exemption on interest for "qualifying debt securities" under the ITA; or
- (ii) the Issuer (or, if the Guarantee was called, the Guarantor) has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts as provided or referred to in Condition 7, or increase the payment of such additional amounts, as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws (or any regulations, rulings or other administrative pronouncements promulgated thereunder) of Singapore or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws, regulations, rulings or other administrative pronouncements, which change or amendment becomes effective on or after the Issue Date or any other date specified in the Pricing Supplement, and such obligations cannot be avoided by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor taking reasonable measures available to it, provided that no such notice of redemption shall be given earlier than 90 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor would be obliged to pay such additional amounts were a payment in respect of the Perpetual Securities then due.

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this Condition 5(c), the Issuer shall deliver to the Issuing and Paying Agent and the Trustee (i) a certificate signed by a director or a duly authorised signatory of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor stating that the Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the Issuer so to redeem have occurred, and (ii) in the case of a notice of redemption pursuant to Condition 5(c)(ii), an opinion of independent legal, tax or other professional advisers of recognised standing to the effect that the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor has or is likely to become obliged to pay such additional amounts as a result of such change, amendment, interpretation or pronouncement, and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept such certificate and opinion as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent set out above, in which event it shall be conclusive and binding on the Perpetual Securityholders.

(d) Redemption for Accounting Reasons

If so provided hereon, the Perpetual Securities may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Distribution Payment Date or, if so specified hereon, at any time on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Perpetual Securityholders and the Trustee (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount (together with distribution (including Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption) if, on such Distribution Payment Date or any time after that Distribution Payment Date, as a result of any changes or amendments to, or any changes or amendments to any interpretation of, the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Singapore Accounting Standards Council, as amended from time to time (the "**SFRS**") or any other accounting standards that may replace SFRS for the purposes of the consolidated financial statements of the Issuer (the "**Relevant Accounting Standard**"), the Perpetual Securities will not or will no longer be recorded as "equity" of the Issuer pursuant to the Relevant Accounting Standard.

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this Condition 5(d), the Issuer shall deliver to the Trustee:

- (i) a certificate, signed by a director or a duly authorised signatory of the Issuer, stating that the circumstances referred to above prevail and setting out the details of such circumstances; and
- (ii) an opinion of the Issuer's independent auditors stating that the circumstances referred to above prevail and the date on which the relevant change or amendment to the Relevant Accounting Standard is due to take effect,

and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept such certificate and opinion as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent set out above, in which event it shall be conclusive and binding on the Perpetual Securityholders.

Upon the expiry of any such notice as is referred to in this Condition 5(d), the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the Perpetual Securities in accordance with this Condition 5(d).

(e) Redemption for Tax Deductibility

If so provided hereon, the Perpetual Securities may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Distribution Payment Date or, if so specified hereon, at any time on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the

Perpetual Securityholders and the Trustee (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount (together with distribution (including Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption), if

- (i) the Issuer satisfies the Trustee immediately before giving such notice that, as a result of:
 - (1) any amendment to, or change in, the laws (or any rules or regulations thereunder) of Singapore or any political subdivision or any taxing authority thereof or therein which is enacted, promulgated, issued or becomes effective otherwise on or after the Issue Date;
 - (2) any amendment to, or change in, an official and binding interpretation of any such laws, rules or regulations by any legislative body, court, governmental agency or regulatory authority (including the enactment of any legislation and the publication of any judicial decision or regulatory determination) which is enacted, promulgated, issued or becomes effective otherwise on or after the Issue Date; or
 - (3) any generally applicable official interpretation or pronouncement which is issued or announced on or after the Issue Date that provides for a position with respect to such laws or regulations that differs from the previously generally accepted position which is issued or announced before the Issue Date,

the distributions (including any Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) by the Issuer are no longer, or would in the Distribution Period immediately following that Distribution Payment Date no longer be, fully deductible by the Issuer for Singapore income tax purposes; or

- (ii) the Issuer receiving a ruling from the Comptroller of Income Tax in Singapore (or other relevant authority) which confirms that the distributions (including any Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) will not be regarded as sums “payable by way of interest upon any money borrowed” for the purpose of Section 14(1)(a) of the Income Tax Act, Chapter 134 of Singapore.

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this Condition 5(e), the Issuer shall deliver or procure that there is delivered to the Trustee:

- (A) a certificate, signed by a director or a duly authorised signatory of the Issuer, stating that the circumstances referred to above prevail and setting out the details of such circumstances; and
- (B) in the case of a notice of redemption pursuant to Condition 5(e)(i), an opinion of the Issuer’s independent tax or legal adviser of recognised standing stating that the circumstances referred to above prevail and the date on which the relevant change, amendment, interpretation or pronouncement has taken place or is due to take effect,

and the Trustee shall be entitled to accept such certificate and opinion as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent set out above, in which event it shall be conclusive and binding on the Perpetual Securityholders.

Upon the expiry of any such notice as is referred to in this Condition 5(e), the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the Perpetual Securities in accordance with this Condition 5(e).

(f) Redemption in the case of Minimal Outstanding Amount

If so provided hereon, the Perpetual Securities may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Distribution Payment Date or, if so specified hereon, at any time on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Perpetual Securityholders and the Trustee (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount (together with distribution (including Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption) if, immediately before giving such notice, the aggregate principal amount of the Perpetual Securities outstanding is less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate principal amount originally issued.

Upon expiry of any such notice as is referred to in this Condition 5(f), the Issuer shall be bound to redeem all the Perpetual Securities in accordance with this Condition 5(f).

(g) Redemption upon a Change of Control

If so provided hereon, the Perpetual Securities may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, on any Distribution Payment Date or, if so specified hereon, at any time on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Perpetual Securityholders and the Trustee (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Redemption Amount (together with distribution (including Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption) following the occurrence of a Change of Control (as defined in the applicable Pricing Supplement).

(h) Purchases

The Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may at any time purchase Perpetual Securities at any price (provided that they are purchased together with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons relating to them) in the open market or otherwise, provided that in any such case such purchase or purchases is in compliance with all relevant laws, regulations and directives.

Perpetual Securities purchased by the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may be surrendered by the purchaser through the Issuer to, in the case of Bearer Securities, the Issuing and Paying Agent and, in the case of Registered Securities, the Registrar for cancellation or may, at the option of the Issuer, the Guarantor or, as the case may be, the relevant subsidiary, be held or resold.

For the purposes of these Conditions, “**directive**” includes any present or future directive, regulation, request, requirement, rule or credit restraint programme of any relevant agency, authority, central bank department, government, legislative, minister, ministry, official public or statutory corporation, self-regulating organisation, or stock exchange.

(i) Cancellation

All Perpetual Securities purchased by or on behalf of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may be surrendered for cancellation, in the case of Bearer Perpetual Securities, by surrendering each such Perpetual Security together with all unmatured Coupons and all unexchanged Talons to the Issuing and Paying Agent at its specified office and, in the case of Registered Perpetual Securities, by surrendering the Certificate representing such Perpetual Securities to the Registrar and, in each case, if so surrendered, shall, together with all Perpetual Securities redeemed by the Issuer, be cancelled forthwith (together with all unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons attached thereto or surrendered therewith). Any Perpetual Securities so surrendered for cancellation may not be reissued or resold.

6. Payments

(a) Principal and Distribution in respect of Bearer Perpetual Securities

Payments of principal and distribution in respect of Bearer Perpetual Securities will, subject as mentioned below, be made against presentation and surrender of the relevant Perpetual Securities or, as the case may be, Coupons:

- (i) (in the case of a currency other than Renminbi) at the specified office of any Paying Agent by transfer to an account maintained by the payee in that currency with a bank in the principal financial centre for that currency; and
- (ii) (in the case of Renminbi) by transfer to a Renminbi account maintained by or on behalf of the Perpetual Securityholder with a bank in the Offshore Renminbi Centre which processes payments in Renminbi in the Offshore Renminbi Centre.

(b) Principal and Distribution in respect of Registered Perpetual Securities

- (i) Payments of principal in respect of Registered Perpetual Securities will, subject as mentioned below, be made against presentation and surrender of the relevant Certificates at the specified office of any of the Transfer Agents or of the Registrar and in the manner provided in Condition 6(b)(ii).
- (ii) Distribution on Registered Perpetual Securities shall be paid to the person shown on the Register at the close of business on the fifteenth day before the due date for payment thereof (the “**Record Date**”). Payments of distribution on each Registered Perpetual Security shall be made:
 - (1) (in the case of a currency other than Renminbi) by transfer to an account maintained by the payee in that currency with a bank in the principal financial centre for that currency; and
 - (2) (in the case of Renminbi) by transfer to the Renminbi account maintained by or on behalf of the Perpetual Securityholder with a bank in the Offshore Renminbi Centre which processes payments in Renminbi in the Offshore Renminbi Centre.

(c) Payments subject to law etc.

All payments are subject in all cases to (i) any applicable fiscal or other laws, regulations and directives in the place of payment, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 7, and (ii) any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “**Code**”) or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, any regulations or agreements thereunder, any official interpretations thereof, or (without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 7) any law implementing an intergovernmental approach thereto. No commission or expenses shall be charged to the Perpetual Securityholders or Couponholders in respect of such payments.

The Agency Agreement provides that each Perpetual Securityholder is deemed to have agreed to provide the Issuing and Paying Agent the Securityholder Tax Identification Information and Securityholder FATCA Information. Each Perpetual Securityholder acknowledges that the Issuing and Paying Agent has the right, under the Agency Agreement and the Perpetual Securities, to withhold distribution payable with respect to the Perpetual Securities (without any corresponding gross-up) on any beneficial owner of an interest in a Perpetual Security that fails to comply with the foregoing requirements.

Further, the Trust Deed provides that notwithstanding any other provision of the Trust Deed, the Trustee shall be entitled to make a deduction or withholding from any payment which it makes under any Perpetual Securities for or on account of any tax, if and only to the extent so required by Applicable Law (as defined in the Trust Deed), in which event the Trustee shall make such payment after such deduction or withholding has been made and shall account to the relevant Authority (as defined in the Trust Deed) within the time allowed for the amount so deducted or withheld.

(d) Appointment of Agents

The CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Calculation Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent, the CDP Registrar and the Non-CDP Registrar initially appointed by the Issuer and their respective specified offices are listed below. The Issuer and the Guarantor reserve the right at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, any other Paying Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent, any other Transfer Agent, the CDP Registrar, the Non-CDP Registrar and the Calculation Agent and to appoint additional or other Paying Agents, Transfer Agents, Registrars and Calculation Agents, provided that they will at all times maintain (i) an Issuing and Paying Agent having a specified office in Singapore and (in the case of Non-CDP Perpetual Securities) a Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, as the case may be, (ii) a Transfer Agent in relation to Registered Perpetual Securities, having a specified office in Singapore and (iii) a Registrar in relation to Registered Perpetual Securities, having a specified office in Singapore.

Notice of any such change or any change of any specified office will promptly be given to the Perpetual Securityholders in accordance with Condition 14.

The Agency Agreement may be amended by the Issuer, the Guarantor, the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent, the CDP Registrar, the Non-CDP Registrar and the Trustee, without the consent of any holder, for the purpose of curing any ambiguity or of curing, correcting or supplementing any defective provision contained therein or in any manner which the Issuer, the Guarantor, the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent, the CDP Registrar, the Non-CDP Registrar and the Trustee may mutually deem necessary or desirable and which does not, in the opinion of the Issuer, the Guarantor, the CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the Non-CDP Issuing and Paying Agent, the CDP Transfer Agent, the Non-CDP Transfer Agent, the CDP Registrar, the Non-CDP Registrar and the Trustee, materially and adversely affect the interests of the holders.

(e) Unmatured Coupons and unexchanged Talons

- (i) Bearer Perpetual Securities which comprise Fixed Rate Perpetual Securities should be surrendered for payment together with all unexpired Coupons (if any) relating to such Perpetual Securities, failing which an amount equal to the face value of each missing unexpired Coupon (or, in the case of payment not being made in full, that proportion of the amount of such missing unexpired Coupon which the sum of principal so paid bears to the total principal due) will be deducted from the Redemption Amount due for payment. Any amount so deducted will be paid in the manner mentioned above against surrender of such missing Coupon within a period of three years from the Relevant Date for the payment of such principal (whether or not such Coupon has become void pursuant to Condition 8).

- (ii) Subject to the provisions of the relevant Pricing Supplement upon the due date for redemption of any Bearer Perpetual Security comprising a Floating Rate Perpetual Security, unmatured Coupons relating to such Perpetual Security (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment shall be made in respect of them.
- (iii) Upon the due date for redemption of any Bearer Perpetual Security, any unexchanged Talon relating to such Perpetual Security (whether or not attached) shall become void and no Coupon shall be delivered in respect of such Talon.
- (iv) Where any Bearer Perpetual Security comprising a Floating Rate Perpetual Security is presented for redemption without all unmatured Coupons, and where any Bearer Perpetual Security is presented for redemption without any unexchanged Talon relating to it, redemption shall be made only against the provision of such indemnity as the Issuer may require.
- (v) If the due date for redemption or repayment of any Perpetual Security is not a due date for payment of distribution, distribution accrued from the preceding due date for payment of distribution or the Distribution Commencement Date, as the case may be, shall only be payable against presentation (and surrender if appropriate) of the relevant Bearer Perpetual Security or Certificate.

(f) Talons

On or after the Distribution Payment Date for the final Coupon forming part of a Coupon sheet issued in respect of any Bearer Perpetual Security, the Talon forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at the specified office of the Issuing and Paying Agent on any business day in exchange for a further Coupon sheet (and if necessary another Talon for a further Coupon sheet) (but excluding any Coupons that may have become void pursuant to Condition 8).

(g) Non-business days

Subject as provided in the relevant Pricing Supplement or subject as otherwise provided in these Conditions, if any date for the payment in respect of any Perpetual Security or Coupon is not a business day, the holder shall not be entitled to payment until the next following business day and shall not be entitled to any further distribution or other payment in respect of any such delay.

7. Taxation

All payments in respect of the Perpetual Securities and the Coupons by or on behalf of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall be made free and clear of, and without deduction or withholding for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or within Singapore or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In such event, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall pay such additional amounts as will result in the receipt by the Perpetual Securityholders and the Couponholders of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such deduction or withholding been required, except that no such additional amounts shall be payable in respect of any Perpetual Security or Coupon presented (or in respect of which the Certificate representing it is presented) for payment:

- (a) by or on behalf of a holder who is liable for such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges by reason of his being connected with Singapore otherwise

than by reason only of the holding of such Perpetual Security or Coupon or the receipt of any sums due in respect of such Perpetual Security or Coupon (including, without limitation, the holder being (i) a resident in Singapore for tax purposes or (ii) a permanent establishment in Singapore);

- (b) by, or on behalf of, a holder who would be able to lawfully avoid (but has not so avoided) such deduction or withholding by making a declaration or any other statement including, but not limited to, a declaration of residence or non-residence but fails to do so; or
- (c) more than 30 days after the Relevant Date except to the extent that the holder thereof would have been entitled to such additional amounts on presenting the same for payment on the last day of such period of 30 days.

Notwithstanding any other provision of these Conditions, in no event will the Issuer or the Guarantor be required to pay any additional amounts in respect of the Perpetual Securities for, or on account of, any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the Code or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, any regulations or agreements thereunder, or any official interpretations thereof, or any law implementing an intergovernmental approach thereto.

As used in these Conditions, “**Relevant Date**” in respect of any Perpetual Security or Coupon means the date on which payment in respect thereof first becomes due or (if any amount of the money payable is improperly withheld or refused) the date on which payment in full of the amount outstanding is made or (if earlier) the date falling seven days after that on which notice is duly given to the Perpetual Securityholders in accordance with Condition 14 that, upon further presentation of the Perpetual Security (or relative Certificate) or Coupon being made in accordance with the Conditions, such payment will be made, provided that payment is in fact made upon presentation, and references to “**principal**” shall be deemed to include any premium or fee (if any) payable in respect of the Perpetual Securities, all Redemption Amounts and all other amounts in the nature of principal payable pursuant to Condition 5, “**distribution**” shall be deemed to include all Distribution Amounts and all other amounts payable pursuant to Condition 4 and any reference to “**principal**” and/or “**premium**” and/or “**Redemption Amounts**” and/or “**distribution**” shall be deemed to include any additional amounts in respect of principal, premium, Redemption Amount or distribution (as the case may be) which may be payable under this Condition 7.

8. Prescription

Claims against the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor for payment in respect of the Perpetual Securities and Coupons (which, for this purpose, shall not include Talons) shall be prescribed and become void unless made within three years from the appropriate Relevant Date for payment.

9. Non-payment

(a) Proceedings for Winding-Up

If any of the following events (“**Enforcement Events**”) occurs, the Trustee may, subject to the provisions of Condition 9(c), institute proceedings for the winding-up of the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and/or prove in the winding-up of the Issuer and/or the Guarantor

and/or claim in the liquidation of the Issuer and/or the Guarantor for the payment of the Perpetual Securities at their principal amount together with any distribution (including any outstanding Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) accrued to such date:

- (i) the Issuer fails to pay the principal of or any distributions (including any Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amount) on any of the Perpetual Securities when due or the Guarantor fails to pay any amount under the Guarantee when due, and, in each case, such failure continues for a period of 10 business days; or
- (ii) a final and effective order is made or an effective resolution is passed for the bankruptcy, winding-up, liquidation, receivership or similar proceedings of the Issuer or the Guarantor.

Notwithstanding any of the provisions in this Condition 9, the right to institute proceedings for winding-up is limited to circumstances where payment has become due. In the case of any distribution, such distribution will not be due if the Issuer has elected not to pay that distribution in accordance with Condition 4(IV). In addition, nothing in this Condition 9, including any restriction on commencing proceedings, shall in any way restrict or limit the rights of the Trustee or any of its directors, officers, employees or agents to claim from or to otherwise take any action against the Issuer and/or the Guarantor in respect of any costs, charges, fees, expenses or liabilities incurred by such party pursuant to or in connection with the Perpetual Securities, the Guarantee or the Trust Deed.

(b) Enforcement

Without prejudice to Condition 9(a) but subject to the provisions of Condition 9(c), the Trustee may, at its discretion and without further notice to the Issuer or the Guarantor, institute such proceedings against the Issuer and/or the Guarantor as it may think fit to enforce any term or condition binding on the Issuer or the Guarantor under the Perpetual Securities, the Guarantee or the Trust Deed, as the case may be, (other than any payment obligation of the Issuer or the Guarantor under or arising from the Perpetual Securities or the Guarantee, including, without limitation, payment of any principal or premium or satisfaction of any distributions (including any damages awarded for breach of any obligations)) and in no event shall the Issuer or the Guarantor, by virtue of the institution of any such proceedings, be obliged to pay any sum or sums, in cash or otherwise, sooner than the same would otherwise have been payable by it.

(c) Entitlement of Trustee

The Trustee shall not be obliged to take any of the actions referred to in Condition 9(a) or Condition 9(b) against the Issuer and/or the Guarantor to enforce the terms of the Trust Deed, the Guarantee or the Perpetual Securities unless (i) it shall have been so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Perpetual Securityholders or so requested in writing by Perpetual Securityholders holding not less than 25 per cent. in principal amount of the Perpetual Securities outstanding and (ii) it shall have been indemnified and/or secured and/or prefunded by or on behalf of the Perpetual Securityholders to its satisfaction.

(d) Right of Perpetual Securityholders or Couponholder

No Perpetual Securityholder or Couponholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer or the Guarantor or to institute proceedings for the winding-up or claim in the liquidation of the Issuer and/or the Guarantor or to prove in such winding-up unless the Trustee, having become so bound to proceed or being able to prove in such winding-up

or claim in such liquidation, fails or neglects to do so within a reasonable period and such failure or neglect shall be continuing, in which case the Perpetual Securityholder or Couponholder shall have only such rights against the Issuer and/or the Guarantor as those which the Trustee is entitled to exercise as set out in this Condition 9.

(e) Extent of Perpetual Securityholders' remedy

No remedy against the Issuer or the Guarantor, other than as referred to in this Condition 9, shall be available to the Trustee or the Perpetual Securityholders or Couponholders, whether for the recovery of amounts owing in respect of the Trust Deed, the Perpetual Securities or the Guarantee or in respect of any breach by the Issuer or the Guarantor of any of its other obligations under or in respect of the Trust Deed, the Perpetual Securities or the Guarantee (as applicable).

10. Meeting of Perpetual Securityholders and Modifications

The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings of Perpetual Securityholders of a Series to consider any matter affecting their interests, including modification by Extraordinary Resolution of the Perpetual Securities of such Series (including these Conditions insofar as the same may apply to such Perpetual Securities) or any of the provisions of the Trust Deed.

The Trustee, the Issuer or the Guarantor at any time may, and the Trustee upon the request in writing by Perpetual Securityholders holding not less than one-tenth of the principal amount of the Perpetual Securities of any Series for the time being outstanding shall, convene a meeting of the Perpetual Securityholders of that Series. An Extraordinary Resolution duly passed at any such meeting shall be binding on all the Perpetual Securityholders of the relevant Series, whether present or not and on all relevant Couponholders, except that any Extraordinary Resolution proposed, *inter alia*, (a) to amend the dates of redemption of the Perpetual Securities or any date for payment of distribution or Distribution Amounts on the Perpetual Securities, (b) to reduce or cancel the principal amount of, or any premium payable on redemption of, the Perpetual Securities, (c) to reduce the rate or rates of distribution in respect of the Perpetual Securities or to vary the method or basis of calculating the rate or rates of distribution or the basis for calculating any Distribution Amount in respect of the Perpetual Securities, (d) to vary any method of, or basis for, calculating the Redemption Amount, (e) to vary the currency or currencies of payment or denomination of the Perpetual Securities, (f) to take any steps that as specified hereon may only be taken following approval by an Extraordinary Resolution to which the special quorum provisions apply, (g) to modify the provisions concerning the quorum required at any meeting of Perpetual Securityholders or the majority required to pass the Extraordinary Resolution or (h) to modify or cancel the Guarantee, will only be binding if passed at a meeting of the Perpetual Securityholders of the relevant Series (or at any adjournment thereof) at which a special quorum (provided for in the Trust Deed) is present.

The Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Perpetual Securityholders or Couponholders, to (i) any modification of any of the provisions of the Trust Deed which in the opinion of the Trustee is of a formal, minor or technical nature, is made to correct a manifest error or to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law or is required by the Stock Exchange or Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or the Depository and/or any other clearing system in which the Perpetual Securities may be held and (ii) any other modification (except as mentioned in the Trust Deed), and any waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach, of any of the provisions of the Trust Deed which is in the opinion of the Trustee not materially prejudicial to the interests

of the Perpetual Securityholders. Any such modification, authorisation or waiver shall be binding on the Perpetual Securityholders and the Couponholders and, if the Trustee so requires, such modification shall be notified to the Perpetual Securityholders as soon as practicable.

In connection with the exercise of its functions (including but not limited to those in relation to any proposed modification, waiver, authorisation or substitution) the Trustee shall have regard to the interests of the Perpetual Securityholders as a class and shall not have regard to the consequences of such exercise for individual Perpetual Securityholders or Couponholders.

These Conditions may be amended, modified, or varied in relation to any Series of Perpetual Securities by the terms of the relevant Pricing Supplement in relation to such Series.

11. Replacement of Perpetual Securities, Certificates, Coupons and Talons

If a Perpetual Security, Certificate, Coupon or Talon is lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed it may be replaced, subject to applicable laws, at the specified office of the Issuing and Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Perpetual Securities, Coupons or Talons) and of the Registrar (in the case of Certificates), or at the specified office of such other Paying Agent or Transfer Agent, as the case may be, as may from time to time be designated by the Issuer for the purpose and notice of whose designation is given to Perpetual Securityholders in accordance with Condition 14, on payment by the claimant of the fees and costs incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence, security and indemnity (which may provide, *inter alia*, that if the allegedly lost, stolen or destroyed Perpetual Security, Certificate, Coupon or Talon is subsequently presented for payment, there will be paid to the Issuer on demand the amount payable by the Issuer in respect of such Perpetual Security, Certificate, Coupon or Talon) and otherwise as the Issuer may require. Mutilated or defaced Perpetual Securities, Certificates, Coupons or Talons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

12. Further Issues

The Issuer may from time to time without the consent of the Perpetual Securityholders or Couponholders create and issue further perpetual securities having the same terms and conditions as the Perpetual Securities of any Series and so that the same shall be consolidated and form a single Series with such Perpetual Securities, and references in these Conditions to “**Perpetual Securities**” shall be construed accordingly.

13. Indemnification of the Trustee

The Trust Deed contains provisions for the indemnification of the Trustee and for its relief from responsibility, including provisions relieving it from taking proceedings to enforce repayment unless indemnified and/or secured and/or prefunded by or on behalf of the Perpetual Securityholders to its satisfaction. The Trust Deed also contains a provision entitling the Trustee to enter into business transactions with the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the related corporations of the Guarantor without accounting to the Perpetual Securityholders or Couponholders for any profit resulting from such transactions.

14. Notices

Notices to the holders of Registered Perpetual Securities shall be mailed to them at their respective addresses in the Register and deemed to have been given on the fourth weekday (being a day other than Saturday or Sunday) after the date of mailing.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, notices to the holders of Perpetual Securities will be valid if published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in Singapore (or, if the holders of any Series of Perpetual Securities can be identified, notices to such holders will also be valid if they are given to each of such holders). It is expected that such publication will be made in the Business Times. Notices will, if published more than once or on different dates, be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication in such newspaper as provided above.

Couponholders shall be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice to the holders of Bearer Perpetual Securities in accordance with this Condition 14.

Until such time as any Definitive Securities (as defined in the Trust Deed) or Certificates are issued, there may, so long as the Global Security(ies) or Global Certificate(s) is or are held in its or their entirety on behalf of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or any other clearing system, be substituted for such publication in such newspapers the delivery of the relevant notice to Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, (subject to the agreement of the Depository) the Depository and/or such other clearing system for communication by it to the Perpetual Securityholders, except that if the Perpetual Securities are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and the rules of such exchange so require, notice will (unless waived by such exchange) in any event be published in accordance with the first paragraph above. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given to the Perpetual Securityholders on the seventh day after the day on which the said notice was given to Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or such other clearing system.

Notices to be given by any Perpetual Securityholder pursuant hereto (including to the Issuer) shall be in writing and given by lodging the same, together with the relative Perpetual Security or Perpetual Securities, with the Issuing and Paying Agent (in the case of Bearer Perpetual Securities) or the Registrar (in the case of Certificates). Whilst the Perpetual Securities are represented by a Global Security or a Global Certificate, such notice may be given by any Perpetual Securityholder to the Issuing and Paying Agent or, as the case may be, the Registrar through Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or such other clearing system in such manner as the Issuing and Paying Agent or, as the case may be, the Registrar and Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Depository and/or such other clearing system may approve for this purpose.

Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Condition, in any case where the identity and addresses of all the Perpetual Securityholders are known to the Issuer, notices to such holders may be given individually by recorded delivery mail to such addresses and will be deemed to have been given when received at such addresses.

15. Governing Law

The Perpetual Securities, the Coupons and the Talons are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, the laws of Singapore.

16. Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act

No person shall have any right to enforce any term or condition of the Perpetual Securities under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act, Chapter 53B of Singapore.

RISK FACTORS

Prior to making an investment or divestment decision, prospective investors in or existing holders of the Securities should carefully consider all the information set forth in this Information Memorandum and any documents incorporated by reference herein, including the risk factors set out below.

The Issuer believes that the following risk factors may affect its ability to fulfill its obligations under the Securities issued under the Programme. Most of these risk factors are contingencies which may or may not occur and the Issuer is not in a position to express a view on the likelihood of any such contingency occurring.

The risk factors set out below do not purport to be complete or comprehensive of all the risks that may be involved in the businesses, assets, results of operations, financial condition, net sales, revenues, profitability, liquidity, capital resources, performance and/or prospects of the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group or any decision to subscribe for, purchase, sell, hold, own or dispose of the Securities. Additional risks which the Issuer or the Guarantor is currently unaware of or currently deems immaterial may also impair the businesses, results of operations, financial condition, net sales, revenues, profitability, liquidity, capital resources, performance and/or prospects of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or the Group. In such cases, the ability of the Issuer and/or the Guarantor to comply with its obligations under the Trust Deed and the Securities may be adversely affected and investors may lose all or part of their investment in the Securities.

Limitations of this Information Memorandum

This Information Memorandum is not, and does not purport to be, investment advice. This Information Memorandum does not purport to nor does it contain all information that a prospective investor in or existing holder of the Securities may require in investigating the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group, prior to making an investment or divestment decision in relation to the Securities issued under the Programme. A prospective investor should make an investment in Securities only after it has determined that such investment is suitable for its investment objectives. Determining whether an investment in any Securities is suitable is a prospective investor's responsibility, even if the investor has received information to assist it in making such determination. Neither this Information Memorandum nor any other document or information (or any part thereof) delivered or supplied under or in relation to the Programme or the Securities (or any part thereof) is intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation and should not be considered as a recommendation by the Issuer, the Guarantor, any of the Dealers or either of the Arrangers that any recipient of this Information Memorandum or any such other document or information (or such part thereof) should subscribe for or purchase or sell any of the Securities. Each person receiving this Information Memorandum acknowledges that such person has not relied on the Issuer, the Guarantor, their respective subsidiaries (if any) or associated companies (if any), any of the Dealers or either of the Arrangers or any person affiliated with each of them in connection with its investigation of the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein or of any additional information considered by it to be necessary in connection with its investment or divestment decision. Any recipient of this Information Memorandum contemplating subscribing for, purchasing or selling any of the Securities should determine for itself the relevance of the information contained in this Information Memorandum and any such other document or information (or any part thereof) and its investment or divestment should be, and shall be deemed to be, based solely upon its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs, and its own appraisal of the creditworthiness, of the Issuer, the Guarantor, their respective subsidiaries (if any) and associated companies (if any), the Conditions and any other factors relevant to its decision, including the merits and risks involved. A prospective investor should consult with its legal, tax and financial advisers prior to deciding to make an investment in the Securities.

This Information Memorandum contains forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on a number of assumptions which are subject to uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are outside of the Issuer's control. The forward-looking information in this Information Memorandum may prove inaccurate. Please see the section on "Forward-Looking Statements" on page 6 of this Information Memorandum.

Any published unaudited interim financial statements in respect of the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group which are included in this Information Memorandum, or which are, from time to time, deemed to be incorporated by reference in this Information Memorandum will not have been audited or subject to review by the auditors in respect of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or the Group, as the case may be, and may be different had they been audited or reviewed.

Risks relating to the Securities generally

(a) *Limited liquidity of the Securities issued under the Programme*

There can be no assurance regarding the future development of the market for the Securities issued under the Programme, the ability of the Securityholders, or the price at which the Securityholders may be able, to sell their Securities.

Although the issue of additional Securities may increase the liquidity of the Securities, there can be no assurance that the price of such Securities will not be adversely affected by the issue in the market of such additional Securities.

The Securities may have no established trading market when issued, and one may never develop. Even if a market for the Securities does develop, there can be no assurance as to the liquidity or sustainability of any such market. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Securities easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market. This is particularly the case for Securities that are especially sensitive to interest rate, currency or market risks, are designed for specific investment objectives or strategies or have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors. These types of Securities generally would have a more limited secondary market and more price volatility than conventional debt securities. The lack of liquidity may have a severely adverse effect on the market value of the Securities.

(b) *Fluctuation of market value of Securities issued under the Programme*

Trading prices of the Securities are influenced by numerous factors, including (i) the market for similar notes and/or perpetual securities, (ii) the respective operating results and/or financial condition of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or their respective subsidiaries (if any) and/or associated companies (if any), and (iii) the political, economic, financial and any other factors that can affect the capital markets, the industry, the Issuer, the Guarantor, their respective subsidiaries (if any) and/or associated companies (if any) generally. Adverse economic developments in Singapore as well as countries in which the Issuer, the Guarantor, their respective subsidiaries (if any) and/or associated companies (if any) operate or have business dealings could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial performance, operating results and/or the financial condition of the Issuer, the Guarantor, their respective subsidiaries (if any) and/or associated companies (if any). As a result, the market price of the Securities may be above or below the price at which the Securities were initially issued to the market.

Further, recent global financial turmoil has resulted in substantial and continuing volatility in international capital markets. Any further deterioration in global financial conditions could have a material adverse effect on worldwide financial markets or may adversely affect the market price of any Series or Tranche of Securities.

(c) *Interest rate risk*

Securityholders may suffer unforeseen losses due to fluctuations in interest rates. Generally, a rise in interest rates may cause a fall in the price of the Securities, resulting in a capital loss for the Securityholders. However, the Securityholders may reinvest the interest or distribution payments at higher prevailing interest rates. Conversely, when interest rates fall, the price of the Securities may rise. The Securityholders may enjoy a capital gain but interest or distribution payments received may be reinvested at lower prevailing interest rates.

(d) *Exchange rate risks and exchange controls may result in investors receiving less interest, distributions or principal than expected*

The Issuer and the Guarantor will pay principal, distributions and/or interest on the Securities in the currency specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement (the “**Specified Currency**”). This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor’s financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the “**Investor’s Currency**”) other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor’s Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor’s Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor’s Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (i) the Investor’s Currency equivalent yield on the Securities, (ii) the Investor’s Currency equivalent value of the principal payable on the Securities and (iii) the Investor’s Currency equivalent market value of the Securities.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

(e) *Inflation risk*

Securityholders may suffer erosion on the return of their investments due to inflation. Securityholders would have an anticipated rate of return based on expected inflation rates on the purchase of the Securities. An unexpected increase in inflation could reduce the actual returns.

(f) *The market prices of Securities issued at a substantial discount or premium tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for conventional interest-bearing securities*

The market values of securities issued at a substantial discount or premium from their principal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for conventional interest-bearing securities. Generally, the longer the remaining term of the securities, the greater the price volatility as compared to conventional interest-bearing securities with comparable maturities.

(g) *Modifications and waivers*

The Conditions contain provisions for calling meetings of Securityholders to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Securityholders including Securityholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and Securityholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.

The Conditions provide that the Trustee may agree at any time or times, without any consent of the Securityholders or Couponholders, to (i) any modification of any of the provisions of the Trust Deed which in the opinion of the Trustee is of a formal, minor or technical nature, is made to correct a manifest error or to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law or is required by the relevant Stock Exchange or Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or the CDP and/or any other clearing system in which the Securities may be held and (ii) any other modification (except as mentioned in the Trust Deed), and any waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach, of any of the provisions of the Trust Deed which is in the opinion of the Trustee not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Securityholders.

(h) *Change of law*

The Securities are governed by Singapore law. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to Singapore law, or administrative practice after the date of issue of the relevant Securities.

(i) *The Securities are not secured*

The Notes and Senior Perpetual Securities and Coupons relating to them constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank *pari passu*, without any preference or priority among themselves, and *pari passu* with all other present and future unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Issuer. The Subordinated Perpetual Securities and Coupons relating to them constitute direct, unconditional, subordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and shall at all times rank *pari passu*, without any preference or priority among themselves and *pari passu* with any Parity Obligations of the Issuer.

The payment obligations of the Guarantor under the Senior Guarantee and the Trust Deed constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and shall rank *pari passu* with all other unsecured obligations (other than subordinated obligations and priorities created by law) of the Guarantor. The payment obligations of the Guarantor under the Subordinated Guarantee and the Trust Deed constitute direct, unconditional, subordinated and unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and shall rank *pari passu* with any Parity Obligations of the Guarantor.

Accordingly, on a winding-up of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor at any time prior to maturity of any Securities, the Securityholders will not have recourse to any specific assets of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor and their respective subsidiaries (if any) and/or associated companies (if any) as security for outstanding payment or other obligations under the Securities and/or Coupons owed to the Securityholders and there can be no assurance that there would be sufficient value in the assets of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor after meeting all claims ranking ahead of the Securities, to discharge all outstanding payment and other obligations under the Securities and/or Coupons owed to the Securityholders.

(j) *The Securities may be represented by Global Securities or Global Certificates and holders of a beneficial interest in a Global Security must rely on the procedures of the relevant Clearing System(s)*

Securities issued under the Programme may be represented by one or more Global Securities or Global Certificates. Such Global Securities and Global Certificates will be deposited with or registered in the name of, or in the name of a nominee of, the Common Depositary, or lodged with CDP (each of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg and CDP, a “**Clearing System**”). Except in the circumstances described in the relevant Global

Security or Global Certificate, investors will not be entitled to receive Definitive Securities. The relevant Clearing System(s) and their respective direct and indirect participants will maintain records of the beneficial interests in the Global Securities and Global Certificates held through it. While the Securities are represented by one or more Global Securities or Global Certificates, investors will be able to trade their beneficial interests only through the relevant Clearing Systems and their respective participants.

While the Securities are represented by one or more Global Securities or Global Certificates, the Issuer will discharge its payment obligations under the Securities by making payments to CDP or such other Clearing System and its participants, as the case may be, for distribution to their account holders.

A holder of beneficial interest in the Global Securities or Global Certificates must rely on the procedures of the relevant Clearing System(s) to receive payments under the relevant Securities. Neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor has any responsibility or liability for the records relating to, or payments made in respect of, beneficial interests in the Global Securities or Global Certificates. Holders of beneficial interests in the Global Securities and Global Certificates will not have a direct right to vote in respect of the relevant Securities. Instead, such holders will be permitted to act only to the extent that they are enabled by the relevant Clearing System(s) to appoint appropriate proxies.

Similarly, holders of beneficial interests in the Global Securities and Global Certificates will not have a direct right under the Global Securities and Global Certificates to take enforcement action against the Issuer or Guarantor in the event of default under the relevant Securities or an enforcement event under the relevant Perpetual Securities but will have to rely upon their rights under the Trust Deed.

(k) *The Securities may not be a suitable investment for all investors*

Each potential investor in the Securities must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:

- (i) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Securities, the merits and risks of investing in the Securities and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Information Memorandum or any applicable supplement to this Information Memorandum;
- (ii) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Securities and the impact the Securities will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- (iii) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Securities, including Securities with principal, interest or distributions (as the case may be) payable in one or more currencies, or where the currency for principal, interest or distribution payments is different from the potential investor's currency;
- (iv) understand thoroughly the terms of the Securities and be familiar with the behaviour of any relevant indices and financial markets; and
- (v) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

Investment activities may be subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent (1) Securities are legal investments for them, (2) Securities can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing and (3) other restrictions apply to its purchase of any Securities. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Securities under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

(l) *Legal investment considerations may restrict certain investments*

The investment activities of certain investors are subject to investment laws and regulations, review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent (i) it is permitted to invest in the Securities, (ii) the Securities can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing and (iii) other restrictions apply to its purchase or the pledge of any Securities. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of the Securities under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

(m) *The Trustee may request the Securityholders to provide an indemnity and/or security to its satisfaction before taking action on behalf of Securityholders*

In certain circumstances (pursuant to Condition 11 of the Notes or Condition 9 of the Perpetual Securities), the Trustee may (at its sole discretion) request Securityholders to provide an indemnity and/or security to its satisfaction before it takes action on behalf of Securityholders. The Trustee shall not be obliged to take any such action if not indemnified and/or secured to its satisfaction. Negotiating and agreeing to an indemnity and/or security can be a lengthy process and may impact on when such actions can be taken. The Trustee may not be able to take action, notwithstanding the provision of an indemnity or security to it, in breach of the terms of the Trust Deed and in circumstances where there is uncertainty or dispute as to the applicable laws or regulations and, to the extent permitted by the agreements and the applicable law, it will be for the Securityholders to take such actions directly.

(n) *Currency risk associated with Securities denominated in foreign currencies*

The Issuer's and the Guarantor's revenue is generally denominated in Singapore Dollars and the majority of the Issuer's and the Guarantor's operating expenses are generally incurred in Singapore Dollars as well. As the Securities can be denominated in currencies other than Singapore Dollars, the Issuer and/or the Guarantor may be affected by fluctuations between the Singapore dollar and such foreign currencies in meeting the payment obligations under such Securities and there is no assurance that Issuer and/or the Guarantor may be able to fully hedge the currency risks associated with such Securities denominated in foreign currencies.

(o) *The Issuer, the Guarantor and other non-U.S. financial institutions through which payments on the Securities are made may be required to make withholdings pursuant to U.S. foreign account tax compliance provisions*

Pursuant to the foreign account tax compliance provisions of the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act of 2010 ("FATCA"), the Issuer, the Guarantor and other non-U.S. financial institutions through which payments on the Securities are made may be required to withhold U.S. tax at a rate of 30 per cent. on all, or a portion of, payments made after 31 December 2018 in respect of (i) any Securities issued or materially modified on or after the later of (a) 1 July 2014, and (b) the date that is six months after the date on which the final regulations applicable to "foreign passthru payments" are filed in the Federal

Register and (ii) any Securities which are treated as equity for U.S. federal tax purposes, whenever issued. Under existing guidance, this withholding tax may be triggered on payments on the Securities if (i) the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor is a foreign financial institution (“**FFI**”) (as defined in FATCA) which enters into and complies with an agreement with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service to provide certain information on its account holders (making the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor a “**Participating FFI**”), (ii) the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor is required to withhold on “foreign passthru payments”, and (iii)(a) an investor does not provide information sufficient for the relevant Participating FFI to determine whether the investor is subject to withholding under FATCA, or (b) any FFI to or through which payment on such Securities is made is not a Participating FFI or otherwise exempt from FATCA withholding.

Singapore and the United States have signed a FATCA Model 1 Intergovernmental Agreement on 9 December 2014 to help implement FATCA for certain Singaporean entities. The full impact of such an agreement on the Issuer, the Guarantor and their reporting and withholding responsibilities under FATCA is unclear.

If an amount in respect of U.S. and Singapore withholding tax were to be deducted or withheld from interest, distribution, principal or other payments on the Securities as a result of FATCA, none of the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Trustee, any paying agent or any other person would, pursuant to the Terms and Conditions of the Notes or the Terms and Conditions of the Perpetual Securities be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the deduction or withholding. As a result, investors may receive less interest, distribution or principal than expected. Holders of the Securities should consult their own tax advisers on how these rules may apply to payments they receive under the Securities.

Risks relating to the Notes

(a) *Failure by an investor to pay a subsequent instalment of partly-paid Notes may result in an investor losing all of its investment*

The Issuer may issue Notes where the issue price is payable in more than one instalment. Failure to pay any subsequent instalments could result in an investor losing all of its investment.

(b) *The Notes may be subject to optional redemption by the Issuer*

An optional redemption feature is likely to limit the market value of Notes. During any period when the Issuer may elect to redeem Notes, the market value of such Notes generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This also may be true prior to any redemption period. The Issuer may be expected to redeem Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

(c) *Variable Rate Notes may have a multiplier or other leverage factor*

Notes with variable interest rates can be volatile investments. If they are structured to include multipliers, other leverage factors, caps, floors, any combination of those features or other similar related features, their market values may be even more volatile than those for securities that do not include those features.

(d) *Singapore taxation risk*

The Notes to be issued from time to time under the Programme during the period from the date of this Information Memorandum to 31 December 2018 are intended to be “qualifying debt securities” for the purposes of the ITA subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions more particularly described in the section “Taxation — Singapore Taxation”. However, there is no assurance that the holders of the Notes will continue to enjoy the tax concessions in connection therewith should the relevant tax laws be amended or revoked at any time.

Risks relating to the Perpetual Securities

(a) *Perpetual Securities may be issued for which investors have no right to require redemption*

The Perpetual Securities are perpetual and have no fixed final maturity date. Perpetual Securityholders have no right to require the Issuer to redeem Perpetual Securities at any time, and an investor who acquires Perpetual Securities may only dispose of such Perpetual Securities by sale. Perpetual Securityholders who wish to sell their Perpetual Securities may be unable to do so at a price at or above the amount they have paid for them, or at all. Therefore, holders of Perpetual Securities should be aware that they may be required to bear the financial risks of an investment in Perpetual Securities for an indefinite period of time.

(b) *If so specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, Perpetual Securityholders may not receive distribution payments if the Issuer elects not to pay all or a part of a distribution under the Conditions of the Perpetual Securities*

If Optional Payment is specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Issuer may, at its sole discretion, elect not to pay any scheduled distribution on the Perpetual Securities in whole or in part for any period of time. The Issuer is subject to certain restrictions in relation to the declaration or payment of distributions on its Junior Obligations and (except on a *pro-rata* basis) its Parity Obligations and the redemption and repurchase of its Junior Obligations and (except on a *pro-rata* basis) its Parity Obligations in the event that it does not pay a distribution in whole or in part. The Issuer is not subject to any limit as to the number of times or the amount with respect to which the Issuer can elect not to pay distributions under the Perpetual Securities. While the Issuer may, at its sole discretion, and at any time, elect to pay an Optional Distribution, being an optional amount equal to the amount of distribution which is unpaid in whole or in part, there is no assurance that the Issuer will do so, and distributions which are not paid in whole or in part may remain unpaid for an indefinite period of time. Any non-payment of a distribution in whole or in part shall not constitute a default for any purpose. Any election by the Issuer not to pay a distribution in whole or in part, will likely have an adverse effect on the market price of the Perpetual Securities. In addition, as a result of the potential non-cumulative distribution feature of the Perpetual Securities and the Issuer’s ability to elect not to pay a distribution in whole or in part, the market price of the Perpetual Securities may be more volatile than the market prices of other debt securities on which original issue discount or interest accrues that are not subject to such election not to pay and may be more sensitive generally to adverse changes in the Issuer’s and/or the Group’s financial condition. Investors should be aware that the interest of the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group may be different from the interests of the Securityholders.

(c) *If specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, the Perpetual Securities may be redeemed at the Issuer's option at date(s) specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement or on the occurrence of certain other events*

The Perpetual Securities are perpetual securities and have no fixed final redemption date. If specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, the Issuer may, on giving irrevocable notice to the Perpetual Securityholders falling within the Issuer's Redemption Option Period shown on the face thereof, redeem all or, if so provided, some of the Perpetual Securities at their Redemption Amount or integral multiples thereof and on the date or dates so provided. In addition, if specified on the applicable Pricing Supplement, the Issuer may, at its option, redeem the Perpetual Securities in whole, but not in part, on any Distribution Payment Date, or any time after such Distribution Payment Date, upon the occurrence of certain other events. Please refer to "Terms and Conditions of the Perpetual Securities - Redemption and Purchase".

The date on which the Issuer elects to redeem the Perpetual Securities may not accord with the preference of individual Perpetual Securityholders. This may be disadvantageous to Perpetual Securityholders in light of market conditions or the individual circumstances of the Perpetual Securityholder. In addition, an investor may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in comparable securities at an effective distribution rate at the same level as that of the Perpetual Securities.

(d) *There are limited remedies for non-payment under the Perpetual Securities and the Guarantee*

Any scheduled distribution will not be due if the Issuer elects not to pay all or a part of that distribution pursuant to the Conditions of the Perpetual Securities. Notwithstanding any of the provisions relating to non-payment defaults, the right to institute winding-up proceedings is limited to circumstances where payment has become due and the Issuer (failing which, the Guarantor) fails to make the payment within 10 business days' of its due date. The only remedy against the Issuer and/or the Guarantor available to any Perpetual Securityholder for recovery of amounts in respect of the Perpetual Securities following the occurrence of a payment default after any sum becomes due in respect of the Perpetual Securities and/or the Guarantee will be proving in such winding-up and/or claiming in the liquidation of the Issuer and/or the Guarantor in respect of any payment obligations of the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor arising from the Perpetual Securities and/or the Guarantee.

(e) *The Issuer may raise or redeem other capital which affects the price of the Perpetual Securities*

The Issuer may raise additional capital through the issue of other securities or other means. There is no restriction, contractual or otherwise, on the amount of securities or other liabilities which the Issuer may issue or incur and which rank senior to, or *pari passu* with, the Perpetual Securities. Similarly, subject to compliance with the Conditions of the Perpetual Securities, the Issuer may redeem securities that rank junior to, *pari passu* with, or senior to the Perpetual Securities. The issue of any such securities or the incurrence of any such other liabilities or the redemption of any such securities may reduce the amount (if any) recoverable by Perpetual Securityholders on a winding-up of the Issuer, and may increase the likelihood of a deferral of distribution under the Perpetual Securities. The issue of any such securities or the incurrence of any such other liabilities or the redemption of any such securities might also have an adverse impact on the trading price of the Perpetual Securities and/or the ability of Perpetual Securityholders to sell their Perpetual Securities.

(f) *The Subordinated Perpetual Securities and the Subordinated Guarantee are subordinated obligations*

The obligations of the Issuer under the Subordinated Perpetual Securities, and the Guarantor under the Subordinated Guarantee, will constitute unsecured and subordinated obligations of the Issuer and the Guarantor respectively. In the event of the winding-up of the Issuer or the Guarantor, the rights of the holders of Subordinated Perpetual Securities to receive payments in respect of the Subordinated Perpetual Securities or the Subordinated Guarantee will rank senior to the holders of all Junior Obligations and *pari passu* with the holders of all Parity Obligations, but junior to the claims of all other creditors, including, for the avoidance of doubt, the holders of Senior Perpetual Securities and/or Notes. In the event of a shortfall of funds or a winding-up, there is a real risk that an investor in the Subordinated Perpetual Securities will lose all or some of its investment and will not receive a full return of the principal amount or any unpaid Arrears of Distribution, Additional Distribution Amounts or accrued distribution.

In addition, subject to the limit on the aggregate principal amount of Securities that can be issued under the Programme (which can be amended from time to time by the Issuer and the Guarantor without the consent of the Securityholders), there is no restriction on the amount of unsubordinated securities or other liabilities which the Issuer may issue or incur and which rank senior to, or *pari passu* with, the Subordinated Perpetual Securities. The issue of any such securities or the incurrence of any such other liabilities may reduce the amount (if any) recoverable by holders of Subordinated Perpetual Securities on a winding-up of the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and/or may increase the likelihood of a non-payment under the Subordinated Perpetual Securities and/or the Subordinated Guarantee.

(g) *A change in the law governing the subordination provisions of the Perpetual Securities may adversely affect Securityholders*

The provisions of the Conditions of the Perpetual Securities that relate to subordination are governed by Singapore law. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to such law or administrative practice after the date of issue of the relevant Perpetual Securities.

(h) *Tax treatment of the Perpetual Securities is unclear*

It is not clear whether any particular tranche of the Perpetual Securities (the “Relevant Tranche of the Perpetual Securities”) will be regarded as “debt securities” by IRAS for the purposes of the ITA and whether the tax concessions available for qualifying debt securities under the ITA (as set out in the section “Taxation — Singapore Taxation”) would apply to the Relevant Tranche of the Perpetual Securities. If the Relevant Tranche of the Perpetual Securities is not regarded as “debt securities” for the purposes of the ITA and holders thereof are not eligible for the tax concessions under the Qualifying Debt Securities scheme, the tax treatment to holders may differ.

No assurance, warranty or guarantee is given on the tax treatment to investors and holders of the Relevant Tranche of the Perpetual Securities in respect of the distributions payable to them (including Arrears of Distribution and any Additional Distribution Amounts). Investors and holders of the Relevant Tranche of the Perpetual Securities should consult their own accounting and tax advisers regarding the Singapore income tax consequences of their acquisition, holding and disposal of the Relevant Tranche of the Perpetual Securities.

Risks associated with the Group's business

(a) *The Group is subject to economic and social conditions in the countries where it operates or invests*

With operations in Singapore, Malaysia, the PRC, Vietnam, and through its investment in Eco World International Berhad (“**EWI**”) in strategic partnership with Eco World Development Group Berhad (“**EWB**”), the United Kingdom and Australia, the Group is exposed to developments in the global economy as well as the industries and geographical markets in which it currently operates or intends to operate or invest in future. The Group is subject to the laws, regulations and government policies in each country in which it operates and its business, financial condition, prospects and results of operations may be influenced by the general state of the global economy or the general state of a specific market or economy.

The economies in the countries where the Group operates and invests differ in many respects, including:

- (i) government policies;
- (ii) economic growth rate;
- (iii) political stability;
- (iv) level of development;
- (v) allocation of resources;
- (vi) foreign exchange and regulatory controls;
- (vii) level of government involvement; and
- (viii) changes in laws.

While certain of these economies such as Malaysia, the PRC and Vietnam have experienced significant growth, such growth has often been limited to certain geographic regions and certain sectors of the economy. The governments of such countries have implemented measures to encourage economic growth and guide the allocation of resources. Some of these measures may benefit the overall economy but may also have a negative impact on the Group. For example, the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition, net sales, revenues, cash flow, profitability, liquidity, capital resources and/or prospects (collectively, the “**Group's Performance**”) may be adversely affected by government control over capital investments, changes in tax regulations that may be applicable to it or regulatory changes affecting the real estate industry in which the Group operates or invests. Other economies which the Group operates or invests in, such as Singapore, the United Kingdom and Australia, which are more developed economies may see more limited economic growth, which may also affect the Group's Performance in such developed jurisdictions.

Several of the developing economies in which the Group operates have been transforming from planned economies to more market-oriented economies. Although in recent years, the governments of such countries have implemented measures emphasising the utilisation of market forces for economic reform, the reduction in state

ownership of productive assets and the establishment of sound corporate governance in business enterprises, a substantial portion of productive assets is still owned by these governments. Accordingly, changes introduced by these governments during such transitions may adversely affect the Group's Performance.

The Group may also be adversely affected by exchange controls, changes in taxation law, changes in foreign investment policies and other restrictions and controls which may be imposed by the relevant authorities of the countries in which the Group operates or invests.

(b) *Uncertainties and instability in global financial and credit markets could adversely affect the Group's Performance as well as the value of the Securities*

The Singapore economy is influenced by economic and market conditions in other countries. Although economic conditions are different in each country, investors' reactions to developments in one country can have adverse effects on the securities of companies in other countries, including Singapore. A loss of investor confidence in the financial systems of other markets may cause volatility in Singapore's financial markets and, indirectly, in Singapore's economy in general. Any worldwide financial instability could also have a negative impact on Singapore's economy.

The global financial markets have experienced, and may continue to experience, volatility and liquidity disruptions, which have resulted in the consolidation, failure or near failure of a number of institutions in the banking and insurance industries. There is a concern that the slowdown in the economic growth of the PRC may negatively affect the health of the global economy. This and other events, such as the significant volatility and weak outlook in oil prices, have had significant impact not only on the global capital markets associated with asset-backed securities but also on the global credit and financial markets as a whole. These events could adversely affect the Group, insofar as they result in:

- (i) a negative impact on the ability of the tenants of the Group to pay their rents in a timely manner or continuing their leases, thus reducing the Issuer and/or the Group's cash flow;
- (ii) decreases in valuations of the Group's properties resulting from deteriorating operating cash flow and/or widening capitalisation rates;
- (iii) decreases in rental or occupancy rates;
- (iv) the insolvency of contractors resulting in construction delays in the Group's properties;
- (v) an adverse effect on the cost of funding the Issuer and/or the Group's business;
- (vi) an increase in counterparty risk; and
- (vii) a likelihood that one or more of the Issuer and/or the Group's lenders or insurers may be unable to honour their commitments to the Issuer and/or the Group.

There is still uncertainty as to whether the global economy will worsen, or whether a recovery would be slow and over an extended period of time, the decrease in consumer demand and the impact of the global downturn on the Singapore economy. These could cause adverse conditions in the real estate industry. For example:

- (i) a slowdown in economic growth and reduced availability of credit may result in a lower demand for commercial and residential properties and declining property prices and rents;

- (ii) a slowdown in economic growth may adversely impact home owners and potential property purchasers, and in turn, lead to a decline in the general demand for property products and a further erosion of their selling prices;
- (iii) a tightening of credit can negatively impact the ability of property developers and potential property purchasers to obtain financing; and
- (iv) consumers and businesses are generally more cautious when making decisions to purchase property and/or making or renewing new leases.

The liquidity and the value of the Securities are also sensitive to the volatility of the credit markets and may be adversely affected by future developments. To the extent that the turmoil in the credit market continues and/or intensifies, it may adversely affect the Securities' liquidity and value.

There can be no assurance that the uncertainties and instability in the global markets will not have a substantial adverse effect on Issuer and/or the Group's assets or funding sources, and if sustained, will not adversely affect the Group's Performance.

(c) *The Group's business is primarily concentrated in its geographical markets of Singapore, the PRC, Malaysia and Vietnam*

The Group's business activities are primarily concentrated in its geographical markets of Singapore, the PRC, Malaysia and Vietnam. The Group's operations, revenue, performance and future growth depend, to a large extent, on the continued growth of its primary markets. Given this concentration of the Group's business activities, the specific laws, regulations, practices, economic and financial conditions, property market and other aspects of each of these countries and their corresponding micro-regions could have a significant impact on the Group's Performance. In addition, future excesses in property supply over demand as a result of economic uncertainty, slower growth and increased interest rates (which reduces the ability of the Group's customers to finance real estate purchases and increase the Group's own costs of financing) may lead to further volatility in property prices and yields which could in turn adversely affect the Group's Performance. The Group may be required to make provisions in its accounts in the event of an economic downturn.

For example, property values in Singapore have historically experienced cyclical patterns in which periods of price increases were often followed by periods of stagnating or declining prices. A substantial portion of the Group's earnings depends on the continued strength in the commercial and residential sectors of the property market in Singapore, which in turn is dependent on the general economic and business conditions.

(d) *The Group's property development business is subject to risks associated with investing outside Singapore*

The Group's property operations in the PRC, Malaysia and Vietnam and/or other new geographical markets where there is potential for growth could expose it to political, economic, regulatory and social risks and uncertainties specific to those countries. The Group's investments may also be adversely affected by a number of conditions in the local real estate market in these countries, such as oversupply, the performance of other competing properties or reduced demand for these properties. Any changes in the political environment and the policies by the governments of these countries, which include, *inter alia*, changes in policies relating to real estate development and ownership,

restrictions on foreign currency conversion or remittance of earnings, requirements for various approvals by government and regulatory authorities, changes in laws, regulations and interpretation thereof, structure of the government and legal systems including judicial interpretation of laws and regulations, respect for the rule of law and contractual obligations, timely hearing and rendering of judgements and/or decisions by the courts and/or arbitration tribunals, procedures for enforcement, and changes in taxation could adversely affect the Group's future results and investments. Further, restrictions on foreign currency conversion or remittance of earnings, or fluctuations in the specific currency in which rentals and other investment income are denominated, will have an adverse effect when the Group converts investment returns into Singapore Dollars. Such unfavourable events in such foreign countries may have an adverse impact on the Group's Performance.

(e) *The Group is subject to changes in the tax rules or interpretations by the local tax authorities in the jurisdictions that the Group operates in*

The Group's operations in Singapore, the PRC, Malaysia and Vietnam and/or other new geographical markets are subject to the laws, regulations and policies of the various jurisdictions, including routine and special audits by the local tax authorities. Changes in the tax rules or interpretations by the local tax authorities in relation to the Group's operations (which may or may not have retrospective effect) may have a significant impact on the Group's tax exposure. While the Group may seek tax advice or opinions from external advisers from time to time in relation to its operations, there is no assurance that a tax position adopted by the Group (with or without such tax advice or opinion) will not be successfully challenged by the tax authorities in the countries that the Group operates in.

(f) *The Group faces market risks pertaining to supply and demand*

The Group expects the real estate market in Singapore to remain highly competitive. Oversupply of developed properties could cause downward pressure on property sale prices. Consequently, while the Group may continue to selectively acquire land for development, there can be no assurance that the Group will be able to sell the developed properties at a profitable price, or at all. To the extent that the Group is unable to develop its landbank and sell the developed properties at acceptable prices, or at all, the Group's Performance would be adversely affected.

(g) *The Group faces increasing competition in its key markets*

The Group's real estate business competes with both domestic and international companies with respect to factors such as location, facilities and supporting infrastructure, services, pricing, concept and design. Intensified competition amongst real estate developers may result in increased costs for land acquisition, lower profit margins, over-supply of properties and a slowdown in the approval process for new property developments by the relevant government authorities, all of which may adversely affect the Group's property development business. Some of these companies have significant financial resources, marketing and other capabilities. Domestic companies in the overseas markets have extensive knowledge of the local real estate market and longer operational track records in their respective domestic markets. International companies are able to capitalise on their overseas experience and have greater financial resources to compete in the markets in which the Group has an overseas presence. As a result, there can be no assurance that the Group will be able to compete successfully in the future against its existing or potential competitors or that increased competition with respect to the Group's activities may not have a material adverse effect on the Group's Performance. Furthermore, this competition may reduce the opportunities for the Group to invest in projects that could add value.

(h) *Certain construction risks may arise during the building of any new property*

Construction of new developments entails significant risks as, *inter alia*, the time taken to complete a project and the costs of development may be adversely affected by various factors, including shortages of materials or skilled labour, unforeseen engineering, environmental or geological problems, work stoppages, litigation, weather interference, floods and unforeseen cost increases, any of which could give rise to delayed completions or cost overruns.

Safety regulations of some countries in which the Group's construction sites are located may not be applied as stringently as in developed countries. This could result in accidents and fatalities which could have an adverse impact on the Group's reputation and result in fines and litigation.

Difficulties in obtaining any requisite licences, permits, allocations or authorisations from regulatory authorities could also increase the cost, or delay the construction, launch or completion of, new developments. The occurrence of any of the above events may result in delays in the construction, launch or completion of the Group's property developments or cost overruns, resulting in increased costs and lower returns on investments than originally expected and adversely affect the Group's Performance.

(i) *The Group relies on third-party contractors to provide various services*

The Group engages third-party contractors to provide various services in connection with its residential, commercial and integrated developments, including design, engineering, construction, piling and foundation, building and property fitting-out work, interior decoration, installation of air-conditioning units and lifts, and gardening and landscaping works. The Group is therefore exposed to factors affecting the construction industry including market demand and supply, fluctuations in costs of construction materials and cyclical shifts in construction costs.

There is a risk that major contractors may experience financial or other difficulties (including shortage of building materials) which may affect their ability to carry out construction works, thus delaying the completion of development projects or resulting in additional costs to the Group. There can also be no assurance that the services rendered by third-party contractors will always be satisfactory or match the Group's targeted quality levels. All of these factors could adversely affect the Group's Performance and hence the Group's reputation.

(j) *The Group could incur significant costs related to environmental matters*

The Group may be subject to various laws and regulations in the countries where the Group operates relating to protection of health and the environment that may require a current or previous owner of real estate to investigate and clean up hazardous or toxic substances at a property. For example, owners and operators of real estate may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of certain hazardous substances or other regulated materials on or in such property. Such laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of such substances or materials. The cost of investigation, remediation or removal of hazardous waste, asbestos or other toxic substances may be substantial.

Environmental laws may also impose compliance obligations on owners and operators of properties with respect to the management of hazardous substances and other regulated materials. Failure to comply with these laws can result in penalties or other sanctions.

Existing environmental reports and investigations with respect to any of the Group's properties may not reveal (i) all environmental liabilities, (ii) whether prior owners or operators of the properties had created any material environmental condition not known to the Group or (iii) whether a material environmental condition exists in any one or more of the properties. There also exists the risk that material environmental conditions, liabilities or compliance concerns may have arisen after the review was completed or may arise in the future. Finally, future laws, ordinances or regulations and future interpretations of existing laws, ordinances or regulations may impose additional material environmental liability. The Group may be subject to liabilities or penalties relating to environmental matters which could adversely affect the Group's Performance.

(k) *The Group's success in the future may depend, in part, on the successful implementation of its strategy*

The Group's ability to successfully pursue new growth opportunities will depend on its continued ability to implement its strategies. There can be no assurance that the Group will be able to successfully implement its strategies. The Group anticipates its future growth will come partly from the expansion of its operations outside Singapore. The Group's overseas projects are located in developing countries. Overseas expansion may also include entering into new markets. As a participant in such markets, the Group's business is subject to various risks beyond its control, such as instability of foreign economies and governments, changes in laws and policies in overseas countries affecting trade and investment and the ability to identify and acquire attractive sites in the future at commercially acceptable prices, or at all. The events arising from such risks could potentially affect the Group's overseas business in the future.

The Group's ability to further expand its regional operations successfully depends on its ability to successfully identify suitable opportunities for investment or acquisition and reach agreement with potential partners on satisfactory commercial terms. There can be no assurance that such opportunities or agreements can be established or that any of the Group's proposed acquisitions or agreements will be completed on the commercial terms contemplated, or at all.

(l) *The performance of the Group may be affected by the Group's ability to attract and retain employees*

Generally the performance of the Group depends on its ability to attract, train, retain and motivate high quality personnel, especially for its management and technical teams. Whilst the Group recognises the importance of human capital and the desirability of developing and retaining key employees, the loss of such key employees may have an adverse effect on the Group's Performance.

(m) *The Group has a holding company structure*

Virtually all of the Guarantor's assets are shareholdings in its subsidiaries and associated companies. In order to satisfy its payment obligations, including obligations under the Guarantee, the Guarantor will rely on dividends and other payments received from its subsidiaries and associated companies. Both the timing and ability of certain subsidiaries and associated companies to pay dividends may be limited by applicable laws including but not limited to exchange controls and tax treaties, if any, between Singapore and the countries in which the Group operates. In the event that the Guarantor's subsidiaries and associated companies are unable to pay any dividends or do so irregularly, the Group's ability to make payments under the Guarantee may be adversely affected.

(n) *The Group enters into interested person transactions*

The Group has ongoing contractual arrangements with companies within the GGL Group and the Hong Leong Group in the ordinary course of business. Transactions with interested persons may give rise to conflicts of interest, which could lead to transactions being entered into and decisions made which are based on factors other than commercial factors. The Group has adequate established procedures with the objective of ensuring that interested person transactions are undertaken on normal commercial terms, and are not prejudicial to the interests of the Guarantor and its minority shareholders. Where applicable, the Audit Committee of the Guarantor notes or reviews interested person transactions entered into by the Group in accordance with these procedures.

(o) *Indebtedness of the Group*

As at 30 June 2017, the Group had approximately S\$4.3 billion of total indebtedness, including approximately S\$2.1 billion which is repayable in one year or less. While the Group has unutilised facilities and funds available for use, there can be no assurance that the Group will be able to refinance its indebtedness as it becomes due on commercially reasonable terms, or at all. The Group may be required to meet its funding needs by procuring financing on terms which restrict it in certain ways, including by limiting its ability to pay dividends or requiring it to procure consents before it can pay dividends to holders of shares. Additionally, the Group's level of indebtedness means that a material portion of its expected cash flow may be required to be dedicated to the payment of interest on its indebtedness, thereby reducing the funds available to the Group for use in its general business operations. The Group's level of indebtedness may also restrict its ability to obtain additional financing for capital expenditure, acquisitions or general corporate purposes and may cause it to be particularly vulnerable in the event of a general economic downturn.

(p) *The Group is subject to interest rate fluctuations*

The Group faces risks in relation to interest rate movements, particularly as a result of debt undertaken to finance its developments. As at 30 June 2017, the Group had consolidated debt of approximately S\$4.3 billion. Approximately 36 per cent. of the debt bears fixed interest rates and the balance bears floating interest rates. Consequently, the interest cost to the Group for the floating interest rate debt will be subject to fluctuations in interest rates. This could in turn have an adverse effect on the Group's Performance. The Group has and may continue to enter into some hedging transactions to partially mitigate the risk of interest rate fluctuations. However, its hedging policy may not adequately cover the Group's exposure to interest rate fluctuations. Additionally, in certain markets, there may be a lack of general availability of hedging instruments. As a result, the Group's Performance could potentially be adversely affected by interest rate fluctuations.

(q) *The Group is subject to exchange rate fluctuations*

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risks due to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. A substantial portion of the Group's investments and revenues are and will continue to be denominated in US Dollars and the respective local currencies of countries where the Group operates.

The Group's revenue, costs, debts and capital expenditure are mainly denominated in Singapore Dollars, Chinese Renminbi, Malaysian Ringgit and US Dollars. Consequently, portions of the Group's costs and profit margins and asset values are affected by

fluctuations in the exchange rates of the above-mentioned currencies. Although the Group engages in certain hedging activities to mitigate currency exchange rate exposure, the impact of future exchange rate fluctuations on the Group's cost of sales and margins cannot be accurately predicted. Some of the currencies may not be convertible or exchangeable or may be subject to exchange controls.

The reporting currency for the Group is Singapore Dollars. Exchange rate gains or losses will arise when the assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Singapore Dollars for financial reporting or repatriation purposes. If the foreign currencies depreciate against the Singapore Dollar, this may adversely affect the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

(r) *The Group is exposed to market price fluctuations on its derivative financial instruments and quoted investments*

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps and foreign exchange contracts to hedge its risk associated primarily with interest rates and foreign currency fluctuations. Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. The gain or loss on re-measurement to fair value is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. The fair value of forward exchange contracts is calculated with reference to current forward exchange rates and by discounting the future cash flows. The fair value of interest rate swaps is determined as the difference in the present value of the future interest cash flows.

Quoted investments held by the Group are classified as being available-for-sale and are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised directly in equity. For securities actively traded on organised financial markets, fair value is generally determined by reference to stock exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of business on the balance sheet date. For securities where there is no quoted market price and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, they are measured at amortised cost, less impairment losses if they have a fixed maturity and at costs, less impairment losses if they do not have a fixed maturity.

The Group is therefore exposed to market fluctuations in respect of the derivative financial instruments and quoted investments, which may result in volatility in its financial results.

(s) *The Group is subject to changes in commodity prices*

The Group faces risks in relation to changes in commodity prices due to the consumption of large quantities of building materials, including raw iron, steel, sand, granite and concrete, in its property development operations. As a property developer, in general, the Group enters into fixed or guaranteed maximum price construction contracts with independent construction companies. These contracts typically cover both the supply of the building materials and the construction of the project during the construction period. In accordance with industry practice, the Group or its contractors may amend existing construction contracts, including fixed or maximum price terms, to take into account significant price movements of construction materials. Therefore, should the price of building materials increase significantly prior to the Group entering into a fixed or guaranteed maximum price construction contract, or should its existing contractors fail to perform under their contracts, the Group may be required to pay more to existing or prospective contractors, which could materially and adversely affect the Group's Performance.

(t) *The Group is subject to government regulations and approvals in the countries where it operates*

The real estate industry in the countries where the Group operates is subject to significant government regulation and approvals over, among other things, land and title acquisition, development planning and design, construction and mortgage financing and refinancing, obtaining real estate development and sale licences, obtaining certificates of completion for its development projects and issuance of individual titles following completion of construction. Such regulations may result in a reduction in the Group's income or an increase in the Group's costs, for example, changes in tenancy laws that limit the Group's recovery of certain property operating expenses or changes in environmental laws that require significant capital expenditure. In addition, regulatory approvals may be required for, among other things, land and title acquisition, development planning and design, construction and mortgage financing and refinancing. Such approvals may stipulate, among other things, maximum periods for the commencement of development of the land. Some of these countries may also restrict the level, percentage and manner of foreign ownership and investment in real estate or may impose additional costs on foreigners seeking to invest in or own properties.

Such regulations are at times ambiguous and their interpretations and applications can be inconsistent and may be potentially detrimental to the Group. If the Group fails to obtain the relevant approvals or comply with applicable laws and regulations, it may, among other things, be subject to penalties, have its licences or approvals revoked, or lose its right to own, develop or manage its properties and its businesses, any or all of which could have a material and adverse impact on its business, financial condition, prospects and results of operations. In some instances, governments may adopt restrictive policies with respect to the issuance of certain permits or approvals. The Group's business may also be affected by changes in policies relating to immigration and/or foreign ownership of residential housing, policies adopted and/or actions taken by public housing authorities, and policies relating to land sales by the government.

Governments of the countries in which the Group operates may also seek to promote a stable and sustainable property market by monitoring the property market and adopting measures as and when they deem necessary. These governments may introduce new policies or amend or abolish existing policies at any time and these policies may have retroactive effect. These changes may have a material and adverse impact on the overall performance of the property markets in which the Group operates and thus affect the Group's Performance.

For example in Singapore, the Singapore Government has sought to ensure a stable and sustainable property market through measures such as removing the deferred payment and interest absorption schemes. It also introduced further measures with effect from 30 August 2010, such as increasing the minimum cash down payment for the purchase of residential properties from five per cent. to 10 per cent. of the valuation limit for buyers with one or more outstanding housing loans and reducing the loan to value limit (the "**LTV Limit**") for housing loans granted by financial institutions regulated by MAS from 80 per cent. to 70 per cent. for borrowers who have one or more outstanding housing loans.

Further measures were introduced with effect from 14 January 2011, such as reducing the LTV Limit from 70 per cent. to 60 per cent. for individual borrowers with one or more outstanding housing loans and 50 per cent. for borrowers who are non-individuals. Revision was also made to the seller's stamp duty such that seller's stamp duty would be payable for residential properties acquired on or after 11 March 2017 and disposed of within a three-year holding period (decreased from the four-year holding period applicable to properties acquired on or after 14 January 2011), and such seller's stamp duty would be tiered according to the duration of the holding period.

On 11 January 2013, MAS announced that several rounds of measures had been implemented by the Singapore Government in order to cool demand and expand supply, so as to moderate the increase in housing prices. These new measures introduced with effect from 12 January 2013 (as amended by the MAS Notice 632 (Amendment) 2014 with effect from 10 February 2014) include (A) increasing the minimum cash down payment for the purchase of residential properties from 10 per cent. to 25 per cent. of the valuation limit for individual buyers with one or more outstanding housing loans and (B) reducing the LTV Limit from (I) 60 per cent. to 50 per cent. for individual borrowers with one existing housing loan (30 per cent. if the loan tenure is more than 30 years or extends past the age of 65) and 40 per cent. for individual borrowers with two or more outstanding housing loans (20 per cent. if the loan tenure is more than 30 years or extends past the age of 65) and (II) from 40 per cent. to 20 per cent. for borrowers who are non-individuals. Existing additional buyer's stamp duty rates were also increased by five per cent. to seven per cent. across the board, and in addition, additional buyer's stamp duty was also imposed on permanent residents purchasing their first residential property and Singaporeans purchasing their second or subsequent residential property.

On 25 February 2013, the Singapore Government announced the Singapore Budget 2013, which includes changes to the property tax regime (including the property tax rates) with effect from 1 January 2014, with further revisions to the progressive property tax rates with effect from 1 January 2015.

For owner-occupied residential properties, more progressive property tax rates have been applied on the annual value of such properties. With effect from 1 January 2014, new progressive property tax rates ranging from seven per cent. to 15 per cent. were added to the existing progressive property tax rates of zero per cent. to six per cent. With effect from 1 January 2015, such progressive property tax rates have been revised to rates of up to 16 per cent.

For non-owner-occupied residential properties, the flat property tax rate on the annual value of such properties was replaced with progressive property tax rates ranging from 10 per cent. to 19 per cent. with effect from 1 January 2014. With effect from 1 January 2015, such progressive property tax rates were revised to range from 10 per cent. to 20 per cent. In addition, the current tax concession which provides tax refunds on vacant properties will be removed.

In March 2017, the Singapore Government also introduced provisions for Additional Conveyance Duties ("**ACD**") in respect of the transfer of equity interests by significant owners (a person or entity who beneficially owns at least 50 per cent. equity interest or voting power in a property holding entity ("**PHE**") either on its own or with its associates (as defined in Section 23 of the Stamp Duties Act, Chapter 312 of Singapore)) in PHEs that own primarily residential properties in Singapore. The move was meant to align the stamp duty levied on residential property transactions through transferring the equity interest in the entity that owns the properties with the rate levied on direct property transactions. In addition to the existing stamp duty payable on shares, ACD for buyers who will become significant owners of such equity interests after 11 March 2017 will include the payment of stamp duty of between one per cent. to three per cent. on the value of the residential property and additional buyer's stamp duty at 15 per cent. on the value of the residential property. ACD for sellers who are significant owners of such equity interests acquired after 11 March 2017 will be 12 per cent. on the value of the residential property.

There is no assurance that the Singapore Government will not introduce further measures to regulate the growth of the Singapore residential property market, which could adversely affect the Group's Performance.

Regulation of land supply through availability of sites for tender under the Government's Land Sales Programme, which is reviewed on a half yearly basis, and changes in en bloc legislation etc., may also affect land supply and pricing.

Under the Residential Property Act, Chapter 274 of Singapore, housing developers are required to apply to the Controller of Residential Property for its approval to acquire land for development. The Controller of Residential Property may grant its approval subject to certain terms and conditions, as set out in a qualifying certificate ("**Qualifying Certificate**"), which may require a developer to, *inter alia*, (i) sell all the units in the housing development within a prescribed period and (ii) furnish a bankers' guarantee ("**Bankers' Guarantee**") for the sum of 10 per cent. of the purchase price of the land acquired. In the event that a developer fails to sell the units within the prescribed period, it may have to apply for an extension of the Qualifying Certificate and incur extension charges, or forfeit the Bankers' Guarantee for failure to comply with the terms of the Qualifying Certificate.

A further example, in relation to the PRC, is that relevant regulations require property developers in the PRC to have a qualification certificate to undertake property development. Annual renewal of a qualification certificate is subject to review. The property developer's registered capital, property development investments, history of property development, quality of property construction, expertise of the management or any illegalities on the part of the developer will be taken into account by the local authorities in deciding whether to renew or upgrade a qualification certificate. If the Group fails to obtain or renew the requisite qualification certificates or pass the annual examination, or rectify any default, the Group's business operations will be adversely affected.

In addition, in order to develop and complete a PRC property development project, a property developer must obtain various permits, licences, certificates and other approvals from the relevant administrative authorities at various stages of the property development process, including land use rights certificates, planning permits, construction permits, pre-sale permits and certificates or confirmation of completion and acceptance. Each approval is dependent on the satisfaction of certain conditions. Problems may be encountered in obtaining such government approvals or in fulfilling the conditions required for obtaining the approvals especially as new laws, regulations or policies may come into effect from time to time with respect to the real estate industry in general or the particular processes with respect to the granting of approvals. If the Group fails to obtain relevant approvals or fulfill the conditions of those approvals for a number of its property development projects, such development projects may not proceed on schedule, and the Group's Performance may be adversely affected.

(u) *The Group's property investments are exposed to general risks associated with the ownership and management of real estate*

Certain of the Group's real estate investments, particularly investments in high value properties are relatively illiquid. Such illiquidity limits the ability of an owner or a developer to convert real estate assets into cash on short notice or may require a substantial reduction in the price that may otherwise be sought for such asset to ensure a quick sale. Such illiquidity also limits the ability of the Group to vary its portfolio in response to changes in economic, real estate market or other conditions. This could have an adverse effect on the Group's Performance, with a consequential adverse effect on the Group's ability to make expected returns. Moreover, the Group may face difficulties in securing timely and commercially favourable financing in asset-based lending transactions secured by real estate due to its illiquidity or as a result of restrictions in its various debt obligations.

(v) *The Group is dependent on the quality of its title to properties in the landbank of the Group*

The quality, nature and extent of the title to and interests in the land and properties under the Group's development varies, depending on a number of factors, including:

- (i) the country and location of the property;
- (ii) the laws and regulations that apply to the property;
- (iii) the extent to which the contract pursuant to which the property interest was acquired has been performed, the extent to which the terms and conditions thereunder have been complied with, and the amount of the purchase consideration which has been paid;
- (iv) the extent of compliance by the Group or any other relevant party (including previous owners, the vendor of the property and the entity in which the Group has invested that has acquired or is acquiring the property) with all relevant laws and regulations relating to the ownership, use, sale, development or construction of the property;
- (v) the manner under which the interest in the property is held, whether through a joint venture, a development or joint operation agreement, under a master lease or otherwise; and
- (vi) the capacity, power, authority and general creditworthiness of the counterparties to the contractual and other arrangements through which the Group has acquired an interest in the property.

Due to the laws in some of the countries where the Group operates and the lack of a uniform title system in such countries, there is potential for disputes over the quality of title and/or quality of the assets purchased. Delays in acquiring properties required for the Group's development activities could negatively affect the Group's Performance. The Group's acquisition of properties and/or assets is dependent on the due diligence as to, *inter alia*, title, which in turn is dependent on the quality of professional advice and the availability of reliable, accurate, complete and up-to-date information in the relevant countries. The quality and extent of the title to the Group's property interest may be challenged or adversely impacted or may adversely affect the Group's ability to deal with its property interests and in turn the value of the Group's investment in these properties.

(w) *The Group may suffer uninsured losses or losses in excess of insured limits*

The Group maintains insurance policies where practicable, covering both its assets and employees, in line with general business practices in the countries in which the Group operates in the real estate industry, with policy specifications and insured limits which the Group believes are adequate. Risks insured against include fire, business interruption, lightning, flooding, theft, vandalism and public liability. There are, however, certain types of losses (such as from wars, acts of terrorism or acts of God) that generally are not insured because they are either uninsurable or not economically insurable. Should an uninsured loss or a loss in excess of insured limits occur or insurers fail to fulfil their obligation for the sum assured, the Group could be required to pay compensation and/or lose capital invested in the property, as well as anticipated future revenue from that property. The Group may also remain liable for any mortgage indebtedness or other financial obligations related to the relevant property. Any such loss could adversely affect

the Group's Performance. No assurance can be given that material losses in excess of insurance proceeds will not occur in the future or that adequate insurance coverage for the Group will be available in the future on commercially reasonable terms or at commercially reasonable rates.

In the event that a company within the Group is held liable, whether contractually or under the law, for any or all of such loss or damage or injury to or loss that is not covered by its insurance policies or the claims of which are in excess of its insurance coverage or are contested by any insurance provider, the Group's financial performance and position may be adversely affected.

(x) *Some or all of the Group's existing and planned projects may not be completed*

The Group's success and financial performance will depend on the ability of the Group to identify, develop, market and sell its developments in a timely and cost-effective manner. The Group's development activities are subject to the risk of changes in regulations, delays in obtaining required approvals or clearances whether from regulatory authorities or otherwise (for example, from the Strata Titles Board in an en bloc transaction), availability of raw materials, increases in construction costs, natural disasters, any reliance on third party contractors as well as the risk of decreased market demand during the development of a project. As a result of these and other factors described herein, no assurance can be given as to whether or when existing and planned projects will be successfully completed. Although the Group plans to apply many of the development and marketing strategies that it has employed in the past, new projects may pose unforeseen challenges and demands on the Group's managerial and financial resources. Non-completion of such developments, or any of the Group's other developments, may have a material and adverse effect on the Group's Performance.

(y) *The Group is subject to risks in relation to its pre-sold properties*

In the event the Group pre-sells any properties prior to completion of construction, it may be liable for potential losses that purchasers may suffer if there is a failure or delay in the delivery of such pre-sold properties. Failure to complete a property development on time may be attributed to factors such as the time taken and the costs involved in completing construction, which are in turn adversely affected by factors such as delays in obtaining requisite licences, permits or approvals from government agencies or authorities, shortages of labour, adverse weather conditions, natural disasters, labour disputes, disputes with contractors, accidents and changes in government priorities and policies. If the delay in delivery extends beyond the contractually specified period, the purchasers may also be entitled to terminate the pre-sale agreements and claim refunds of monies paid, damages and compensation for late delivery. There is no assurance that the Group will not experience significant delays in completion or delivery.

Furthermore, there is a risk that due to conditions in financial markets, difficult economic conditions, purchasers of such pre-sold properties may not be able to obtain credit to finance their purchases and/or might become insolvent. The ability of purchasers to obtain credit to finance their purchases may also be affected by changes in government policies, laws and regulations. This would result in such purchasers delaying or being unable to meet their payment obligations in respect of such pre-sold properties which could adversely affect the Group's Performance.

Following the global financial crisis and the imposition of lending restrictions by governments in certain countries, financial institutions have reduced the availability of credit as well as increased borrowing costs. This has resulted in a general fall in real estate prices in such jurisdictions and the demand for real estate, as well as a decrease in the value of other securable interests which purchasers of properties could provide to such financial institutions in these countries. Purchasers of the Group's properties under deferred payment schemes or otherwise may find it increasingly difficult to secure financing to fund their purchases and could default on their obligations to pay for their units. The Group may from time to time grant purchasers of its properties (including purchasers of a substantial number of units in a development) an extension of time to pay for their units. There can be no assurance that any such extension or other accommodation granted by the Group to purchasers in respect of their obligations to pay for their units, will ensure that a purchaser will be able to pay for their units. In the event a purchaser defaults, and the total amount in default is substantial, this could adversely affect the Group's Performance.

(z) *The Group may be involved in legal and other proceedings arising from its operations from time to time*

The Group may be involved from time to time in disputes with various parties such as contractors, sub-contractors, suppliers, construction companies, purchasers, tenants and other partners in relation to the development, operation, sale and purchase, and lease of its properties. For example, disputes with purchasers may arise as a result of reasons such as delay in completion, alleged defects or variation from contract specifications. These disputes may lead to legal and other proceedings of which the Group may not successfully defend itself against, and may cause the Group to suffer additional costs and delays. Under certain circumstances, the Group's contractors or sub-contractors may be required to reimburse the Group in the event of delay in completion or building defects. However, there is no assurance that the amount in respect of which the Group is reimbursed or indemnified by contractors would be sufficient to cover the amount of liquidated damages paid or to be paid to purchasers. Defect liability lawsuits could also adversely affect the Group's Performance.

In addition, the Group may have disagreements with regulatory bodies in the course of its operations, which may subject it to administrative proceedings and unfavourable orders, directives or decrees that result in financial losses and delay the construction or completion of its projects.

The Group had in the past been subject to legal proceedings in respect of the Dongzhimen project (comprising mainly the Beijing Guoson Centre on a land parcel of 106,000 square metres located along Dongzhimenwai Dajie in the Dong Cheng District of Beijing) (the "**DZM Project**"). These legal proceedings were commenced against certain Group entities holding the investments in the DZM Project (the "**DZM Project Entities**"). On 20 August 2015, the Group, through its subsidiary, GuocoLand (China) Limited ("**GLC**"), entered into a Master Transaction Agreement to dispose of all the equity, contractual and loan interest of GLC in or relating to the DZM Project (including the DZM Project Entities). The Master Transaction Agreement provides that the buyer will indemnify GLC, its affiliates and representatives from and against all actions, losses and liabilities to which any of these parties is or may become subject to arising out of or related to the DZM Project in accordance with the terms and conditions therein. Notwithstanding the disposal of the DZM Project and the indemnity provided by the buyer under the Master Transaction Agreement, there is no certainty that no future legal proceedings involving the DZM Project (albeit covered by the said indemnity) will be brought against GLC, its affiliates and representatives.

There can be no assurance that these disputes will be settled, or settled on favourable or reasonable terms or at all. In the event such disputes are not settled on favourable or reasonable terms, or at all, the Group's financial condition, prospects and results of operations may be adversely affected.

(aa) *The Group is exposed to fluctuations in the residential and commercial property markets*

The real estate development industry in Singapore and the other countries in which the Group operates is cyclical and is significantly affected by changes in general and local economic conditions, including employment levels, availability of financing, interest rates, consumer confidence and demand for developed residential and commercial properties which may affect the Group's Performance. The process of development of a project begins and financial and other resources are committed long before a real estate project comes to market, which could occur at a time when the real estate market is depressed. A depressed real estate market will adversely affect the financial condition, prospects and results of operations of the Group.

(bb) *The Group's property development business is capital-intensive and may require the Group to seek external financing which may not be available on terms favourable to the Group or at all*

Pre-sales of the Group's development properties (subject to any applicable legal requirements in such jurisdictions) may reduce the Group's need to seek external financing, as the Group receives payments in advance from purchasers of its development properties. However, there can be no assurance such pre-sales will be sufficient to cover all of the anticipated financing needs of the Group. The Group's property development business is capital-intensive and the Group may be required to seek external financing to fund working capital or capital expenditure to support the growth of its businesses, land acquisitions, property developments and/or to refinance existing debt obligations. The Group's ability to arrange for external financing on terms that will allow it a commercially acceptable return and the cost of such financing are dependent on numerous factors that are beyond its control, including general economic and capital market conditions, interest rates, credit availability from banks or other lenders, investor confidence in the Group, success of the Group's businesses, tax and securities laws that may be applicable to the Group's efforts to raise capital, changes in laws and regulations which may affect the terms on which financial institutions are willing to extend credit to it, any restrictions imposed by various banking institutions on providing financing to companies operating in the property sector in countries where the Group operates and political and economic conditions. These factors may limit the Group's flexibility and ability to use external financing to cover all of the anticipated financing needs of the Group and the Group may therefore need to maintain a relatively high level of internally sourced cash.

Other factors that could affect the Group's ability to procure financing include the cyclicity of the property market and market disruption risks which could adversely affect the liquidity, interest rates and the availability of funding sources. In addition, further consolidation in the banking industry in Singapore and/or elsewhere in the countries where the Group operates may also reduce the availability of credit as the merged banks seek to reduce their combined exposure to one company or sector.

There can be no assurance that additional financing, either on a short-term or a long-term basis, would be available or, if available, that such financing would be obtained on terms favourable to the Group or that any additional financing will not be dilutive to its shareholders.

(cc) *The Group may encounter problems with its joint ventures that may adversely affect its business*

The Group has, and expects in the future to have, interests in joint venture entities in connection with its property development plans. Disagreements may occur between the Group and its joint venture partners regarding the business and operations of the joint ventures which may not be resolved amicably. In addition, the Group's joint venture partners may (i) have economic or business interests or goals that are inconsistent with that of the Group; (ii) take actions contrary to the Group's instructions, requests, policies or objectives; (iii) be unable or unwilling to fulfill their obligations; (iv) have financial difficulties; or (v) have disputes with the Group as to the scope of their responsibilities and obligations.

Although the Group generally seeks to maintain a sufficient level of control over its projects through ownership of a controlling interest and/or management in order to impose established financial, management and supervisory controls, property investment and development in certain countries in which the Group operates may often involve the participation of local partners in these countries. Joint ventures in these countries may involve specific risks or problems associated with joint venture partners.

Additionally, in light of changes in prevailing economic and/or financial conditions, the Group's joint venture partners (i) may not be able to fulfil their respective contractual obligations with the Group (for example they may default in making payments during future capital calls or capital raising exercises) or (ii) may experience a decline in their creditworthiness. Although joint venture agreements generally contain terms that govern the treatment of such events to the detriment of the defaulting party and the Group would generally seek to enforce its rights as enumerated within these legal agreements, the occurrence of any of these events may materially and adversely affect the performance of the Group's joint ventures, which may in turn materially and adversely affect the Group's Performance.

(dd) *The Group's land and/or real property may be subject to compulsory acquisition*

Land and real property comprise a significant part of the Group's property development business. Under Singapore law, the Singapore Government has the power to acquire any land in Singapore for any public purpose, if the acquisition is for public benefit or utility or in the public interest or for any residential, commercial or industrial purposes.

Real property and/or land owned by the Group which are located outside of Singapore may be compulsorily acquired by the respective governments of the countries in which they are located for public use or for public interest. The owner of such real property that has been compulsorily acquired may be compensated in accordance with the laws of the respective jurisdictions. In the event that any of the Group's land and/or real property is compulsorily acquired, the compensation paid to the Group in respect of the acquired land and/or real property could be less than its market value, and this could also adversely affect the Group's Performance.

(ee) *The Group is dependent on its ability to develop its land bank and identify potentially profitable projects*

The performance of the Group is dependent on its ability to develop its landbank and identify potentially profitable property projects. The viability and profitability of property projects are affected by the general economic conditions in the countries where the Group operates, prevailing interest rates, the cost of construction and the sale price. The failure to develop the Group's landbank and identify potentially profitable new property projects may have an adverse effect on the Group's Performance.

(ff) *Rental income from the Group's properties could decrease*

If a significant number of the Group's tenants are unable to meet their rental payment obligations, the Group's operating results would be adversely affected. The Group is also subject to the risk that, upon the expiration of leases for the properties, existing tenants may not renew their leases, and the Group may be unable to re-let vacant properties to new tenants except on commercially less favourable terms compared to previous lease terms. If a significant number of the Group's tenants default on their leases, the Group would likely experience delays in collecting rental payments and re-letting its facilities, and incur substantial costs in enforcing its rights as landlord. The Group's tenants are exposed to their own business and other risks, and if one or more significant tenants were to experience downturns in their businesses, the tenant may fail to make rental payments when due and/or require a restructuring of rental payments that might reduce the Group's cash flow from the lease. A tenant may seek the protection of bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws, which could result in the rejection and termination of such tenant's lease or a delay by the Group in enforcing its rights to terminate the lease and finding a new tenant, thereby reducing the Group's available cash flow. The Group's properties could, in the absence of a renewal from an existing tenant or a lease by a new tenant upon the expiry of an existing lease, be subject to the risk of remaining vacant and not generating income while the Group is sourcing for new tenants to lease the affected property.

The occurrence of any of the above events could have an adverse effect on the Group's Performance.

(gg) *The gross revenue earned from, and the value of, the properties in the Group's portfolio may be adversely affected by a number of factors*

The gross revenue earned from, and the value of, properties held by the Group may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including:

- (i) vacancies following the expiry or termination of tenancies that lead to reduced occupancy rates which reduce the Group's gross revenue and its ability to recover certain operating costs through service charges;
- (ii) the ability of the property managers of the Group to collect rent from tenants on a timely basis or at all;
- (iii) tenants requesting waiver of interest on late payment of rent;
- (iv) events affecting the properties in the Group's portfolio which could result in the inability of the relevant tenants to operate in such properties and thereby resulting in the inability of such tenants to make timely payments of rent;
- (v) tenants seeking the protection of bankruptcy laws which could result in delays in the receipt of rental payments, inability to collect rental income at all, or delays in the termination of the tenant's lease, or which could hinder or delay the re-letting of the space in question;
- (vi) the amount of rent payable by tenants and other terms on which lease renewals and new leases are agreed being less favourable than current leases;
- (vii) the local and international economic climate and real estate market conditions (such as oversupply of, or reduced demand for, retail and commercial space, changes in market rental rates and operating expenses for the properties held by the Group);

- (viii) the Group's ability to provide adequate management and maintenance or to put in place adequate insurance;
- (ix) competition for tenants from other similar properties which may affect rental income or occupancy levels of the properties held by the Group;
- (x) changes in laws and governmental regulations in relation to real estate, including those governing usage, zoning, taxes and government charges. Such revisions may lead to an increase in management expenses or unforeseen capital expenditure needed to ensure compliance. Rights related to the relevant properties may also be restricted by legislative actions, such as revisions to the laws relating to building standards or town planning laws, or the enactment of new laws related to condemnation and redevelopment; and
- (xi) natural disasters, acts of God, wars, terrorist attacks, riots, civil commotions, widespread communicable diseases and other events beyond the control of the Group.

Additional risks relating to the Group's business in the PRC

(a) *The land use rights for some of the Group's development sites will not be formally vested until the Group has received the relevant land use right certificates*

Under current PRC land grant policies, the relevant authorities will not issue the formal land use right certificate for a piece of land until the developer has paid the land premium in full, the resettlement process (if any) has been completed and the developer has complied with other land grant conditions. As such, the land use rights for some of the Group's development sites will not be formally vested until the Group has received the relevant land use right certificates. Delay in the resettlement process may affect the issuance of the formal land use right certificates in respect of the Group's development sites. Under current land grant policies, the Group may undertake preparatory work for these properties as it has signed the land grant contracts or registered the land use rights transfer agreements, as the case may be, with the relevant authorities. However, the land use rights for these properties and the land that it may acquire in the future will not be formally vested in it until it has received the corresponding formal land use right certificates. Furthermore, any delay in the authorities' issuance of the formal land use right certificates may materially and adversely affect the Group's operations, including its ability to deliver properties to its customers in a timely manner.

(b) *Land may be forfeited to the relevant government authorities or idle fees may be payable if the Group fails to comply with the terms of the land grant contracts*

The terms of land grant contracts generally provide for development of land to commence within one year from a specified date failing which idle fees may be imposed. If development does not commence within two years from the specified date or such extension as may be allowed, the land may be forfeited without compensation. If the Group fails to develop a property project according to the terms of the relevant land grant contract, including those relating to the payment of land premium, demolition and resettlement costs and other fees, specified usage of the land and the time for commencement and completion of the property development, the relevant government authorities may issue a warning, impose a penalty and/or order the land to be forfeited, unless such failure is caused by a government action or a *force majeure* event.

If the Group is required to pay substantial idle land fees and/or interest or other penalties, the Group's Performance may be adversely affected. If the land is forfeited without compensation, the Group may risk losing its investments in the land, including land premiums paid and development costs incurred, if any.

(c) *The PRC property sector is susceptible to the economic policies of the PRC government*

The PRC government has exercised and continues to exercise significant influence over the PRC's economy in general, which affects, among others, the property sector in the PRC. From time to time, the PRC government adjusts its monetary and economic policies to prevent and curtail the overheating of the national and provincial economies, which may affect the real estate markets that the Group operates in. Any action by the PRC government concerning the economy or the real estate sector (including measures to cool the fast-growing economy, to curb property speculation and/or to restrict foreign investment in real estate) in particular could have a material adverse effect on the Group's Performance. There are already signs that credit tightening by the PRC government has begun to have an effect on the real estate sector. The PRC government's initiative for banks to curb its borrowings will also moderate economic growth and this may reduce demand for the Group's property projects in the PRC, which may in turn adversely affect the Group's Performance.

(d) *The Group faces increasing competition in the PRC that could adversely affect the Group's Performance*

There are many Chinese property developers in the market and in recent years, a number of them have been successful in turning into heavy-weight developers with strong financial resources, huge landbank, and a reputation for quality developments. In addition, a number of international developers have expanded their operations into the PRC, including a number of leading Hong Kong and Singapore real estate development and investment groups. Many of these developers have significant financial, managerial, marketing and other resources, as well as experience in property and land development. Competition between property developers is intense and may result in, among other things, increased costs for the acquisition of land for development, oversupply of properties in certain parts of the PRC, a decrease in property prices, a slow down in the rate at which new property developments will be approved and/or reviewed by the relevant government authorities, an increase in construction costs and difficulty in obtaining high quality contractors and qualified employees. Any such consequences may adversely affect the Group's Performance. In addition, the real estate market in the PRC is rapidly changing. If the Group cannot respond to changes in market conditions more swiftly or effectively than its competitors do, the Group's Performance may be adversely affected.

(e) *The Group is subject to property market conditions in the PRC*

The Group is subject to property market conditions in the PRC generally and in particular, the cities where the Group's property developments are located. The Group's investment and business decisions may depend on the availability of accurate and up-to-date information in the PRC and in the relevant cities on the amount and nature of property development and investment activities, the demand for such development, the supply of new properties being developed or the availability of land and buildings suitable for development and investment. Inaccurate information may adversely affect its business decisions, which could materially and adversely affect the Group's Performance. Adverse changes in market conditions, particularly the financial markets in the PRC may also adversely affect the Group's Performance.

(f) *Interpretation of PRC laws and regulations involves uncertainty*

The Group's operations in the PRC are subject to the laws and regulations promulgated by the PRC government. The PRC legal system is a codified legal system made up of the PRC constitution, written laws, regulations, circulars, directives and other government orders. The PRC government is still in the process of developing its legal system so as to meet the needs of investors. Generally, the PRC economy is developing at a faster pace than its legal system. Therefore, some degree of uncertainty exists in connection with whether existing laws and regulations will apply to certain events or circumstances, and if so, the manner of such application. In particular, unlike common law jurisdictions like Singapore, decided cases do not form part of the legal structure of the PRC and thus have no binding effect. The administration of the PRC laws and regulations may be subject to a certain degree of discretion by the executive authorities. This has resulted in the outcome of dispute resolutions not being as consistent or predictable compared to more developed jurisdictions. In addition, it may be difficult to obtain a swift and equitable enforcement of laws in the PRC, or the enforcement of judgments by a court of another jurisdiction. Furthermore, in line with its transformation from a centrally planned economy to a free market oriented economy, the PRC government is still in the process of developing a comprehensive set of laws and regulations. As the legal system in the PRC is still evolving, laws and regulations or the interpretation of the same may be subject to change.

(g) *There is foreign exchange control in the PRC*

The Group's PRC subsidiaries are subject to the relevant PRC rules and regulations on currency conversion. In the PRC, the State Administration of Foreign Exchange ("**SAFE**") regulates the conversion of RMB into foreign currencies. Currently, foreign invested enterprises ("**FIEs**") are required to apply to SAFE for "Foreign Exchange Registration Certificates for FIEs". With such registration certifications, FIEs are allowed to open foreign currency accounts, including the "capital account".

The Group's PRC subsidiaries are FIEs and the ability of its PRC subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other distributions to it may be restricted by, among other things, the availability of funds, and statutory and other legal restrictions including PRC foreign exchange control restrictions. In the event the ability of the Group's subsidiaries to distribute funds to it is restricted, it may have an adverse effect on the Group's ability to make payments of interest, distributions and principal on the Securities.

Additional risks relating to the Group's business in Malaysia

(a) *The Group is subject to the political, legal and regulatory conditions in Malaysia*

Any adverse development in the political situation and economic uncertainties in Malaysia could materially and adversely affect the financial performance of the Group. Political activism in Malaysia and the number of opposition parties in Malaysia have been on the rise in recent years. The Group may be affected by changes in the political leadership and/or government policies in Malaysia. Such political or regulatory changes include (but are not limited to) the introduction of new laws and regulations which impose and/or increase restrictions on imports, the conduct of business, the repatriation of profits, the imposition of capital controls and changes in interest rates. Other political uncertainties include the risks of wars, terrorism, nationalisation and expropriation.

(b) *There are foreign exchange controls in Malaysia*

There are foreign exchange policies in Malaysia which support the monitoring of capital flows into and out of the country in order to preserve its financial and economic stability. The foreign exchange policies are administered by the Foreign Exchange Administration, an arm of Bank Negara Malaysia which is the central bank of Malaysia. The foreign exchange policies monitor and regulate both residents and non-residents. Under the current Exchange Control Notices of Malaysia and Foreign Exchange Administration Policies issued by Bank Negara Malaysia, non-residents are free to repatriate any amount of funds in Malaysia at any time, including capital, divestment proceeds, profits, dividends, rental, fees and interest arising from investment in Malaysia, subject to the applicable reporting requirements, and any withholding tax. In the event Bank Negara Malaysia introduces any restrictions in the future, the Group may be affected in its ability to repatriate dividends or distributions from its Malaysian subsidiaries and the Group's Performance may be affected as a result.

(c) *The Group faces increasing competition in Malaysia from other property developers*

Although the barriers to entry in respect of the property development industry are relatively high, the Group faces competition from existing industry players as well as better capitalised new market entrants who have achieved success in gaining reputations as quality property developers. The increasing competition may affect, *inter alia*, the availability of strategically located and reasonably priced land, the supply and costs of labour, construction and raw materials and the selling prices of the properties. In the event that other industry players are more competitive than the Group, the Group's Performance may be adversely affected.

Additional risks relating to the Group's business in Vietnam

(a) *Vietnamese land law is still developing*

Vietnamese land law, including regulations relating to land use rights and development of residential and urban areas, is still developing. The Vietnamese government is in the process of establishing a more comprehensive regulatory framework for the nationwide registration of and administration over land allocation, usage rights, transfer and pricing. While initiatives are being undertaken to improve mechanisms and procedures for land registration, distribution and transfer, certainty of title remains an issue as there is currently no centralised land search system.

The Group is subject to a variety of risks incidental to the ownership of and investments in land and real estate in Vietnam as a result of the state of Vietnamese law, including but not limited to:

- (i) changes in the supply of, or demand for, investment property in an area;
- (ii) changes in interest rates and the availability of financing;
- (iii) limited experience by security holders and the courts with respect to foreclosure actions;
- (iv) uncertainties in relation to the Vietnamese government recovering land for the purpose of national defence and security, national interest, public utility and economic development;
- (v) changes in land compensation amounts prior to the actual payment of such land compensation;

- (vi) changes in property tax rates, other fees imposed by the relevant authorities from time to time and/or land use and lease laws;
- (vii) problems caused by zoning or urban planning; and
- (viii) issues arising out of landlord and tenant relationships.

The Group is also subject to the uncertainty of the implications and implementation of applicable laws and regulations governing real estate development in Vietnam. For example, pre-sales of certain types of property interests are currently regulated and it is possible that regulations restricting the manner of such sales may be introduced.

There is the risk that property development could be curtailed by a lack of transparency and over-regulation. Unfavourable changes in Vietnamese law relating to foreign investment in, or ownership of, property may have an impact on the Group's operations in Vietnam.

(b) *The tax consequences of foreign investment in Vietnam are unclear*

There is uncertainty and lack of interpretive guidance in relation to tax laws and regulations in Vietnam. The substantive provisions of Vietnam's tax laws, as well as their interpretation and application by the relevant tax authorities, may be subject to more rapid and unpredictable changes than in a jurisdiction with more developed rules.

In Vietnam, a number of key tax and other reform measures have been implemented while other key reforms have been deferred or have an unclear status. All major tax laws and regulations in Vietnam (including value added tax, corporate income tax, personal income tax and royalty fees) have undergone significant changes since 1 January 2009 and continue to be supplemented and clarified as issues arise over interpretation or implementation. This has led to inconsistencies and gaps in Vietnamese tax laws and regulations relating to foreign investment. The administration of laws and regulations by government agencies may be subject to considerable discretion, and in many areas, the legal framework is vague, contradictory and subject to interpretation. Therefore, the interpretation and application of tax provisions will in practice rest substantially with the local tax inspectors. The above may affect the tax status of the Group in terms of tax obligations and administrative requirements, ability to declare dividends and profit remittance. In the event that there are unfavourable changes in or interpretations of the tax laws and regulations in Vietnam, the Group's operations in Vietnam could be affected.

(c) *The economy in Vietnam may be subject to periods of high inflation*

As an emerging market, Vietnam has experienced high inflation during certain periods in the past, although the inflation rate has recently dropped to a single digit percentage point. As a property developer, the Group is vulnerable to increases in the prices of commodities that it uses as raw materials. Further, the Group may be unable to adjust the costs or pass the costs on to the Group's customers, for example where the prices of the Group's properties were fixed during periods of lower inflation. In such instances, there could be an impact on the Group's operations in Vietnam.

(d) *There are foreign exchange controls in Vietnam*

The Group's subsidiaries in Vietnam are subject to applicable Vietnamese rules and regulations on currency conversion. For example, the State Bank of Vietnam regulates the conversion of Vietnamese Dong into foreign currencies and imposes restrictions and documentation requirements on the grant and repayment of foreign loans and interest, and payments to suppliers.

The Group's subsidiaries in Vietnam are foreign invested enterprises and the ability of such subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other distributions may be restricted by, amongst other things, the availability of funds and statutory and other legal restrictions, including foreign exchange control restrictions.

Additional risks relating to the Group's investment in EWI

The Group has limited prior track record and historical exposure in the United Kingdom and Australia. There is no certainty that the Group's investment in EWI will be commercially successful and that EWI will be able to successfully develop its business in the United Kingdom and Australia. EWI's business, financial condition, prospects and results of operations may indirectly affect the Group's Performance.

Other risks

(a) *Outbreaks of infectious diseases or any other serious public health concerns or the occurrence of natural or man-made disasters in Asia and elsewhere could adversely impact the Group's Performance*

The outbreak of an infectious disease (such as Influenza A (H1N1), avian influenza, H5N1 or Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome) or any other serious public health concerns or the occurrence of natural or man-made disasters in Asia and elsewhere, together with any resulting restrictions on travel and/or imposition of quarantines, could have a negative impact on the economy, and business activities in Asia and could thereby adversely impact the Group's Performance. Natural disasters, severe weather conditions and the outbreak of epidemics may adversely affect the economy and infrastructure in the countries in which the Group operates. There can be no assurance that any precautionary measures taken against infectious diseases would be effective. A future outbreak of an infectious disease or any other serious public health concern in Asia could have an adverse effect on the Group's Performance.

(b) *Terrorist attacks, other acts of violence or war and adverse political developments may affect the Group's Performance*

Terrorist attacks, other acts of violence or war and adverse political developments may affect the business and results of operations of the Group. Further developments stemming from these events or other similar events could cause further volatility. The direct and indirect consequences of any of these terrorist attacks, armed conflicts or political unrest are unpredictable, and the Group may not be able to foresee events that could have an adverse effect on the Group's Performance. Any additional significant military or other response by the U.S. and/or its allies or other nations or any further terrorist activities could also materially and adversely affect international financial markets and the economies in which the Group operates and may thereby adversely affect the Group's Performance.

THE ISSUER

Introduction

The Issuer was incorporated as a public company known as GLL Investment Ltd. in Singapore on 24 February 1987. It was converted to a private limited company known as GLL IHT Pte. Ltd. on 14 January 2008. The registered office of the Issuer is 1 Wallich Street #31-01 Guoco Tower Singapore 078881. The Issuer is a wholly-owned subsidiary of GLL and has no subsidiaries.

Business Activity

The Issuer's principal activities are those relating to the provision of financial and treasury services to the Group.

Capital Structure

The paid-up share capital of the Issuer is S\$10,083,000 consisting of 10,000,000 ordinary shares.

Directors

The Directors of the Issuer are:

- (a) Choong Yee How;
- (b) Lai Tak Loi; and
- (c) Elizabeth Koe-Oo Kian Fei.

More information on the Directors of the Issuer can be found in Appendix I. The Issuer has four employees.

Financial Summary of the Issuer

The following sets out selected financial information of the Issuer for FY2017 and FY2016. The selected financial information has been derived from the Issuer's audited financial statements included as Appendix II of this Information Memorandum and should be read together with those financial statements and the notes thereto.

Income Statement

	Audited	
	FY2017	FY2016
	(S\$)	(S\$)
Revenue	72,890,311	64,302,954
Administrative expenses	(3,266,226)	(797,927)
Other income/(expenses)	26,553,662	(2,088,349)
Finance costs	(64,260,048)	(82,932,864)
Profit/(Loss) before tax	31,917,699	(21,516,186)
Tax (expense)/credit	(2,109,501)	1,283,366
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for the year	<u>29,808,198</u>	<u>(20,232,820)</u>

Statement of Financial Position

	Audited	
	As at	As at
	30 June 2017	30 June 2016
	(S\$)	(S\$)
Non-current assets	1,795,440,135	1,341,699,799
Current assets	201,869,390	673,094,634
Total assets	1,997,309,525	2,014,794,433
Equity attributable to owners of the Issuer		
Share capital	10,083,000	10,083,000
Accumulated profits/(losses)	13,311,759	(16,496,439)
Total equity	23,394,759	(6,413,439)
Non-current liabilities	1,078,956,939	882,625,272
Current liabilities	894,957,827	1,138,582,600
Total liabilities	1,973,914,766	2,021,207,872
Total equity and liabilities	1,997,309,525	2,014,794,433

THE GUARANTOR

Overview

GLL was incorporated in Singapore as a private limited company on 31 March 1976. It was converted into a public company on 30 September 1978 and became listed on the SGX-ST on 14 November 1978.

The Group has established property operations in its geographical markets of Singapore, the PRC, Malaysia and Vietnam. In furtherance of GLL's aim to be a premier property company, GLL is focused on achieving scalability, sustainability and growth in these core markets through its property development, investment and management businesses. The Group also has exposure to property operations in the United Kingdom and Australia through its investment in Eco World International Berhad ("**EWI**") in strategic partnership with Eco World Development Group Berhad ("**EWB**").

The intermediate holding company of GLL is Guoco Group Limited ("**GGL**"), a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (Stock Code: 053). GGL is a member of the Hong Leong group of companies (the "**Hong Leong Group**"). Brief descriptions of GGL and the Hong Leong Group are set out below.

As at 30 June 2017, the Group had total assets of S\$9.0 billion and equity attributable to shareholders of S\$3.5 billion. As at the Latest Practicable Date, GLL had a market capitalisation of S\$2.5 billion.

Operations and Principal Activities

The principal activity of GLL is that of an investment holding company. The principal business activities of its subsidiaries are property development, property investment, hotel operations, property management and activities relating thereto. As part of its ordinary course of business, the Group is active in sourcing for real estate assets (which include participation in land tenders and auctions) primarily in its core geographical markets of Singapore, the PRC, Malaysia, Vietnam, the United Kingdom and Australia.

Singapore

(a) Property Development

The Group holds a portfolio of premium developments in the prime districts of Singapore. The flagship development, Tanjong Pagar Centre, is a multi-billion dollar integrated mixed-use development in the Central Business District ("**CBD**") comprising five key components — office, hotel, F&B and retail, residences and urban park. The development is directly served by the Tanjong Pagar MRT station.

The Group's prime residential developments comprise the 381-unit Leedon Residence which is next to the Leedon Park Good Class Bungalow area, the 1,024-unit Sims Urban Oasis located on the city fringe within a 15-minute drive or train ride to the CBD and the 181-unit Wallich Residence at the top of Tanjong Pagar Centre.

In April 2017, the Group unveiled preliminary details of its latest luxury residential condominium project, Martin Modern in District 9. The Group acquired the Martin Modern site in July 2016 through a government land sales tender. The official launch of Martin Modern was in late-July 2017.

In recognition of the Group's portfolio of quality developments and commitment to business excellence, the Group is a proud recipient of numerous awards. The latest accolades include the Singapore Top 10 Developers Awards 2016 organised by BCI Asia which the Group has won for the fourth time. Goodwood Residence was a double winner in the Residential categories of the prestigious FIABCI Singapore Property Awards 2015 and WAN Asia Award organised by World Architecture News.com. At the South East Asia Property Awards 2015, the Group was a major winner, collecting six awards in various categories, including Best Condo Development and Best Residential Architecture for Leedon Residence.

(b) Property Investment

The Group owns and manages an office building known as 20 Collyer Quay located in the heart of Raffles Place, with sheltered access to Raffles Place MRT and boasts a panoramic view of Marina Bay with a total strata area of approximately 250,000 square feet. In 2013, 20 Collyer Quay was recertified with the BCA Green Mark for Existing Non-Residential Buildings and also awarded with the PUB Water Efficient Building (Silver) Certification for the Office Building Sector.

Tanjong Pagar Centre is the Group's landmark integrated mixed-used development, with a total gross floor area of 1.7 million square feet. It includes the premium Grade-A office Guoco Tower, six storeys of F&B and retail space, 181 luxury apartments in Wallich Residence, the 223-room Sofitel Singapore City Centre hotel (owned by the Group and operated by AccorHotels) and a 150,000 square feet urban park comprising landscaped green space with lighting and water features, a sheltered community event space and F&B outlets integrated into the park for al fresco dining. Located above the Tanjong Pagar MRT station, the iconic development, which commenced operations in phases from November 2016, stands at 290 metres, currently defining it as the tallest building in Singapore. Guoco Tower and the F&B and retail component, which are owned and managed by the Group, have seen healthy occupancy levels. The rest of the development is on track for completion in the coming months with final project completion expected in the second half of 2017.

The PRC

The Group's wholly-owned subsidiaries, GuocoLand China ("**GLC**") and GuoSon Assets China Limited are active in the PRC. The Group is an established property developer in the PRC and has developed a sizeable portfolio of properties in Beijing, Shanghai, Nanjing and Tianjin.

The embedded operations in these major cities are a clear reflection of the Group's commitment to being a leading innovative real estate company in the PRC. The Group's portfolio ranges from single component developments to signature large-scale integrated developments which comprise residential, commercial, retail and hospitality assets in prime locations close to, or even integrated with transportation hubs. All of these have allowed the Group to distinguish itself in the PRC.

The Group is currently developing the high-end Changfeng Residence in Changfeng, Putuo District in Shanghai. Phases 1 and 2 of the development have been successfully launched and sold and the Group is launching the final phase. The other property in the Group's portfolio is Shanghai Guoson Centre, which is an integrated mixed-use development also located in Changfeng, Putuo District in Shanghai. The development comprises a retail mall, office towers, Small office, Home office ("**SoHo**") units, hotel and serviced apartments. The completed SoHo units, office towers and serviced apartments have since been sold. The Group is planning to develop the remaining plot of land in Changfeng into an office park and redevelop the existing retail mall concurrently to create a direct underground link between the offices, the retail mall and the upcoming Changfeng subway station.

In Chongqing, the Group was awarded the land tender for four land parcels. The land parcels are located within the Jiefangbei (Liberation Square) Commercial Belt within view of the Yangtze River in the Yuzhong District. The Yuzhong District is the key district of Chongqing and is well connected to the surrounding districts via a massive network of metro lines and bridges. With a land area of approximately 48,961 square metres and a total above ground gross floor area of 513,600 square metres, the Group intends to develop a mixed-use development comprising residential, commercial and retail components. The project is a joint venture with Hong Leong Holdings (China) Pte. Ltd. ("**HLHC**"), in which the Group holds a 75 per cent. equity interest, and HLHC holds the remaining 25 per cent.

Malaysia

As at the Latest Practicable Date, the Group has approximately 68.0 per cent. interest in GuocoLand (Malaysia) Berhad ("**GLM**"), a major Malaysian property group with established property operations in Malaysia. GLM is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("**Bursa Securities**") and has built a proven track record as a prominent property developer in residential townships, commercial and integrated development projects in Malaysia. GLM has also won several awards and accolades. In 2015, GLM emerged as runner-up for Best Profit Growth category in Focus Malaysia's Best Under Billion Awards and received the Malaysia Top 10 Developers Awards 2014 organised by BCI Asia. Its various properties have also received recognition at the Asia-Pacific Property Awards in past years.

GLM currently has a vast landbank in the Greater Klang Valley and Malacca. Among GLM's portfolio of notable developed prime projects are: Damansara City, its first integrated mixed-use development in Damansara Heights; master planned townships in Emerald Rawang and Pantai Sepang Putra; PJ City Corporate Hub in Petaling Jaya; Commerce One corporate office along Old Klang Road; and Amandarii boutique bungalows in Kajang.

Damansara City is GLM's flagship project strategically located in Damansara Heights, a prestigious and upscale neighbourhood at the fringe of Kuala Lumpur city centre. The integrated mixed-use development spans over 8.5 acres of prime freehold land with approximately 2.5 million square feet of gross floor area. It consists of two luxury residential towers known as DC Residensi, two Grade-A office towers, an F&B-centric lifestyle mall known as DC Mall, and the five-star luxury hotel Sofitel Kuala Lumpur Damansara (owned by GLM and operated by AccorHotels). Construction of the development has been completed and one office tower has been sold to Hong Leong Bank Berhad. The remaining office tower and DC Mall have commenced operations.

In March 2017, GLM completed the acquisition of two land parcels with a combined area of approximately 47,930 square metres in Batu 9 Cheras, Selangor. The two land parcels are located close to the upcoming Taman Suntex MRT station in Cheras, which is part of the Klang Valley MRT project connecting Kuala Lumpur city centre to the rest of the Klang Valley and GLM intends to develop a mixed-use development comprising largely of residential and commercial components. The project is approximately 11 kilometres southeast of Kuala Lumpur city centre and is also connected to the city via the Cheras-Kajang highway.

GLM owns two other hotels in Malaysia namely Thistle Port Dickson Resort and Thistle Johor Bahru. It is also active in property investment through its associate company Tower Real Estate Investment Trust which owns Menara HLA and HP Towers in the Klang Valley.

Vietnam

GuocoLand Vietnam (S) Pte. Ltd. ("**GLV**") is the holding company for the Group's Vietnam operations.

The Group owns The Canary, a 17.5 hectare mixed-use site situated 20 kilometres from Ho Chi Minh City. Located next to the Vietnam Singapore Industrial Park in Binh Duong province, the site fronts the busy National Route 13 highway. To be developed in phases, The Canary is expected to yield more than 1,000 apartments, a shopping mall, an international standard educational facility, offices, serviced apartments and other amenities with a total gross floor area of approximately 277,000 square metres when fully completed. Construction of Phases 1 and 2 of the residential component and the ancillary retail component, The Canary Plaza, have been completed. The piece of land designated for the shopping mall has been sold to AEON. Phase 1 of the residences has been substantially sold and the Group is focusing on monetising the rest of the development.

United Kingdom and Australia (through its investment in EWI in strategic partnership with EWB)

In April 2017, the Group expanded into the new markets of the United Kingdom and Australia through its strategic partnership with EWB, a leading property developer listed on Bursa Securities. Each of GLL and EWB holds an equal stake of 27.0 per cent. of EWI's issued and paid-up share capital. EWI was listed on Bursa Securities on 3 April 2017.

EWI has three development projects in London, and one development project in Sydney. The three development projects in London comprise (i) Embassy Gardens Phase 2 for the development of private residential units, affordable homes and commercial space located at the heart of Nine Elms neighbourhood; (ii) Warden London for the development of twin towers of 50 and 55 storeys located at Isle of Dogs next to Canary Wharf; and (iii) London City Island Phase 2 for the development of a new neighbourhood in London housing the English National Ballet located at Leamouth Peninsula near Canary Wharf. In Australia, EWI has a property development project at the West Village of Parramatta, Sydney to construct a 39-storey tower with residential units and a six-storey retail podium. A wholly-owned subsidiary of EWI had also in April 2017 entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement to acquire an 80 per cent. interest in Salcon Development (Australia) Pty Ltd which owns a 2,128 square metre parcel of prime land located in South Yarra, approximately 5.3 kilometres south-east of Melbourne's central business district.

Strategy

GLL aims to be a premier property company. In furtherance of this aim, GLL continues to allocate resources to growth sectors in its chosen geographical markets to achieve scalability, sustainability and growth in these markets.

GLL's medium and long-term strategy is to create shareholder value and sustainable earnings with an emphasis on growth. The Group is working on the following initiatives:

Scalability through quality land acquisitions

The Group has prime landbank in its embedded markets of Singapore, the PRC, Malaysia and Vietnam.

The Group intends to replenish its landbank when its development projects are progressively sold and whenever there are opportunities for attractive land acquisitions. The Group continually explores investment opportunities and/or acquisitions in the real estate sector.

Leveraging on proven execution capability

The Group intends to leverage on its core competencies in property development, investment and management to undertake complex development projects to create value and scale in its business model.

Expansion into new markets

With a substantial exposure in Asia in the markets of Singapore, the PRC, Malaysia and Vietnam, the Group has recently entered into the United Kingdom and Australia through its partnership with EWB. The Group believes that these two countries have potential for growth, given that they are large markets offering reasonable returns, with high levels of governance and clear and strong rule of law. The Group will continue to evaluate and explore other new markets for opportunities for growth.

Recurring income from managing third party assets

The Group seeks to further strengthen its income base and expand recurring income through investment properties. A higher proportion of recurring income provides better cashflow visibility and stable earnings contribution.

Competitive Strengths

GLL believes that the Group has the following competitive strengths:

(a) Core competencies as a real estate developer

The Group has been involved in property development and investment since 1990. It is a well-established developer in the private residential property market in Singapore, having successfully developed 34 residential projects in Singapore and yielding more than 9,400 apartments and homes over the last 27 years. The Group has also established property operations in the PRC, in Malaysia and in Vietnam.

(b) Quality asset base and landbank in its core markets

The Group has built up a quality landbank in its embedded markets. The Group's latest acquisitions of the Martin Modern residential site in Singapore and the four land parcels in Chongqing added a total of approximately 558,000 square metres of gross floor area to its landbank. With the addition of the Tanjong Pagar Centre, the Group now has sizeable integrated developments in each of its embedded markets. Notably, the Tanjong Pagar Centre integrated development in Singapore, Shanghai Guoson Centre as well as Damansara City in Malaysia are situated at prime locations integrated with or near to major transportation hubs.

The Group's strategy of building up a sustainable landbank in the countries in which it operates has enabled the Group to expand its property development operations, thereby increasing its market presence in these countries.

(c) Experienced and professional management team

The Group has an experienced and professional management team led by its Group President and Chief Executive Officer, Mr Raymond Choong Yee How. The key senior management team comprises Mr Richard Lai Tak Loi, Group Chief Financial Officer and the country heads, Mr Cheng Hsing Yao, Group Managing Director of GuocoLand Singapore, Datuk Edmund Kong Woon Jun, Group Managing Director of GuocoLand Malaysia, and Mr Hoon Teck Ming, Group Managing Director of GuocoLand China.

(d) *Sustainable financial strength*

The Group had total assets of S\$9.0 billion and total equity of S\$3.8 billion as at 30 June 2017. The Group was profitable in the last two years with profit attributable to shareholders of S\$357.2 million in FY2017 and S\$606.7 million in FY2016. Please refer to the section “Financial Review of the Group” on page 139 of this Information Memorandum.

(e) *Ability to leverage on the strength and track record of GGL group of companies (the “GGL Group”) and the Hong Leong Group*

The Group is part of the GGL Group and the Hong Leong Group.

GGL

GGL was incorporated in Bermuda on 25 May 1990 and is a listed company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (Stock Code: 053).

GGL is an investment holding and investment management company. GGL has four core businesses, namely, principal investment, property development and investment, hospitality and leisure business and financial services. GGL’s operating subsidiary companies and investment activities are principally located in Hong Kong, China, Singapore, Malaysia, Vietnam and the United Kingdom. As at 30 June 2017, GGL had net assets of US\$9.9 billion and annual turnover for the year ended 30 June 2017 was US\$3.0 billion with profit of US\$951.3 million. As at the Latest Practicable Date, GGL has a market capitalisation of approximately US\$4.4 billion.

The Hong Leong Group

The Hong Leong Group, founded in 1963, is a diversified group based in Malaysia with its core businesses comprising a diverse range of industries including banking & financial services, manufacturing & distribution, property development & investments, hospitality & leisure, and principal investment, with presence in North and Southeast Asia, Western Europe and the United Kingdom, North America and Oceania. The Hong Leong Group is represented in a range of industries, including property, hotels, financial services, and trade & industry. As at the Latest Practicable Date, the Hong Leong Group comprises 13 listed companies in Malaysia, Singapore, Hong Kong and London with a total market capitalisation of approximately S\$32.3 billion.

(f) *Strong corporate governance and internal controls*

The Group is committed to maintaining good standards of corporate governance and has its own code of corporate governance which provides the framework for its corporate governance policies and practices. The Group also has in place an enterprise risk management framework and internal controls to identify and mitigate significant business risks.

Financial Review of the Group

The following sets out the selected financial information of the Group for FY2017 and FY2016. The selected financial information has been derived from the Group's financial statements for FY2017 and should be read together with those financial statements and the notes thereto (if any). The Group's audited financial statements for FY2017 (the "**FY2017 Financial Statements**") have been included in the Guarantor's Annual Report for FY2017 which is available on SGXNET and at <http://www.guocoland.com.sg/annualreports.shtml>. The FY2017 Financial Statements will be laid before the shareholders of the Guarantor at its Annual General Meeting on 19 October 2017.

Income Statement

	Audited	
	Group FY2017 S\$'000	Group FY2016 S\$'000
Revenue	1,113,191	1,059,770
Cost of sales	(860,481)	(763,134)
Gross profit	252,710	296,636
Other income	318,193	625,897
Administrative expenses	(73,437)	(83,678)
Other expenses	(14,219)	(4,450)
Finance costs	(72,392)	(58,555)
Share of profit/(loss) of associates & joint ventures (net of tax)	44,945	(2,692)
Profit before tax	455,800	773,158
Tax expenses	(43,230)	(150,660)
Profit for the year	<u>412,570</u>	<u>622,498</u>
Profit attributable to:		
Equity holders of GLL	357,185	606,687
Non-controlling interests	55,385	15,811
Profit for the year	<u>412,570</u>	<u>622,498</u>
Earnings per share (cents)		
Basic	32.19	53.85
Diluted	32.19	53.85

Statement of Financial Position

	Audited	
	As at	As at
	30 June 2017	30 June 2016
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	623,806	494,780
Investment properties	3,053,287	2,711,193
Associates and joint ventures	675,616	427,945
Other receivables, including derivatives	—	84
Other investments	507	603
Deferred tax assets	19,557	29,500
	<u>4,372,773</u>	<u>3,664,105</u>
Current assets		
Inventories	2,798,504	2,410,452
Deposits for land	466,893	—
Trade and other receivables, including derivatives	199,022	401,799
Cash and cash equivalents	1,118,483	1,430,249
	<u>4,582,902</u>	<u>4,242,500</u>
Total assets	<u>8,955,675</u>	<u>7,906,605</u>
Equity		
Share capital	1,926,053	1,926,053
Reserves	1,603,809	1,350,094
Equity attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	3,529,862	3,276,147
Non-controlling interests	303,571	166,059
Total equity	<u>3,833,433</u>	<u>3,422,206</u>
Non-current liabilities		
Other payables, including derivatives	342,560	210,012
Loans and borrowings	2,254,031	1,708,205
Deferred tax liabilities	33,717	13,648
	<u>2,630,308</u>	<u>1,931,865</u>
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables, including derivatives	377,329	339,384
Loans and borrowings	2,090,477	2,122,091
Current tax liabilities	24,128	71,059
	<u>2,491,934</u>	<u>2,532,534</u>
Total liabilities	<u>5,122,242</u>	<u>4,464,399</u>
Total equity and liabilities	<u>8,955,675</u>	<u>7,906,605</u>

Review of Performance

Income Statement

The Group ended FY2017 with revenue of \$1.11 billion and profit attributable to equity holders of \$357.2 million.

Revenue for FY2017 increased by five per cent. as compared to the previous year mainly due to better performance in Singapore. The higher sales and progressive revenue recognition from Singapore's residential projects in FY2017 offset the absence of contribution from the sale of an office block in Shanghai Guoson Centre in FY2016. Gross profit declined by 15 per cent. due to lower gross margin arising from the different sales mix between FY2017 and FY2016.

The Group's fair value gain from investment properties increased \$234.8 million as compared to FY2016 mainly due to higher fair value gain from Tanjong Pagar Centre's Guoco Tower. The increase partially offset the effect of the one-time gain from the disposal of subsidiaries relating to the DZM Project in FY2016. As a result, the Group's other income fell by 49 per cent. to \$318.2 million in FY2017.

Statement of Financial Position

Equity attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company as at 30 June 2017 increased by eight per cent. to \$3.53 billion as compared to 30 June 2016. The increase was mainly due to the profit recorded for the financial year but partially offset by approximately \$100 million of dividends paid in November 2016.

Boosted mainly by the fair value gain on Tanjong Pagar Centre's Guoco Tower in the fourth quarter of FY2017, the Group's investment properties increased by 13 per cent. to more than \$3 billion as at 30 June 2017. On the other hand, the Group's trade and other receivables reduced by 50 per cent. to approximately \$199 million as at 30 June 2017. This was largely due to collections from sales proceeds of Singapore's residential projects and receipt of the remaining consideration of RMB593.7 million from the disposal of subsidiaries relating to the DZM Project.

Inventories and deposits for land increased by 35 per cent. to a total of \$3.27 billion as at 30 June 2017 mainly due to land acquisitions of a residential site at Martin Place in Singapore and progressive payments for four land plots in Chongqing, China. In addition to the land acquisitions during FY2017, the Group completed the investment of a 27 per cent. equity interest in Eco World International Berhad. Consequently, the Group's associates and joint ventures increased by 58 per cent. to \$675.6 million as at 30 June 2017. Mainly due to the partial financing of these new investments with loans and borrowings, the Group's total loans and borrowings increased by 13 per cent. as compared to 30 June 2016. However, as at 30 June 2017, the Group's gearing continues to stay below one time.

PURPOSE OF THE PROGRAMME AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds arising from the issue of the Securities under the Programme (after deducting issue expenses) will be used for the purposes of financing general working capital and corporate requirements of the Group or such other purpose(s) as may be specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

CLEARING AND SETTLEMENT

Clearance and Settlement under the Depository System

In respect of Securities which are accepted for clearance by CDP in Singapore, clearance will be effected through an electronic book-entry clearance and settlement system for the trading of debt securities (“**Depository System**”) maintained by CDP. Securities that are to be listed on the SGX-ST may be cleared through CDP.

CDP, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Singapore Exchange Limited, is incorporated under the laws of Singapore and acts as a depository and clearing organisation. CDP holds securities for its accountholders and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between accountholders through electronic book-entry changes in the securities accounts maintained by such accountholders with CDP.

In respect of Securities which are accepted for clearance by CDP, the entire issue of the Securities is to be held by CDP in the form of a Global Security or a Global Certificate for persons holding the Securities in securities accounts with CDP (“**Depositors**”). Delivery and transfer of Securities between Depositors is by electronic book-entries in the records of CDP only, as reflected in the securities accounts of Depositors. Although CDP encourages settlement on the third business day following the trade date of debt securities, market participants may mutually agree on a different settlement period if necessary.

Settlement of over-the-counter trades in the Securities through the Depository System may only be effected through certain corporate depositors (“**Depository Agents**”) approved by CDP under the SFA to maintain securities sub-accounts and to hold the Securities in such securities sub-accounts for themselves and their clients. Accordingly, Securities for which trade settlement is to be effected through the Depository System must be held in securities sub-accounts with Depository Agents. Depositors holding the Securities in direct securities accounts with CDP, and who wish to trade Securities through the Depository System, must transfer the Securities to be traded from such direct securities accounts to a securities sub-account with a Depository Agent for trade settlement.

CDP is not involved in money settlement between Depository Agents (or any other persons) as CDP is not a counterparty in the settlement of trades of debt securities. However, CDP will make payments of interest and distributions and repayment of principal on behalf of issuers of debt securities.

Although CDP has established procedures to facilitate transfer of interests in the Securities in global form among Depositors, it is under no obligation to perform or continue to perform such procedures, and such procedures may be discontinued at any time. None of the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Issuing and Paying Agent or any other agent will have the responsibility for the performance by CDP of its obligations under the rules and procedures governing its operations.

Clearance and Settlement under Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg

Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg each holds securities for participating organisations and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between their respective participants through electronic book-entry changes in the accounts of such participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movements of certificates and any risks from lack of simultaneous transfer. Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg provide to their respective participants, among other things, services for safekeeping, administration, clearance and

settlement of internationally-traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg each also deals with domestic securities markets in several countries through established depository and custodial relationships. The respective systems of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg have established an electronic bridge between their two systems which enables their respective participants to settle trades with one another. Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg participants are financial institutions throughout the world, including underwriters, securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organisations. Indirect access to Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg is also available to other financial institutions, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies which clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg participant, either directly or indirectly.

A participant's overall contractual relations with either Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg are governed by the respective rules and operating procedures of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg and any applicable laws. Both Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg act under those rules and operating procedures only on behalf of their respective participants, and have no record of, or relationship with, persons holding any interests through their respective participants. Distributions of principal with respect to book-entry interests in the Securities held through Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg will be credited, to the extent received by the relevant Paying Agent, to the cash accounts of the relevant Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg participants in accordance with the relevant system's rules and procedures.

TAXATION

Singapore Taxation

The statements made herein regarding taxation are general in nature and based on certain aspects of current tax laws and regulations in Singapore and administrative guidelines issued by IRAS and MAS in force as at the date of this Information Memorandum and are subject to any changes in such laws, regulations or administrative guidelines, or in the interpretation of these laws, regulations or guidelines, occurring after such date, which changes could be made on a retroactive basis. These laws, regulations and guidelines are also subject to interpretation and the relevant tax authorities or the courts could later disagree with the explanations or conclusions set out below. Neither the statements below nor any other statements in this Information Memorandum related to tax matters are intended or are to be regarded as advice on the tax position of any Securityholder or of any person acquiring, selling or otherwise dealing with the Securities or on any tax implications arising from the acquisition, sale or other dealings in respect of the Securities. The statements made herein do not purport to be a comprehensive description of all of the tax considerations that may be relevant to a decision to purchase, own or dispose of the Securities and do not purport to deal with the tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which (such as dealers in securities or financial institutions in Singapore which have been granted the relevant Financial Sector Incentive(s)) may be subject to special rules or tax rates. The statements made herein relate to the position of persons who are absolute beneficial owners of the Securities and may or may not apply equally to all persons. Prospective Securityholders are advised to consult their own professional tax advisers as to the Singapore or other tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership of or disposal of the Securities, including, in particular, the effect of any foreign, state or local tax laws to which they are subject. It is emphasised that none of the Issuer, the Arrangers and any other persons involved in the issuance of the Securities, accepts responsibility for any tax effects or liabilities resulting from the subscription for, purchase, holding or disposal of the Securities.

In addition, the disclosure below is on the assumption that IRAS regards each tranche of the Perpetual Securities as “debt securities” for the purposes of the ITA and that distribution payments made under each tranche of the Perpetual Securities will be regarded as interest payable on indebtedness and holders thereof may therefore enjoy the tax concessions and exemptions available for qualifying debt securities, provided that the other conditions for the Qualifying Debt Securities scheme are satisfied. If any tranche of the Perpetual Securities is not regarded as “debt securities” for the purposes of the ITA and holders thereof are not eligible for the tax concessions under the Qualifying Debt Securities scheme, the tax treatment to holders may differ. Investors and holders of any tranche of the Perpetual Securities should consult their own accounting and tax advisers regarding the Singapore income tax consequences of their acquisition, holding and disposal of any tranche of the Perpetual Securities.

There is no assurance that IRAS will agree to treat any particular tranche of Perpetual Securities as debt securities and distributions thereon as interest.

1. Interest, Distributions & Other Payments

Under Section 12(6) of the ITA, the following payments are deemed to be derived from Singapore:

- (a) any interest, commission, fee or any other payment in connection with any loan or indebtedness or with any arrangement, management, guarantee, or service relating to any loan or indebtedness which is (i) borne, directly or indirectly, by a person

resident in Singapore or a permanent establishment in Singapore (except in respect of any business carried on outside Singapore through a permanent establishment outside Singapore or any immovable property situated outside Singapore) or (ii) deductible against any income accruing in or derived from Singapore; or

- (b) any income derived from loans where the funds provided by such loans are brought into or used in Singapore.

Such payments, where made to a person not known to the paying party to be a resident in Singapore for tax purposes, are generally subject to withholding tax in Singapore. The rate at which tax is to be withheld for such payments (other than those subject to the 15.0 per cent. final withholding tax described below) to non-resident non-individuals is currently 17.0 per cent. The applicable rate for non-resident individuals is currently 22.0 per cent. However, if the payment is derived by a person not resident in Singapore otherwise than from any trade, business, profession or vocation carried on or exercised by such person in Singapore and is not effectively connected with any permanent establishment in Singapore of that person, the payment is subject to a final withholding tax rate of 15.0 per cent. The rate of 15.0 per cent. may be reduced by applicable tax treaties.

However, certain Singapore-sourced investment income derived by individuals from financial instruments is exempt from tax, including:

- (a) interest from debt securities derived on or after 1 January 2004;
- (b) discount income (not including discount income arising from secondary trading) from debt securities derived on or after 17 February 2006; and
- (c) prepayment fee, redemption premium or break cost from debt securities derived on or after 15 February 2007,

except where such income is derived through a partnership in Singapore or is derived from the carrying on of a trade, business or profession.

In addition, as the Programme as a whole was arranged by Financial Sector Incentive (Bond Market) Company(ies) (as defined in the ITA) at such time, any tranche of the Securities ("**Relevant Securities**") issued as debt securities under the Programme from the date of the Information Memorandum to 31 December 2018 would be qualifying debt securities ("**QDS**") for the purposes of the ITA and the following treatment should apply:

- (a) subject to certain prescribed conditions having been fulfilled (including the furnishing by the Issuer, or such other person as the MAS may direct, to the MAS of a return on debt securities for the Relevant Securities in the prescribed format within such period as the MAS may specify and such other particulars in connection with the Relevant Securities as the MAS may require and the inclusion by the Issuer in all offering documents relating to the Relevant Securities of a statement to the effect that where interest, discount income, prepayment fee, redemption premium or break cost from the Relevant Securities is derived by a person who is not resident in Singapore and who carries on any operation in Singapore through a permanent establishment in Singapore, the tax exemption for QDS shall not apply if the non-resident person acquires the Relevant Securities using the funds and profits of such person's operations through the Singapore permanent establishment), interest, discount income (not including discount income arising from secondary trading),

prepayment fee, redemption premium and break cost (collectively, the “**Qualifying Income**”) from the Relevant Securities paid by the Issuer and derived by a holder who is not resident in Singapore and who (i) does not have any permanent establishment in Singapore or (ii) carries on any operation in Singapore through a permanent establishment in Singapore but the funds used by that person to acquire the Relevant Securities are not obtained from such person’s operation through a permanent establishment in Singapore, are exempt from Singapore tax;

- (b) subject to certain conditions having been fulfilled (including the furnishing by the Issuer, or such other person as the MAS may direct, to the MAS of a return on debt securities for the Relevant Securities in the prescribed format within such period as the MAS may specify and such other particulars in connection with the Relevant Securities as the MAS may require), Qualifying Income from the Relevant Securities paid by the Issuer and derived by any company or a body of persons (as defined in the ITA) in Singapore is subject to tax at a concessionary rate of 10.0 per cent. (except for holders of the relevant Financial Sector Incentive(s) who may be taxed at different rates); and
- (c) subject to:
 - (i) the Issuer including in all offering documents relating to the Relevant Securities a statement to the effect that any person whose interest, discount income, prepayment fee, redemption premium or break cost derived from the Relevant Securities is not exempt from tax shall include such income in a return of income made under the ITA; and
 - (ii) the furnishing by Issuer, or such other person as the MAS may direct, to the MAS of a return on debt securities for the Relevant Securities in the prescribed format within such period as the MAS may specify and such other particulars in connection with the Relevant Securities as the MAS may require,

payments of Qualifying Income derived from the Relevant Securities are not subject to withholding tax by the Issuer.

For the purposes of the foregoing, the term “offering documents” means the prospectus, offering circulars, information memoranda, pricing supplements or other documents issued to investors in connection with an issue of securities.

Notwithstanding the foregoing:

- (A) if during the primary launch of any tranche of Relevant Securities, the Relevant Securities of such tranche are issued to fewer than four persons and 50.0 per cent. or more of the principal amount of such Relevant Securities is beneficially held or funded, directly or indirectly, by related parties of the Issuer, such Relevant Securities would not qualify as QDS; and
- (B) even though a particular tranche of Relevant Securities are QDS, if, at any time during the tenure of such tranche of Relevant Securities, 50.0 per cent. or more of such Relevant Securities which are outstanding at any time during the life of their issue is beneficially held or funded, directly or indirectly, by any related party(ies) of the Issuer, Qualifying Income derived from such Relevant Securities held by:
 - (I) any related party of the Issuer; or

- (II) any other person where the funds used by such person to acquire such Relevant Securities are obtained, directly or indirectly, from any related party of the Issuer,

shall not be eligible for the tax exemption or concessionary rate of tax as described above.

The term “**related party**”, in relation to a person, means any other person who, directly or indirectly, controls that person, or is controlled, directly or indirectly, by that person, or where he and that other person, directly or indirectly, are under the control of a common person.

The terms “**break cost**”, “**prepayment fee**” and “**redemption premium**” are defined in the ITA as follows:

- (aa) “**break cost**”, in relation to debt securities and qualifying debt securities, means any fee payable by the issuer of the securities on the early redemption of the securities, the amount of which is determined by any loss or liability incurred by the holder of the securities in connection with such redemption;
- (bb) “**prepayment fee**”, in relation to debt securities and qualifying debt securities, means any fee payable by the issuer of the securities on the early redemption of the securities, the amount of which is determined by the terms of the issuance of the securities; and
- (cc) “**redemption premium**”, in relation to debt securities and qualifying debt securities, means any premium payable by the issuer of the securities on the redemption of the securities upon their maturity.

References to “**break cost**”, “**prepayment fee**” and “**redemption premium**” in this Singapore tax disclosure have their same meaning as defined in the ITA.

Where interest, discount income, prepayment fee, redemption premium or break cost (i.e. the Qualifying Income) is derived from the Relevant Securities by any person who is not resident in Singapore and who carries on any operations in Singapore through a permanent establishment in Singapore, the tax exemption available for QDS under the ITA (as mentioned above) shall not apply if such person acquires such Relevant Securities using the funds and profits of such person’s operations through a permanent establishment in Singapore. Any person whose interest, discount income, prepayment fee, redemption premium or break cost (i.e. the Qualifying Income) derived from the Relevant Securities is not exempt from tax shall include such income in a return of income made under the ITA.

Under the Qualifying Debt Securities Plus Scheme (“**QDS Plus Scheme**”), subject to certain conditions having been fulfilled (including the furnishing by the issuer or such other person as the MAS may direct, to the MAS of a return on debt securities in respect of the QDS in the prescribed format within such period as the MAS may specify and such other particulars in connection with the QDS as the MAS may require), income tax exemption is granted on Qualifying Income derived by any investor from QDS (excluding Singapore Government Securities) which:

- (a) are issued during the period from 16 February 2008 to 31 December 2018;
- (b) have an original maturity of not less than 10 years;

- (c) cannot have their tenure shortened to less than 10 years from the date of their issue, except where —
 - (i) the shortening of the tenure is a result of any early termination pursuant to certain specified early termination clauses which the issuer included in any offering document for such QDS; and
 - (ii) the QDS do not contain any call, put, conversion, exchange or similar option that can be triggered at specified dates or at specified prices which have been priced into the value of the QDS at the time of their issue; and
- (d) cannot be re-opened with a resulting tenure of less than 10 years to the original maturity date.

However, even if a particular tranche of the Relevant Securities are QDS which qualify under the QDS Plus Scheme, if, at any time during the tenure of such tranche of Relevant Securities, 50.0 per cent. or more of such Relevant Securities which are outstanding at any time during the life of their issue is beneficially held or funded, directly or indirectly, by any related party(ies) of the Issuer, Qualifying Income from such Relevant Securities derived by:

- (i) any related party of the Issuer; or
- (ii) any other person where the funds used by such person to acquire such Relevant Securities are obtained, directly or indirectly, from any related party of the Issuer,

shall not be eligible for the tax exemption under the QDS Plus Scheme as described above.

2. Capital Gains

Any gains considered to be in the nature of capital made from the sale of the Securities will not be taxable in Singapore. However, any gains derived by any person from the sale of the Securities which are gains from any trade, business, profession or vocation carried on by that person, if accruing in or derived from Singapore, may be taxable as such gains are considered revenue in nature.

Holders of the Securities who apply or who are required to apply Singapore Financial Reporting Standard 39 (“FRS 39”) may, for Singapore income tax purposes, be required to recognise gains or losses (not being gains or losses in the nature of capital) on the Securities, irrespective of disposal, in accordance with FRS 39. Please see the section below on “Adoption of FRS 39 Treatment for Singapore Income Tax Purposes”.

3. Adoption of FRS 39 Treatment for Singapore Income Tax Purposes

The IRAS has issued a circular entitled “Income Tax Implications Arising from the Adoption of FRS 39 - Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement” (the “**FRS 39 Circular**”). The ITA has since been amended to give effect to the FRS 39 Circular.

The FRS 39 Circular generally applies, subject to certain “opt-out” provisions, to taxpayers who are required to comply with FRS 39 for financial reporting purposes.

Holders of the Securities who may be subject to the tax treatment under the FRS 39 Circular should consult their own accounting and tax advisers regarding the Singapore income tax consequences of their acquisition, holding or disposal of the Securities.

4. Estate Duty

Singapore estate duty has been abolished with respect to all deaths occurring on or after 15 February 2008.

FATCA Withholding

Pursuant to certain provisions of U.S. law, commonly known as FATCA, a “foreign financial institution” may be required to withhold on certain payments it makes (“**foreign passthru payments**”) to persons that fail to meet certain certification, reporting, or related requirements. A number of jurisdictions (including Singapore) have entered into, or have agreed in substance to, intergovernmental agreements with the United States to implement FATCA (“**IGAs**”), which modify the way in which FATCA applies in their jurisdictions.

Certain aspects of the application of these rules to instruments such as the Securities, including whether withholding would ever be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as the Securities, is not clear at this time. Even if withholding would be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as the Securities, such withholding would not apply prior to 1 January 2019 and Securities that are not treated as equity for U.S. federal income tax purposes and are issued on or prior to the date that is six months after the date on which final regulations defining “foreign passthru payments” are filed with the U.S. Federal Register generally would be “grandfathered” for purposes of FATCA withholding unless materially modified after such date. However, if additional securities (as described in Condition 14 of the Notes or, as the case may be, Condition 12 of the Perpetual Securities) that are not distinguishable from these Securities are issued after the expiration of the grandfather period and are subject to withholding under FATCA, then withholding agents may treat all Securities, including the Securities offered hereby, as subject to withholding under FATCA. In the event any withholding would be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on the Securities, no person will be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the withholding.

Securityholders should consult their own tax advisors regarding how these rules may apply to their investment in the Securities.

SUBSCRIPTION, PURCHASE AND DISTRIBUTION

The Programme Agreement provides for Securities to be offered from time to time through one or more Dealers. The price at which a Series or Tranche will be issued will be determined prior to its issue between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s). The obligations of the Dealers under the Programme Agreement will be subject to certain conditions set out in the Programme Agreement. Each Dealer (acting as principal) will subscribe or procure subscribers for Securities from the Issuer pursuant to the Programme Agreement.

The Arrangers, the Dealers or any of their respective affiliates may have performed certain banking and advisory services for the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or its affiliates from time to time for which they have received customary fees and expenses and may, from time to time, engage in transactions with and perform services for the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or its affiliates in the ordinary course of the Issuer's, the Guarantor's or their business. The Issuer and/or the Guarantor may from time to time agree with the relevant Dealer(s) that the Issuer and/or the Guarantor may pay certain third parties commissions (including, without limitation, rebates to private banks as specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement).

The Dealers or certain of their respective affiliates may purchase the Securities and be allocated the Securities for asset management and/or proprietary purposes but not with a view to distribution.

In connection with each tranche of Securities issued under the Programme, the Dealers or certain of their affiliates may purchase Securities and be allocated Securities for asset management and/or proprietary purposes but not with a view to distribution. Further, the Dealers and/or their respective affiliates may place orders, receive allocations and purchase Securities for their own account (without a view to distributing such Securities) and such orders and/or allocations of the Securities may be material. Such entities may hold or sell such Securities or purchase further Securities for their own account in the secondary market or deal in any other securities of the Issuer, and therefore, they may offer or sell the Securities or other securities otherwise than in connection with the offering. Accordingly, references herein to the Securities being "offered" should be read as including any offering of the Securities to the Arrangers, the Dealers and/or their respective affiliates for their own account. Such entities are not expected to disclose such transactions or the extent of any such investment, otherwise than in accordance with any legal or regulatory obligation to do so.

United States

The Securities and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in certain transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act ("**Regulation S**").

Bearer Securities are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. tax regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and regulations thereunder.

Each Dealer has agreed that, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree that, except as permitted by the Programme Agreement, it will not offer, sell or, in the case of Bearer Securities, deliver the Securities (i) as part of their distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution of an identifiable Tranche of which such Securities are a part, as determined and certified to the Issuing and Paying Agent by such Dealer (or, in the case of an identifiable Tranche of Securities sold to or

through more than one Dealer, by each of such Dealers with respect to Securities of an identifiable Tranche purchased by or through it, in which case the Issuing and Paying Agent shall notify such Dealer when all such Dealers have so certified), within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, and it will have sent to each dealer to which it sells Securities during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Securities within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Terms used in the preceding sentence have the meanings given to them by Regulation S.

In addition, until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of any identifiable Tranche of Securities, an offer or sale of Securities within the United States by a dealer that is not participating in the offering of such Tranche of Securities may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

PRC

Each Dealer has represented and agreed that the Securities are not being offered or sold and may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in the PRC (for such purposes, not including Hong Kong, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China, and Taiwan), except as permitted by the securities laws of the PRC.

Hong Kong

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent, warrant and agree, that:

- (i) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell in Hong Kong, by means of any document, any Securities other than (a) to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong and any rules made under that Ordinance; or (b) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus" as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of that Ordinance; and
- (ii) it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Securities, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to Securities which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong and any rules made under that Ordinance.

Singapore

Each Dealer has acknowledged that this Information Memorandum has not been and will not be registered as a prospectus with MAS. Accordingly, each Dealer has represented, warranted and agreed that it has not offered or sold any Securities or caused the Securities to be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase and will not offer or sell any Securities or cause the Securities to be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, and has not circulated or distributed, nor will it circulate or distribute, this Information Memorandum or any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the Securities, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA,

(ii) to a relevant person pursuant to Section 275(1), or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275, of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

General

Each Dealer understands that no action has been taken in any jurisdiction that would permit a public offering of any of the Securities, or possession or distribution of this Information Memorandum or any other document or any Pricing Supplement, in any country or jurisdiction (other than Singapore) where action for that purpose is required.

Each Dealer has agreed that it will comply with all applicable securities laws, regulations and directives in each jurisdiction in which it subscribes for, purchases, offers, sells or delivers Securities or any interest therein or rights in respect thereof or has in its possession or distributes, this Information Memorandum or any other document or any Pricing Supplement. No Dealer will directly or indirectly offer, sell or deliver Securities or any interest therein or rights in respect thereof or distribute or publish any prospectus, circular, advertisement or other offering material (including, without limitation, this Information Memorandum) in any country or jurisdiction except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations, and all offers, sales and deliveries of Securities or any interest therein or rights in respect thereof by it will be made on the foregoing terms. In connection with the offer, sale or delivery by any Dealer of any Securities or any interest therein or rights in respect thereof, the Issuer shall not have responsibility for, and each Dealer will obtain, any consent, approval or permission required in and each Dealer will comply with the laws and regulations in force in, any jurisdiction to which it is subject or from which it may make any such offer or sale.

Any person who may be in doubt as to the restrictions set out in the SFA or the laws, regulations and directives in each jurisdiction in which it subscribes for, purchases, offers, sells or delivers the Securities or any interest therein or rights in respect thereof and the consequences arising from a contravention thereof should consult his own professional advisers and should make his own inquiries as to the laws, regulations and directives in force or applicable in any particular jurisdiction at any relevant time.

GENERAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

1. The name and designation of each of the Directors of the Issuer as at the Latest Practicable Date, are set out below:

Name	Designation
Choong Yee How	Director
Lai Tak Loi	Director
Elizabeth Koe-Oo Kian Fei	Director

2. The name and designation of each of the Directors of the Guarantor as at the Latest Practicable Date, are set out below:

Name	Designation
Lim Kim Poo	Director and Chairman
Choong Yee How	Director, Group President & Chief Executive Officer
Quek Leng Chan	Director
Kwek Leng Hai	Director
Timothy Teo Lai Wah	Director
Francis Siu Wai Keung	Director
Abdullah Bin Tarmugi	Director
Lim Suat Jien	Director
Jennie Chua Kheng Yeng	Director
Tang Hong Cheong	Director

MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE

3. There has been no material adverse change in the financial condition or business of the Issuer or the Group since 30 June 2017.

SHARE CAPITAL

4. Within the two years preceding the Latest Practicable Date, no option to subscribe for shares in, or debentures of, the Issuer has been granted to, or was exercised by, any Director of the Issuer.
5. Within the two years preceding the Latest Practicable Date, no option to subscribe for shares in, or debentures of, the Guarantor has been granted to, or was exercised by, any Director of the Guarantor.

BORROWINGS

6. Save as disclosed in this Information Memorandum and in Appendix II, the Issuer had as at 30 June 2017 no other borrowings.
7. Save as disclosed in this Information Memorandum and in the FY2017 Financial Statements, the Group had as at 30 June 2017 no other borrowings.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

8. As at the Latest Practicable Date, there has been no significant change in the accounting policies of the Group since the FY2017 Financial Statements.

LITIGATION

9. Save as disclosed in this Information Memorandum, there are no legal or arbitration proceedings pending or (so far as the Issuer and the Guarantor are aware) threatened against the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of the Guarantor's Principal Subsidiaries (as defined in the Trust Deed) the outcome of which is likely to have or have had during the 12 months prior to the date of this Information Memorandum a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Group.

CONSENTS

10. The Auditors have given and have not withdrawn their written consent to the issue of this Information Memorandum with the references herein to their name and, where applicable, reports in the form and context in which they appear in this Information Memorandum.

DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

11. Copies of the following documents may be inspected at the registered office of the Issuer at 1 Wallich Street #31-01 Guoco Tower Singapore 078881 during normal business hours for a period of six months from the date of this Information Memorandum:
 - (a) the Constitution of each of the Issuer and the Guarantor;
 - (b) the Trust Deed;
 - (c) the letter of consent referred to in paragraph 10 above; and
 - (d) the audited financial statements of GLL IHT Pte. Ltd. for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

FUNCTIONS, RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE TRUSTEE

12. The functions, rights and obligations of the Trustee are set out in the Trust Deed.

**AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GLL IHT PTE. LTD.
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017**

The information in this Appendix II has been reproduced from the audited financial statements of the Issuer for the financial year ended 30 June 2017 and has not been specifically prepared for inclusion in this Information Memorandum.



GLL IHT Pte. Ltd.
Registration Number: 198700473D

Annual Report
Year ended 30 June 2017

Directors' statement

We are pleased to submit this annual report to the member of the Company together with the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial statements set out on pages FS1 to FS25 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2017 and the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50 and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, having regard to the financial support from the immediate holding company which the directors believe will continue to be available to the Company, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The Board of Directors has, on the date of this statement, authorised these financial statements for issue.

Directors

The directors in office at the date of this statement are as follows:

Raymond Choong Yee How
Lai Tak Loi
Derek Goh Yong Sian

Directors' interests

According to the register kept by the Company for the purposes of Section 164 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the Act), particulars of interests of a director who held office at the end of the financial year (including those held by the director's spouse and children below 18 years of age) in shares, debentures, warrants and share options of a related corporation are as follows:

Name of director and corporation in which interests are held	Holdings at beginning of the year	Holdings at end of the year
Raymond Choong Yee How Hong Leong Financial Group Berhad - Ordinary shares of RM1.00 each	3,996,400	3,996,400

Except as disclosed in this statement, no director who held office at the end of the financial year had interests in shares, debentures, warrants or share options of the Company, or of related corporations, either at the beginning or at the end of the financial year.

Neither at the end of, nor at any time during the financial year, was the Company a party to any arrangement whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Share options

During the financial year, there were:

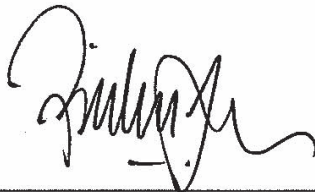
- (i) no options granted by the Company to any person to take up unissued shares in the Company; and
- (ii) no shares issued by virtue of any exercise of option to take up unissued shares of the Company.

There were no unissued shares of the Company under options granted by the Company as at the end of the financial year.

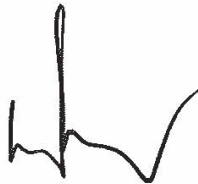
Auditors

The auditors, KPMG LLP, have indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board of Directors



Lai Tak Loi
Director



Raymond Choong Yee How
Director

25 August 2017



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Independent auditors' report

Member of the Company
GLL IHT Pte. Ltd.

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of GLL IHT Pte. Ltd. ('the Company'), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages FS1 to FS25.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 ('the Act') and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore ('FRSs') so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2017 and of the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ('SSAs'). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the '*Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements*' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority *Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities* ('ACRA Code') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information contained in the annual report. The other information is defined as all information in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

We have obtained all other information prior to the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and directors for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and FRSs, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.



- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

KPMG LLP

KPMG LLP
Public Accountants and
Chartered Accountants

Singapore
25 August 2017

Statement of Financial Position
As at 30 June 2017

	Note	2017 \$	2016 \$
Non-current assets			
Plant and equipment	4	10	603
Amounts due from related corporations	5	1,795,440,125	1,341,699,196
		<u>1,795,440,135</u>	<u>1,341,699,799</u>
Current assets			
Other receivables	6	85,720	587,420
Derivatives	11	–	918,924
Cash and cash equivalents	7	201,783,670	671,588,290
		<u>201,869,390</u>	<u>673,094,634</u>
Total assets		<u>1,997,309,525</u>	<u>2,014,794,433</u>
Equity attributable to owner of the Company			
Share capital	8	10,083,000	10,083,000
Accumulated profits/(losses)		13,311,759	(16,496,439)
Total equity		<u>23,394,759</u>	<u>(6,413,439)</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	9	814,249	569,749
Loans and borrowings	10	1,071,955,139	882,055,523
Derivatives	11	6,187,551	–
		<u>1,078,956,939</u>	<u>882,625,272</u>
Current liabilities			
Amounts due to immediate holding company	12	102,090,713	314,800,499
Other payables	13	318,972,374	419,959,946
Derivatives	11	11,388	676,655
Loans and borrowings	10	471,949,327	403,076,475
Current tax liabilities		1,934,025	69,025
		<u>894,957,827</u>	<u>1,138,582,600</u>
Total liabilities		<u>1,973,914,766</u>	<u>2,021,207,872</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>1,997,309,525</u>	<u>2,014,794,433</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

FS1

Statement of Comprehensive Income
Year ended 30 June 2017

	Note	2017 \$	2016 \$
Revenue	14	72,890,311	64,302,954
Administrative expenses		(3,266,226)	(797,927)
Other income/(expenses)	15	26,553,662	(2,088,349)
Finance costs	15	(64,260,048)	(82,932,864)
Profit/(loss) before tax	15	31,917,699	(21,516,186)
Tax (expense)/credit	16	(2,109,501)	1,283,366
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for the year		<u>29,808,198</u>	<u>(20,232,820)</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

FS2

Statement of Changes in Equity
Year ended 30 June 2017

	Share capital	Accumulated profits/(losses)	Total
	\$	\$	\$
At 1 July 2015	10,083,000	3,736,381	13,819,381
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	–	(20,232,820)	(20,232,820)
At 30 June 2016	10,083,000	(16,496,439)	(6,413,439)
At 1 July 2016	10,083,000	(16,496,439)	(6,413,439)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	–	29,808,198	29,808,198
At 30 June 2017	10,083,000	13,311,759	23,394,759

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

FS3

Statement of Cash Flows
Year ended 30 June 2017

	Note	2017 \$	2016 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit/(loss) before tax		31,917,699	(21,516,186)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation		591	1,649
Interest income		(72,347,311)	(63,784,954)
Finance costs		64,260,048	82,932,864
Mark-to-market loss/(gain) on foreign exchange contracts		6,441,208	(736,845)
Mark-to-market gain on interest rate swaps		–	(483,667)
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss		(1,177,528)	13,607,425
		<u>29,094,707</u>	<u>10,020,286</u>
Changes in:			
Other receivables		(31,235)	(618)
Other payables		16,409	928
Balances with:			
- immediate holding company		(212,709,786)	776,315,909
- related corporations		(557,483,001)	774,617,803
Interest received		72,880,246	63,211,751
Interest paid		(61,515,708)	(84,401,367)
Proceeds from loans and borrowings		2,398,751,731	359,080,903
Repayment of loans and borrowings		(2,138,808,096)	(1,234,480,000)
Cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(469,804,733)	664,365,595
Income taxes paid		–	(186,897)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		<u>(469,804,733)</u>	<u>664,178,698</u>
Cash flows from investing activity			
Purchase of plant and equipment		–	(261)
Net cash used in investing activity		<u>–</u>	<u>(261)</u>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(469,804,733)	664,178,437
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		671,588,290	2,628,170
Exchange differences on translation of balances held in foreign currencies		113	4,781,683
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	7	<u>201,783,670</u>	<u>671,588,290</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

FS4

Notes to the financial statements

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 25 August 2017.

1 Domicile and activities

GLL IHT Pte. Ltd. (the Company) is incorporated in the Republic of Singapore and has its registered office at 1 Wallich Street, #31-01, Singapore 078881.

The principal activity of the Company is that relating to the provision of financial and treasury services to its immediate holding company and related corporations.

The immediate holding company is GuocoLand Limited, a company incorporated in the Republic of Singapore and the ultimate holding company is Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia.

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS").

2.2 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as otherwise described in the notes below.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Singapore dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with FRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

2.5 Measurement of fair values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. All valuations are reviewed by the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), who has overall responsibility for all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values.

The CFO reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair value, then the finance team assesses the evidence obtained from the third party to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of FRS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy which the resulting fair value estimate should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the Company uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorised in different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement (with Level 3 being the lowest).

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in note 18 – Financial risk management.

2.6 Changes in accounting policies

The Company has adopted all new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that are mandatory for application for the financial year to the extent that they are relevant to the Company. The adoption of the new or revised FRSs and INT FRS that are relevant to the Company had no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior financial years.

3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements and have been applied consistently by the Company.

3.1 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the Company's functional currency at the exchange rate at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the end of reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortised cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the year, adjusted for effective interest and payments during the year, and the amortised cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the year.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items in a foreign currency that are measured in terms of historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 Plant and equipment

Items of plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Subsequent expenditure relating to plant and equipment that has already been recognised is added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing asset, will flow to the Company. All other subsequent expenditure is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Depreciation is based on the costs of asset less its residual value. Significant components of individual assets are assessed and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of that asset, that component is depreciated separately.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight line method to write off the cost of plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Computer equipment	2 years
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The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted if appropriate.

3.3 Financial instruments

Non-derivative financial assets

The Company initially recognises loans and receivables on the date that they are originated. All other financial assets are recognised initially on the trade date, which is the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred, or it neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred asset. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Company classifies non-derivative financial assets into the loans and receivables category.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Loans and receivables comprise amounts due from immediate holding company, other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and bank deposits.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Company initially recognises debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial liabilities are recognised initially on the trade date, which is the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Company classifies non-derivative financial liabilities into the other financial liabilities category. Such financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities comprise other payables and loans and borrowings.

Derivative financial instruments

The Company holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its interest rate and foreign currency risk exposures.

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value; any attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes in their fair value are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(i) Perpetual securities

The perpetual securities do not have a maturity date and coupon payment is optional at the discretion of the Company. As the repayment of the principal and any accrued distribution is contingent on certain trigger events, of which an event is not within the control of the Company, the perpetual securities are classified as a financial liability.

Any distributions made are treated as interest expense and are recognised in the profit or loss using the effective interest method.

3.4 Impairment

Non-derivative financial assets

A financial asset not carried at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event has a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets (including equity securities) are impaired can include default or delinquency by a debtor, restructuring of an amount due to the Company on terms that the Company would not consider otherwise, indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy, adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers or economic conditions that correlate with defaults or the disappearance of an active market for a security.

Loans and receivables

The Company considers evidence of impairment for loans and receivables and at both a specific asset and collective level. All individually significant loans and receivables are assessed for specific impairment. All individually significant receivables found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Loans and receivables that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and receivables with similar risk characteristics.

In assessing collective impairment, the Company uses historical trends of the probability of default, timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgement as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical trends.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against loans and receivables. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised. When the Company considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the assets' recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit ("CGU") exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

3.5 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

3.6 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

All short-term employee benefits, including accumulated compensated absences, are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which related services are rendered by employees.

3.7 Revenue

Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

Treasury service income

Treasury service income is recognised in profit or loss when services are rendered to related corporations.

3.8 Finance costs

Borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

3.9 Tax expense

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

The measurement of deferred taxes reflects the tax consequences that would follow the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

In determining the amount of current and deferred tax, the Company takes into account the impact of uncertain tax positions and whether additional taxes and interest may be due. The Company believes that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open tax years based on its assessment of many factors, including interpretations of tax law and prior experience. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of judgements about future events. New information may become available that causes the Company to change its judgement regarding the adequacy of existing tax liabilities; such changes to tax liabilities will impact tax expense in the period that such a determination is made.

3.10 New standards and interpretations not adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2016 and earlier application is permitted; however, the Company has not early applied the following new or amended standards in preparing these statements.

For those new standards and amendments to standards that are expected to have an effect on the financial statements of the Company in future financial periods, the Company is in the process of assessing the transition options and the potential impact on its financial statements.

Applicable to financial statements for year ending 30 June 2019

FRS 109 replaces most of the existing guidance in FRS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. It includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and de-recognition of financial instruments from FRS39.

FRS 109 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 with retrospective application, with early adoption permitted. Management is currently reviewing the impact of the standard on the financial statements of the Company.

4 Plant and equipment

	Computer equipment \$
Cost	
At 1 July 2015	10,949
Addition	261
At 30 June 2016	11,210
Disposal	(1,584)
Written off	(651)
At 30 June 2017	8,975
Accumulated depreciation	
At 1 July 2015	8,958
Depreciation charge for the year	1,649
At 30 June 2016	10,607
Depreciation charge for the year	591
Disposal	(1,583)
Written off	(650)
At 30 June 2017	8,965
Carrying amounts	
At 1 July 2015	1,991
At 30 June 2016	603
At 30 June 2017	10

5 Amounts due from related corporations

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Amounts due from related corporations	1,795,440,125	1,341,699,196

The amounts due from related corporations are unsecured and management of the parties involved do not intend for the amounts to be repaid within the next twelve months. The amounts bore interest ranging from 4.00% to 7.30% (2016: 4.00%) per annum at the reporting date. The interest rates are repriced semi-annually.

6 Other receivables

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Interest receivable	40,314	573,249
Prepayments	–	14,171
Others	45,406	–
	<u>85,720</u>	<u>587,420</u>

7 Cash and cash equivalents

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Cash and bank balances		
- S\$ balances	6,486,778	662,641
- US\$ balances	46,886	37,387
- MYR balances	3,718	–
- RMB balances	2,079	–
Short-term deposits with banks		
- S\$ balances	195,237,127	263,423,247
- GBP balances	–	98,309
- US\$ balances	7,082	407,366,706
	<u>201,783,670</u>	<u>671,588,290</u>

The short-term deposits have a maturity bands of one to six months.

8 Share capital

	2017	2016
	No. of shares	No. of shares
Fully paid ordinary shares, with no par value:		
At 1 July and 30 June	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>10,000,000</u>

The holder of ordinary shares is entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and is entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

Capital management

The Company's primary objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. As the Company is part of a larger group, the Company's sources of additional capital and policies for distribution of excess capital are governed and managed by the GuocoLand Group. Capital consists of share capital, accumulated profits, amounts due to related corporations and loans and borrowings.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

9 Deferred tax liabilities

Movement in deferred tax liabilities during the year is as follows:

	At 1 July 2015 \$	Charged to profit or loss (note 16) \$	At 1 July 2016 \$	Charged to profit or loss (note 16) \$	At 30 June 2017 \$
Loans and borrowings – unamortised upfront fees	1,887,444	(1,317,695)	569,749	244,500	814,249

10 Loans and borrowings

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Repayable within 1 year:		
- S\$ floating rate bank loans	12,037,778	18,400,000
- S\$ fixed rate bank loans	184,970,833	99,947,917
- S\$ fixed rate medium-term notes	274,940,716	284,728,558
	<u>471,949,327</u>	<u>403,076,475</u>
Repayable between 2 to 5 years:		
- S\$ fixed rate bank loans	49,440,625	234,823,959
- S\$ fixed rate medium-term notes	951,768,043	647,231,564
- HK\$ fixed rate medium-term notes	70,746,471	–
	<u>1,071,955,139</u>	<u>882,055,523</u>
	<u>1,543,904,466</u>	<u>1,285,131,998</u>

The interest rates for the unsecured bank loans at the reporting date range from 1.62% to 3.39% (2016: 1.41% to 3.39%) per annum. The bank loans are guaranteed by the immediate holding company.

The unsecured fixed rate medium-term notes have tenors between 1 to 5 years. The interest rates at the reporting date range from 3.40% to 4.35% (2016: 3.40% to 5.00%) per annum. The medium-term notes are guaranteed by the immediate holding company.

The unsecured fixed rate perpetual securities bore distributions at a rate of 4.7% per annum for the period from 27 May 2013 to 26 May 2016. The distribution rate was subject to reset on 27 May 2016 in accordance with the relevant terms and conditions of the perpetual securities. Distributions were cumulative and payable semi-annually at the option of the Company. The perpetual securities had no fixed maturity and were redeemable at the option of the Company on or after 27 May 2016 at their principal amount together with any unpaid distributions. The perpetual securities were guaranteed by the immediate holding company.

In previous financial year, the Company made a distribution of \$9.4 million on the perpetual securities in respect of the period from 27 May 2015 to 26 May 2016. The perpetual securities were fully redeemed on 27 May 2016.

11 Derivatives

	2017 \$	2016 \$
<u>Derivative assets</u>		
Current		
Foreign exchange contracts	—	918,924
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<u>Derivative liabilities</u>		
Non-current		
Cross currency interest rate swaps	6,187,551	—
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Current		
Foreign exchange contracts	11,388	676,655
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	6,198,939	676,655

Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The disclosures set out in the tables below include financial assets and financial liabilities that:

- are offset in the Company's statement of financial position; or
- are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement that covers similar financial instruments, irrespective of whether they are offset in the statement of financial position.

The Company's derivative transactions that are not transacted on an exchange are entered into under International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Netting Agreements. In general, under such agreements the amounts owed by each counterparty that are due on a single day in respect of all transactions outstanding in the same currency under the agreement are aggregated into a single net amount being payable by one party to the other. In certain circumstances, for example when a credit event such as a default occurs, all outstanding transactions under the agreement are terminated, the termination value is assessed and only a single net amount is due or payable in settlement of all transactions.

The above ISDA and similar master netting arrangements do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the statement of financial position. This is because they create a right of set-off of recognised amounts that is enforceable only following an event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparties. In addition, the Company and its counterparties do not intend to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

The tables below set out financial assets and liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets \$	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities offset in the statement of financial position \$	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the statement of financial position \$	Related financial instruments that are offset \$	Net amount \$
2017					
Financial liabilities					
Derivative financial liabilities					
- Cross currency interest rate swaps	(6,187,551)	–	(6,187,551)	–	(6,187,551)
- Foreign exchange contracts	(11,388)	–	(11,388)	–	(11,388)
	<u>(6,198,939)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(6,198,939)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(6,198,939)</u>
2016					
Financial assets					
Derivative financial assets					
- Foreign exchange contracts	918,924	–	918,924	(561,659)	357,265
	<u>918,924</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>918,924</u>	<u>(561,659)</u>	<u>357,265</u>
Financial liabilities					
Derivative financial liabilities					
- Foreign exchange contracts	(676,655)	–	(676,655)	561,659	(114,996)
	<u>(676,655)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(676,655)</u>	<u>561,659</u>	<u>(114,996)</u>

12 Amounts due to immediate holding company

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Amounts due to immediate holding company:		
- interest-free	102,090,713	314,800,499
	<u>102,090,713</u>	<u>314,800,499</u>

The amounts due to immediate holding company are unsecured and repayable on demand.

13 Other payables

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Accrued operating expenses	5,000	5,000
Liability for employee benefits	106,036	89,627
Interest payable on loans and borrowings	16,131,505	13,387,164
Amounts due to related corporations:		
- interest-free	74,369,280	169,924,516
- interest-bearing	228,360,553	236,553,639
	<u>318,972,374</u>	<u>419,959,946</u>

The amounts due to related corporations are unsecured and repayable on demand. As at the reporting date, the interest-bearing amounts due to related corporations bore interest of 4.35% (2016: 4.35%) per annum. The interest rates were repriced semi-annually.

14 Revenue

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Interest income:		
- immediate holding company	–	3,545,989
- related corporations	68,369,925	53,180,012
- deposits with banks	3,977,386	7,058,953
Treasury service income from related corporations	543,000	518,000
	<u>72,890,311</u>	<u>64,302,954</u>

15 Profit/(loss) before tax

The following items have been included in arriving at profit/(loss) before tax:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
(a) Administrative expenses		
Staff costs		
- wages, salaries and benefits	444,930	322,562
- contributions to defined contribution plan	52,554	42,396
- liability for short-term accumulating compensated absences	1,739	4,612
	499,223	369,570
Depreciation of plant and equipment	591	1,649
Operating lease expenses paid to a related corporation	128,856	101,515
Management fees paid to related corporations	64,200	142,922
(b) Other (income)/expense		
Mark-to-market gain on interest rate swaps	–	(483,667)
Mark-to-market loss/(gain) on foreign exchange contracts	6,441,208	(736,845)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(32,994,870)	3,308,861
	<u>(26,553,662)</u>	<u>2,088,349</u>

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
(c) Finance costs		
Interest expense paid and payable to:		
- related corporation	9,847,723	6,108,587
- banks	15,273,087	16,276,180
- medium-term note holders	39,139,238	51,417,282
- perpetual securities	–	9,130,815
	<u>64,260,048</u>	<u>82,932,864</u>

16 Tax (expense)/credit

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
(a) Current tax		
Current year tax	(1,865,001)	–
Under provision in respect of prior year	–	(34,329)
	<u>(1,865,001)</u>	<u>(34,329)</u>
(b) Deferred tax		
Movement in temporary differences	(244,500)	1,317,695
	<u>(2,109,501)</u>	<u>1,283,366</u>
(c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
Profit/(loss) before tax	<u>31,917,699</u>	<u>(21,516,186)</u>
Tax calculated using the Singapore tax rate of 17% (2016:17%)	5,426,009	(3,657,752)
Non-deductible expenses	1,809	281
Tax exempt income	(35,925)	–
Under provision in respect of prior year	–	34,329
Non-chargeable income	–	(456,838)
Recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses	(3,281,915)	–
Effect of unrecognised tax losses	–	2,796,614
Others	(477)	–
	<u>2,109,501</u>	<u>(1,283,366)</u>

As at 30 June 2016, unutilised capital allowances and tax losses of approximately \$19,849,584, of which \$544,204, were transferred to certain related corporations under the Group Relief System, subject to compliance with the relevant rules and procedures and agreement of Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore.

17 Key management personnel

The remuneration of the Company's key management personnel is borne by its related corporation.

18 Financial risk management

Financial risk management objectives and policies

Exposure to credit, liquidity and market risks (including interest rate and foreign currency risks) arises in the normal course of the Company's business. The Company follows GuocoLand Limited's risk management policies and guidelines, which set out its overall business strategies and its general risk management philosophy.

Risk management is carried out by the Company under policies approved by GuocoLand Limited's Executive Committee ("Executive Committee). The Executive Committee provides principles and guidelines for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, use of derivative financial instruments and investing excess liquidity.

Derivative financial instruments are used to reduce exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates or interest rates. While these are subject to the risks of market rates changing subsequent to the execution of the derivative financial instruments, such changes are generally offset by opposite effects on the exposure being hedged.

The Company's accounting policies in relation to the derivative financial instruments are set out in Note 3.3.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if counterparties to financial instruments fail to meet their contractual obligations. Transactions involving derivative financial instruments are allowed only with counterparties that are of high credit quality. Cash is placed with regulated financial institutions.

As at the reporting date, there is no significant concentration of credit risk other than the amounts from related corporations. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position.

Liquidity risk

The Company monitors its liquidity risk by actively managing its debt portfolio and operating cash flows to ensure that all refinancing, repayments and funding requirements of the Company's operations are met. The Company maintains a sufficient level of cash and cash equivalents to meet its working capital requirements.

The immediate holding company has also given an undertaking to provide such funds as may be required from time to time to enable the Company to meet its debt obligations as and when they fall due.

The following are the contractual undiscounted cash outflows of financial liabilities, including interest payments:

			Contractual cash flows		
	Note	Carrying amount \$	Total cash flows \$	Within 1 year \$	Within 2 to 5 years \$
2017					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Loans and borrowings	10	(1,543,904,466)	(1,708,559,894)	(520,090,452)	(1,188,469,442)
Other payables*	13	(318,866,338)	(318,866,338)	(318,866,338)	–
Amount due to immediate holding company	12	(102,090,713)	(102,090,713)	(102,090,713)	–
Derivative financial liabilities					
Cross currency interest rate swaps		(6,187,551)	(27,951,039)	(6,520,363)	(21,430,676)
Foreign exchange contracts	11	(11,388)	(11,420)	(11,420)	–
		<u>(1,971,060,456)</u>	<u>(2,157,479,404)</u>	<u>(947,579,286)</u>	<u>(1,209,900,118)</u>
2016					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Loans and borrowings	10	(1,285,131,998)	(1,369,319,145)	(444,284,793)	(925,034,352)
Other payables*	13	(419,870,319)	(419,870,319)	(419,870,319)	–
Amount due to immediate holding company	12	(314,800,499)	(314,800,499)	(314,800,499)	–
Derivative financial liabilities					
Foreign exchange contracts	11	(676,655)	(677,137)	(677,137)	–
		<u>(2,020,479,471)</u>	<u>(2,104,667,100)</u>	<u>(1,179,632,748)</u>	<u>(925,034,352)</u>

* Excludes liability for employee benefits

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

(i) Interest rate risk

The Company's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to interest-earning financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities.

The Company evaluates, recommends and carries out hedge strategies that have been approved by the Executive Committee. The management of interest rate risk is reported and reviewed by the Executive Committee on a monthly basis. To manage the overall finance cost, the Company may use interest rate swaps to hedge its interest rate exposure.

Exposure to interest rate risk

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments are as follows:

	Nominal amount	
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial assets	195,244,209	670,888,262
Financial liabilities	(1,536,000,000)	(1,270,000,000)
	<u>(1,340,755,791)</u>	<u>(599,111,738)</u>
Variable rate instruments		
Financial assets	1,795,440,125	1,341,699,196
Financial liabilities	(12,690,000)	(18,400,000)
	<u>1,782,750,125</u>	<u>1,323,299,196</u>

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, and the Company does not designate derivatives (interest rate swaps) as hedging instruments under a fair value hedge accounting model. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

An increase in the interest rates by 60 (2016: 47) basis points at the reporting date would increase the profit before tax by \$9,410,577 (2016: \$6,219,506). This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant and does not take into account the effects of interest rate swaps or any associated tax effects. A decrease in the interest rates would have an equal but opposite effect.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency exposure arises mainly from the normal course of the Company's business. Management's policy seeks to minimise adverse effect on the financial performance as a result of volatility in foreign exchange rates. Hedging strategies are reviewed and monitored on a monthly basis.

As at the reporting date, the Company had entered into forward exchange contracts and cross currency interest rate swaps with a notional amount of \$97,131,538 (2016: \$186,407,645) and \$197,160,807 (2016: Nil) respectively, to hedge the Guocoland Group's foreign exchange exposure. The fair value of the forward exchange contracts and cross currency interest rate swaps at the reporting date was a net liability of \$11,388 (2016: asset of \$242,269) and \$6,187,551 (2016: Nil) respectively.

The Company is exposed to United States (US) Dollars, Chinese Renminbi (RMB) and Hong Kong Dollars (HKD). The Company's exposure to US Dollars as at reporting date is as follows:

	US Dollar \$	Chinese Renminbi \$	Hong Kong Dollar \$
2017			
Amount due from related corporations	–	214,320,641	–
Cash and cash equivalents	53,968	–	–
Loans and borrowings	–	–	(70,746,471)
Other payables	–	(228,360,553)	–
Net exposure in the statement of financial position	53,968	(14,039,912)	(70,746,471)
Forward exchange contracts	–	(97,131,538)	–
Cross currency interest rate swaps	–	(197,160,807)	71,000,000
Total exposure	53,968	(308,332,257)	253,529
2016			
Cash and cash equivalents	407,404,093	–	–
Other payables	–	(236,553,639)	–
Net exposure in the statement of financial position	407,404,093	(236,553,639)	–
Forward exchange contracts	186,407,645	–	–
Total exposure	593,811,738	(236,553,639)	–

Sensitivity analysis

A strengthening of the following foreign currencies against the functional currencies at the reporting date would increase or (decrease) the profit or loss by the amounts shown below. There is no impact on the other components of equity. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and does not take into account the associated tax effects and share of non-controlling interests.

Functional currencies	Foreign currencies	Rate of increase in foreign currencies	Profit before tax \$
2017			
SGD	USD	1.66%	896
SGD	RMB	1.50%	(1,967,713)
SGD	HKD	1.33%	(940,928)
2016			
SGD	USD	0.05%	296,906
SGD	RMB	2.22%	(5,251,491)

A weakening of the above foreign currencies against the functional currencies would have an equal but opposite effect.

Accounting classifications and fair values

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy are as follows. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

		← Carrying amount →		Fair value				
	Note	Fair value through profit or loss \$	Loans and receivables \$	Other financial liabilities \$	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
2017								
Financial assets not measured at fair value								
Other receivables [#]	6	-	85,720	-				85,720
Cash and cash equivalents	7	-	201,783,670	-				201,783,670
		-	201,869,390	-				201,869,390
Financial liabilities measured at fair value								
Derivative financial liabilities								
- Cross currency interest rate swaps	11	6,187,551	-	-	-	6,187,551	-	6,187,551
- Forward exchange contracts	11	11,388	-	-	-	11,388	-	11,388
		6,198,939	-	-	-			6,198,939
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value								
Amounts due to immediate holding company	12	-	102,090,713	-				102,090,713
Other payables*	13	-	-	318,866,338				318,866,338
Loans and borrowings	10	-	-	1,543,904,466	-	1,544,846,559	-	1,544,846,559
		-	102,090,713	1,862,770,804	-			1,964,861,517

Excludes prepayments

* Excludes liability for employee benefits

		← Carrying amount →		Fair value				
		Fair value through profit or loss \$	Loans and receivables \$	Other financial liabilities \$	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Note								
2016								
Financial assets measured at fair value								
Derivative financial assets								
- Forward exchange contracts	13	918,924	-	-	-	918,924	-	918,924
		918,924	-	-		918,924		
Financial assets not measured at fair value								
Other receivables [#]	6	-	573,249	-				573,249
Cash and cash equivalents	7	-	671,588,290	-				671,588,290
		-	672,161,539	-				672,161,539
Financial liabilities measured at fair value								
Derivative financial liabilities								
- Forward exchange contracts	11	676,655	-	-	-	676,655	-	676,655
		676,655	-	-		676,655		
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value								
Amounts due to immediate holding company	12	-	314,800,499	-				314,800,499
Other payables*	13	-	-	419,870,319				419,870,319
Loans and borrowings	10	-	-	1,285,131,998	-	1,284,278,162	-	1,284,278,162
		-	314,800,499	1,705,002,317				2,019,802,816
		liability				employee		benefits

[#] Excludes prepayments

* Excluding

(i) Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 fair values.

Financial instruments measured at fair value

Type	Valuation technique
Forward exchange contracts and cross currency interest rate swaps	<i>Market comparison technique:</i> The fair values are based on broker quotes. Similar contracts are traded in an active market and the quotes reflect the actual transactions in similar instruments.

Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Type	Valuation technique
Loans and borrowings	<i>Discounted cash flow method:</i> The valuation model considers the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the measurement date.

(ii) Transfers between Level 1 and 2

There were no transfers between levels during the financial year.